The New-York Times.

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CHARTER ELECTION.

WHO ARE TO BE OUR CITY RULERS.

Candidates for the Common Council and School Officers.

WHO THEY ARE AND WHAT THEY ARE.

The second election under the new Charter of New-York will take place on the first Tuesday in December, (one week from to-morrow,) and we have compiled from authentic sources a list of the various candidates already in the field. A few more nominations for minor offices have yet to be made, but the Municipal candidates are now before the people, and our list, as far as it goes, will be found complete and accurate. The offices to be filled are those of Comptroller, two Governors of the Almshouse, nine Aldermen, the entire Board of Councilmen, numbering twenty-four members, a School Commissioner, a School Inspector, two School Trustees, and two Constables from each Ward. The four political parties—Tammany and Anti-Tammany Democrats, Republicans and Americans—will all have their candidates in the field; but besides these there are nominees of the People's and of the Taxpayers' Parties, and divers other aspirants for civic honors who intend to run independent of party ties and party organization. So far, there are in the field four candidates for Comptroller, four for Governors of the Almshouse, fifty for Aldermen, and twice that number for Councilmen; about ninety for School Commissioners, as many for School Inspectors; about one hundred and sixty for School Trustees, and nearly the same number for Ward Constables—making altogether about six hundred and fifty candidates who will solicit the favor of the people of New-York at the approaching election.

We have been at some trouble to collect facts in relation to the past history of all these candidates. Some have no history at all, and the history of others it has been almost impossible to ascertain. But from the personal sketches of the leading candidates, which we give below, our readers will be able to learn something, at least, of the men who are about to solicit their votes. We shall endeavor to complete these descriptive sketches as soon as possible, and shall be glad to receive from authentic and responsible sources any corrections to our present list, and any additional information that may be of interest in regard to the candidates.

FOR COMPTROLLER.

The office of Comptroller of the City of New-York, to be filled at the approaching election, is one of the most important in the City Government. The Department of Finance, of which the Comptroller is the head, is one which has control of all the fiscal concerns of the Corporation. This department prescribes the forms of keeping and rendering all City accounts, and its officers are obliged to inspect and revise all accounts rendered to or kept in the other departments of the City Government. For such an office the first and paramount qualification is honesty; the second, ability. The Comptroller is elected for four years, and the present incumbent, Azariah C. Flagg, Esq., retires from the position at an advanced age and with no desire to enter the field as a candidate for reëlection. The four principal political parties have already made their nominations for this important office. They are as follows:

Tammany Democrats............George H. Purser.
Anti-Tammany Democrats........Stephen P. Russell.
Republicans..................Robert T. Haws.
Americans....................Robert T. Haws.
People's Party...............Robert T. Haws.

SKETCHES OF THE CANDIDATES.

Mr. Purser is the regular Democratic candidate for the office of Comptroller. He is a man of sharp intellect, great industry and plausible and easy manners. He is a native of England, came here when a boy 15 years of age, and for some time was employed as clerk in the drug-store of John M. Bradhurst & Co. He soon left this pursuit for the more attractive business of politics, which he has ever since followed with steady, unwavering and well-rewarded devotion. In 1846 he was elected Alderman, and in 1852 and 1855 ran for Comptroller, but was defeated. Two years ago he was appointed Corporation Attorney, and holds that office still. He has spent a large portion of his time at Albany, lobbying with the Legislature, partly for private interests and conspicuously whenever any amendments or changes were to be made in the City Charter. Probably no single person in the City or the State has had more influence in shaping the various amendments which have, at various times, been made in that instrument than he. Many of these changes are undoubtedly improvements, but as a whole the present system, especially in everything relating to *financial responsibility and efficiency*, is a lamentable failure. Mr. Purser took a very active interest in drafting and modifying this particular portion of the Charter, and to him, more than any other man, we probably owe that complicated and inextricable interweaving of the parts of the system which renders it *perfect* for all purposes of fraud, and which puts reform in its practical management hopelessly beyond the reach of the people, so long as experienced, skillful and determined depredators upon the treasury are entrusted with its control. Mr. Purser has great ability and a thorough knowledge of the City Constitution and Government. If it were largely for his personal and political interest to do so, and if his relations to his Party and other friends would permit it, few men could render more efficient service than he in reforming the abuses and checking the corruption which degrade and disgrace us. But, on the contrary, no man could more thoroughly defy all other departments of the Government which should endeavor either to detect or to stop malpractice that might exist under his administration. Mr. Purser is a professional politician, seeking his personal and pecuniary fortune in his direction; his whole career in connection with public affairs establishes this fact beyond dispute, and probably he himself would not care to deny it. His devotion to the public is always secondary and subordinate to his own success, and the reward of his Party friends. If he is elected, therefore, we shall probably have more method, greater energy, with much less self-denying honesty and regard for the public welfare, than have marked its administration under Comptroller Flagg.

The first nominee of the Anti-Tammany Democrats, or People's and Regulars' party, for the Comptrollership was Joseph T. Souter, Esq., and when that gentleman declined in consequence of impaired health, Stephen P. Russell was nominated in his stead. Mr. Russell is of Irish descent and was born in Lancaster County, Penn., in the year 1818. He graduated with honor in the Pennsylvania University in 1839, and the following year came to this City, where he has resided ever since. Bred to the profession of the law, Mr. Russell first accepted a situation in the Custom-House, and after he resigned that position he opened practice as Revenue-Law adjuster. Mr. Russell was a politician of the hard stripe in the memorable contest between the two Democratic factions. He was Chairman of the Young Men's Democratic General Committee at Stuyvesant Institute and was succeeded by Chas. G. Gunther. A slanderous report having been circulated against him to the effect that he was engaged in Philadelphia in 1840 in the Native American proscription of that city, and in the burning of the property of Catholic citizens, Mr. Russell, in accepting his nomination denied all sympathy with any such outrage and avowed his possession of documentary evidence sufficient to satisfy any man of the falsehood of the charge brought against him. He is said to be a man of ability, natural and legal,—upright and beyond reproach in his personal character, and one who would go quite as far as his party would permit in excluding all party considerations from his administration of the City government.

Robert M. T. Haws, the Republican and American candidate, is a merchant of fair means, of sharp strong mind, great firmness of character, and of personal integrity beyond suspicion or reproach. He has been for many years an active politician, first as a Whig, and more recently as a Republican, but we believe he has never permitted his feelings as a partisan to overrule or override his duties and obligations as a citizen. Aside from his personal character, it is claimed that the election of Mr. Haws to be Comptroller would be of special service, because his position would enable him to make a clean sweep of the hangers-on of the office through whose malign influence the abuses by which it has been distinguished have been mainly practised. Mr. Flagg, with the best and most upright intentions in the world, has been completely powerless in the hands of the men who surround him and control the office:—and to a certain extent, any man who might come in under the same party auspices would undoubtedly be hampered and embarrassed in the same way. Mr. Haws would be subject to no such obligations, and would encounter no such difficulties in his attempt at reform. In everything relating to personal character and business ability he is certainly an unexceptionable candidate. He was for three or four years a member of the Board of Aldermen, and was never absent, for a single meeting, from his seat. He began his business career as a clerk, became confidential book-keeper and manager, and afterwards a leading partner in the firm. He has now retired from active business, although still connected with a house in a Western city.

Mr. John B. Leveridge, who was the nominee of the "Peoples' Party," is a gentleman of high standing and reputation. He was nominated President of the Chatham Bank three or four years ago, when that institution was in considerable embarrassment. He managed the affairs of the Chatham Bank until this year, when, at a recent election of officers the opposition ticket against him was successful, and he was left out of the direction. Mr. Leveridge is an elderly man, a member of the bar, and, though he has never mixed in politics, is, we believe, a Democrat. About ten years ago he held the office of Corporation Counsel. He has declined the nomination, and Mr. Haws has been selected in his place.

FOR GOVERNOR OF THE ALMSHOUSE.

There are ten Governors of the Almshouse, of whom two are elected every year. Their term of office is for five years. The mode of proceeding is prescribed by special statute passed in 1849. There is only one candidate for Governor actually elected, but it is the duty of the Mayor to appoint the person who shall have received the next highest number of votes as another Governor. These two Governors enter upon the discharge of their duties on the 1st of January succeeding the election. The retiring Governors, whose places have now to be supplied, are Isaac Townsend and the lately-deceased C. V. Anderson. Both were renominated for office by different parties; but Mr. Anderson declined only a few days before his death. The following are the candidates:

Tammany Democrats..........Isaac Townsend.
Anti-Tammany Democrats.....James Lynch.
Republicans................Charles Brueninghausen.
Americans..................Frederick C. Wagner.

PERSONAL SKETCHES.

Isaac Townsend, the Tammany candidate for reëlection to the office of Governor of the Almshouse, a post to which he was nominated by the state at the first organization of that Board, and to which he has been since elected by the people, his tenure of office not having yet expired, has long been one of the most prominent citizens of New-York. So far back as 1753 his grandfather was engaged in business in this City, and although, during the temporary absence of his parents from New-York at the period of his birth he first saw the light in Orange County, he insists that that accident should not deprive him of the honor of being a veritable New-Yorker. For many years he was a member of the firm of Townsend & Brothers, dry goods merchants in Nassau-street; but having acquired a handsome fortune, he has now retired from business life, except in his public official duties, to which he has always devoted unwearied attention. In politics he is a Democrat. Some twelve years ago, Mr. Townsend was appointed a member of the Board of Education. This was the only office he had ever held previous to his becoming a Governor of the Almshouse. He is at present Vice-President of the Bank of the State of New-York and a City Director for the New-York Central Road. His personal friends are numerous, and they esteem him, outside of all political considerations, for his sterling integrity and honest independence of character.

James Lynch, the Anti-Tammany Democratic candidate, is a native of Ireland. He came to this country when but a lad, intent on making his fortune. Being not overburdened with means, he felt the necessity of finding something to do, and, accordingly, bound himself apprentice to a brass-finisher, whom he served faithfully until his term had expired. His industry and enterprise, aided by thrifty habits, enabled him, in the course of a few years, to set up in business for himself, in which he has prospered so well that he may now be regarded as a wealthy man. His foundry is at No. 23 Elm-street. He lives in Marion-street, and owns considerable property there, as well as in Adams-street and Forty-second-street; he is, consequently, a tax-payer. Mr. Lynch is not much of a politician. He has never before been a candidate for a Municipal office, though it is said that he has been repeatedly solicited to allow himself to be run for Alderman in the Fourteenth Ward. For the last two years, however, he has held the office of School Trustee. He married at an early age, and now, in the prime of life, sees himself surrounded by a numerous and promising family. He is a Roman Catholic.

Charles Brueninghausen, the Republican candidate for Governor of the Almshouse, is a German by birth, but has resided for several years in this country. He is a physician by profession, and enjoys an extended practice, especially among his own countrymen. Having ardently adopted the principles of the Republican Party, he enjoys the confidence of its adherents, and is warmly supported by them. As he has never yet held any public office, he is an untried man, but his friends have full confidence in his honesty, industry and ability. He is about 40 years of age.

Frederick C. Wagner, the candidate of the American Party, is the only son of a highly respectable merchant of this City. His father died at New-Orleans, in the epidemic of 1836, when he was quite young, and he was left to the care of his grandmother, who resided in this City. He entered the store of Mr. Horace H. Day, dealer in India rubber goods, No. 23 Cortlandt-street, as errand boy, when he was 10 years old, and there he has remained ever since. He is now the head business man of the establishment, and receives a share of the profits. He is 38 years old. He joined the United Americans as soon as he arrived at the age of political discretion, and has been a member of the Order ever since. He has been presiding officer of one of the Chapters and of the General Grand Chapter of the United States. He joined the present American Party when it was first started, and has been a member of the American General Committee ever since the Committee was organized. He was a delegate to the American Nominating Convention at Philadelphia in 1856.

CANDIDATES FOR ALDERMEN.

The City of New-York is divided into seventeen Aldermanic Districts, each of which is represented by one member whose term of office is two years. The Aldermen from Districts having an even numerical designation and those from Districts having an odd numerical designation are elected alternately every year. At the approaching election the *nine* from the *odd Wards* are to be chosen. As the limits of the Aldermanic Districts are not very generally known, the following information concerning the division of these Districts from which Aldermen are, this year, to be chosen, may be found useful. The First District is composed of the First and Second, the majority of the Third and small portions of the Fourth and Sixth Wards; the Third includes a small portion of the Third and the lower half of the Eighth Wards; the Fifth is composed of the upper half of the Eighth and the lower halves of the Ninth and Fifteenth Wards; the Seventh, of the upper halves of the Fifteenth and of the Ninth Wards; the Ninth is the Sixteenth Ward; the Eleventh, the Twentieth Ward; the Thirteenth the Twenty-second Ward; the Fifteenth the Twenty-first Ward; and the Seventeenth the Twelfth Ward. The following table exhibits the candidates already in the field:

District.	Tammany.	Anti-Tammany.
I.	Wm. N. Brown.	John E. Enright.
III.	John T. Henry	Peter Crawford.
V.	Peter Duffy.	Peter Duffy.
VII.	Richard B. Fosdick.	Solomon T. Banta.
IX.	Adam Lilbourne.	Samuel Osgood.
XI.	Wm. J. Peck.	James Connolly.
XIII.	Nicholas Seagrist	Nicholas Seagrist.
XV.	James Mahoney	John D. Homerque.
XVII.	Henry W. Genet	Samuel W. Galpin.
	Republican.	American.
I.	Henry Smith	Hiram Corwin.
II.	Theo. A. Ward	Jeremiah Besson.
V.	John H. Brady.	John H. Brady.
VII.	Geo. Starr.	A. M. C. Smith.
IX.	Robert L. Daragh.	Hiram M. Forrester. Jas. W. Ranney.
XI.	E. Harrison Reed.	
XIII.	Charles Wilmot	
XV.	James Owens. Wm. Haw, Jr.	James Owens.
XVII.	James Davis.	James Davis.
	Tax payers.	Independent.
I.		James Ryan. Richard M. Tyson. Michael Burns.
III.	Sohn Styles.	Jeremiah Besson.
V.	Jas. Webb.	
VII.		Asher Skilling.
IX.		Thos. Kenzie.
XI.	Daniel B. Peck	Gen. Wm. Hall.
XIII.	Adolphus Andreas	Henry L. Bulkley.
XV.	Jas. Owens	
XVII.	Daniel Devlin	

SKETCHES OF THE CANDIDATES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

[*First, Second, and parts of the Third, Fourth and Sixth Wards.*]

Wm. N. Brown, the candidate of the Tammany Hall branch of the Democracy, is a native of this City, and is now about 36 years of age. He was for many years a carman in the lower Wards, and was employed in that capacity by Ex-Mayor Mickle. He had a fair reputation for industry and integrity. He was always more or less addicted to politics, and gradually abandoned his business for more exciting pursuits. He succeeded Dunlop in the "Pewter Mug," a drinking-shop greatly in favor with the Democrats, who have expressed their sense of his services to the Party and the community by nominating him for Alderman. Mr. Brown is a tax-payer.

John E. Enright is the candidate of that branch o the Democracy known as "The People's," and also of the "Regulars," or Fernando Wood faction. He is an Irishman, but has long been a resident of this City, mainly in the First Ward. He has had a variety of occupations and some vicissitudes. He was an emigrant runner for nearly ten years—then kept a "booking office," for selling strangers tickets to California, and has been several times arraigned in the Police Courts for swindling persons whom he had induced to purchase of him. He now keeps an emigrant boarding-house, a class of establishments which give the police a good deal of unpleasant business. He has for years been one of the most active, indefatigable and efficient working Democrats in the First Ward. He has been a firm supporter of Mayor Wood and Judge Russell, and his services have been remembered with gratitude by both those distinguished public officers. On the day of the last charter election, Enright committed a desperate assault upon a Mr. Duffy, of the First Ward—knocked down and beat the policeman who came to arrest him, was taken before Judge Russell, and was fined by that high-minded and inflexible magistrate *the sum of one dollar* for both assaults. Probably there is not a candidate on the list whose election would reflect more disgrace on the City than Enright. He is not a tax-payer.

Henry Smith, the Republican candidate, is a native about 48 years of age, and is agent for the Albany and Troy line of tow-boats. He has served in the Board of Councilmen, to which he was elected by the united vote of the Americans and Reformers of the First Ward. Without any special qualifications for public life, he enjoys a fair reputation for personal integrity. He is a tax-payer.

Hiram Corwin, who is the candidate of the Americans, has served one term in the Board of Aldermen, as the representative of the Second Ward. He was formerly a bar-keeper in a saloon under Fulton Market, and is now Street Inspector of the Second Ward. He has no special fitness for the position of Alderman, which, nevertheless, he would not disgrace.

Michael Burns professes to run as an independent candidate. He is an Irishman by birth; is about 40 years of age; is Street Inspector of the First Ward, and enjoys the confidence of all to whom he gives permanent employment. He has as independent rivals James Ryan, (liquor seller,) and Richard M. Tyson, (oyster dealer.) Mr. Burns pays taxes.

The vote in this District at the election for Aldermen last year stood thus:

Wards.	Am & Rep. Smith.	Dem. Murray.	Wood Dem.	Ind. Dem.
I.	322	978	210	308
II.	373	125	105	15
III.	326	185	135	23
IV.	145	84	126	94
VI.	6	22	7	14
Total	1172	1394	583	454

THIRD DISTRICT.

[*Fifth and parts of the Third and Eighth Wards.*]

John T. Henry, the candidate of the Tammany Democracy in the Third District, is a respectable builder, born in this country, and long a resident of this City. He is about 35 years of age, and, although always a Democrat, has not been prominent in politics, nor an over-zealous party man. He pays taxes.

Peter Crawford, the candidate of the Anti-Tammany Democrats, is about 60 years of age; a member of the present Board of Councilmen, and possessed of considerable property. He is a New-York man, and was for more than thirty years a member of the Tammany Society. He is a tax-payer and man of respectable character.

Theodore A. Ward, the Republican candidate, is an American by birth, and about 48 years of age. He was formerly in the coal business, and has occasionally been somewhat prominent as a politician. He was once a member of the Assembly, and was also the candidate of the Whigs of his District for the State Senate, but was not elected. He is a man of property, a tax-payer, and of fair reputation as a man o character.

Jeremiah Beeson, the American and independent candidate, is best known as the former keeper of the Mercer-street House, corner of Mercer and Broome streets—the head-quarters of a portion of the military of the City. He is about 38 years of age, and has not been a prominent politician until of late. He was nominated for Alderman last year, by the Republicans and Americans, and was beaten by Hoffmire, a baker, by thirteen votes.

John Styles, the candidate of the Tax-Payers, is an American of middle-age, and a painter by trade; he has acquired a competency from his business, and has always been considered a respectable man of fair ability and character.

The vote in this District last year stood thus:

Wards.	Amer. & Rep. Beeson.	Dem. Hoffmire.	Scat'g.
III.	35	53	8
V.	1326	1549	25
VIII.	926	700	66
Total	2287	2302	99

FIFTH DISTRICT.

[*Parts of the Eighth, Ninth and Fifteenth Wards.*]

Peter Duffy, the candidate of both wings of the Democratic Party for Alderman in this District, is an Irishman, and so long as he had any regular business was a hack-driver and stable-keeper. When the New-York Hotel passed into the hands of its present proprietor, Mr. Duffy owned the hacks which were connected with it, and continued to hold that position until 1856, when his vehicles became so dirty and disreputable that Mr. Cranston discharged him. He still continued, however, to put the name of the hotel upon them, and interfered in every possible way with the regular and authorized drivers for that establishment. Complaint was made to Mayor Wood, but without effect, as it was held that no law forbade his taking passengers to the New-York Hotel if he chose to do so. Mr. Wood finally appointed him to some office in the City Government, and he continued to enjoy his confidence as well as that of Judge Russell. Since leaving office, we believe, he has been acting mainly as a professional fighting politician, and was conspicuous in a recent fight with Tom Burns, one of the City Officers. He is brother-in-law to Jim Hughes, who enjoys the distinction of having trained the Benecia Boy in his recent prize-fight with Morrissey. Mr. Duffy has always taken an active part in politics, and is known as one of "the roughs" at Primary Meetings, and on all other occasions where his peculiar talents are required. His qualifications are so conspicuous that he has been able to unite both factions of the Democracy in his support. Without a single qualification for any public office, he is put forward for Aldermen by the worst section of his own party, doubtless for his own profit, but mainly for the pecuniary advantage of his friends. He is down on the list as a tax-payer.

John H. Brady, the candidate of the Republicans and Americans, is a popular man, a native of this City, about 32 years of age, and a stair-builder by trade. He is now a member of the Board of Councilmen, where he has before served three successive terms. The first term he was elected by the Americans and Democrats; and the second and third and present terms, by the Republicans and Americans. He has a fair amount of ability, a respectable character and is an energetic Councilman. He is a tax-payer.

James Webb, the Tax-payers' candidate, is a builder by trade, and a member of the Board of Councilmen He is about 60 years of age, and has resided in this City from his childhood. He was formerly a Whig, and was elected by them Assistant Alderman, from the Eighth Ward.

The vote in this District, last year, stood thus:

Wards.	Amer. & Repub. Tucker.	Dem. Bonsoll.	Scat.
VIII.	1349	1116	37
IX.	1391	598	27
XV.	844	332	16
Totals	3584	2046	80

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

[*Upper parts of Fifteenth and Ninth Ward.*]

Richard B. Fosdick, the candidate of the Tammany branch of the Democracy, is about 52 years of age; has always resided in the Ninth Ward; is a painter by trade, and is reputed wealthy. He is a respectable man, of fair intellect; and though not a prominent politician, has always been a Democrat. He is a tax-payer, not over-zealous as a party man.

Solomon Banta, the Anti-Tammany Democratic candidate, is a builder, living in Fourth-street, an American by birth, a man of industry, personal integrity, and a fair degree of intelligence. He was a member of the Board of Aldermen during Wood's mayoralty, and is a tolerably rigid partizan. While his personal honesty is undoubted, party interests would probably be allowed very decided weight in controlling his action. He is a tax-payer, and a man of respectable means.

George Starr, the Republican candidate for Alderman, is a butcher in Jefferson Market,—a man of respectable character, fair intelligence, and a good degree of general popularity. He was elected Alderman two years ago, and has given a fair degree of satisfaction. He is an American by birth, a tax-payer, and an old resident of the Ninth Ward.

A. M. C. Smith, who is the American candidate became known to the public by his connection with the Police Department, and especially by his agency in the famous Drury case, having been prominently instrumental in the arrest of One-eyed Thompson. During the past few years he has been engaged in the express business, but has been two or three times a candidate for offices connected with the City Government, though without success. He is an American, possessed of some property, has a family, lives in West Thirteenth-street, and enjoys a good reputation for intelligence and integrity.

The vote in this District, at the last Charter election, stood as follows:

Wards.	Rep. Starr.	Dem. Bean.	Amer. Smith.	Scat.
IX.	1323	1377	1351	39
XV.	674	426	363	8
Totals	1997	1803	1714	47

NINTH DISTRICT.

[*Sixteenth Ward.*]

Albert Lilburn, the candidate of the Tammany branch of the Democracy, is a prosperous painter, doing business in Ninth-avenue. He is looked upon as a respectable man; and, although he has never taken a very prominent part in politics, is relied upon by his party as a trustworthy Democrat.

Samuel Osgood, the candidate of the Anti-Tammany Democracy, is a native of the City, and about 45 years of age. He was Registrar in 1846, and is now an auctioneer. He is a man of fair intellect, and has always been considered a good working Democrat. He does not figure as a tax-payer on the City list.

Robert L. Darragh, the Republican candidate, is a mason by trade. He is a respectable man, with a fair amount of information relating to City affairs. He has never been prominent in politics.

James W. Ranney, the American candidate, is a physician of this City, of middle age, who sought the office of Coroner in 1856, when he received the American nomination, and was defeated. He also ran for Alderman last year, as the candidate of the Americans and Republicans, but without success.

The vote in this district at the last Charter election stood as follows:

Gregory, (Democrat)..........2415
Ranney, (American and Republican)..........2402
Fullmer, (Independent)..........392

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

[*Twentieth Ward.*]

William J. Peck, the Tammany Hall candidate, was born in Westchester County, is about 32 years of age, and deals in lath, lime and brick. He had formerly a seat in the Board of Aldermen for two years, being elected by the Democracy of the Twentieth Ward, when he voted for the Enlargement of the Battery and for several railroad grants. He has always been a Democrat, and is considered a reliable party man. He is a tax-payer.

James Connolly, the candidate of the Anti-Tammany men, is now about 42 years of age. He was born in Ireland, of poor parents; came to this City young, and has accumulated about $50,000, by gathering and disposing of old barrels. He has always been a Democrat, and is a tax-payer. He ran without success last year.

E. Harrison Reed, the Republican candidate, is a member of the present Board of Aldermen, and a butcher in Washington Market. During the late "Swill-Milk" excitement, he gained considerable reputation as a member of the Committee on that subject, by his declarations, "as a butcher," in favor of swill-fed beeves; and by his somewhat energetic defence of swill-fed milk for infants, and of the interest, generally, of the swill-feeding fraternity. He was considered the most faithful and effective defender of the swill-milk interest during that exciting investigation. He is a tax-payer.

Daniel B. Peck, the Tax-Payers' candidate, is an American, and about 40 years of age. He keeps a boarding-house up-town, and has never been prominent as a politician. We believe he is a man of fair ability, good character, and a tax-payer.

General William Hall, nominated as an Independent candidate, is the well-known Music Publisher—a gentleman of character, of considerable property, of decided personal popularity, and of unimpeachable and unsuspected personal integrity. He has always taken an interest in politics, and has been more or less active in connection with political movements; but he has never been a thorough-going partisan, and has never been suspected of selfish motives in his political connections. He was a zealous Clay man, remained an old-fashioned Whig for sometime after the Whig Party had been practically extinguished, and came into the Republican movement with reluctance and hesitation. He now supports that and the American parties in about equal proportion, finding something to approve and something to condemn in both. In regard to City matters, he would urge reform in every Department, without regard to personal or party considerations.

The vote at the last charter election, in this District, stood thus:

Ward.	Amer. & Rep. Reed.	Dem. Connolly.	Dem. Ryer.
XX	2,904	1,829	1,229

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

[*Twenty-second Ward.*]

Nicholas Seagrist, the candidate of both wings of the Democracy, is a well-known political candidate, having been for many years constantly before the people for some office or other, with but rare and temporary success. He has been a candidate for Chief Engineer of the Fire Department, Fire Warden, Trustee of the Fire Department, Fire Commissioner, Member of Assembly, Board of Aldermen, &c., &c. He was elected two years ago to the Assembly, and was appointed a year ago Sergeant-at-Arms to the Board of Aldermen. He is a German by birth, but has resided in this City for nearly thirty years, is a tax-payer, has no special fitness for public office, and would make neither a very efficient and serviceable nor a very dishonest Alderman. He is popularly known in the Sunday papers for which he writes, as the "sage of Bloomingdale."

Charles Wilmot, the Republican candidate, is an American, about thirty-five years of age, and a respectable butcher in the upper part of Eighth-avenue. He is at present a Member of the Board of Aldermen, to which he was elected by the Republicans. His opinions are only known by his votes, but these are generally not far wrong. He is a tax-payer, and we believe a man of respectable character.

Adolphus Andreas, the Tax-Payers' candidate, is a respectable coal dealer in Ninth-avenue. He is well off, pays taxes, and has never been prominent as a politician.

Henry L. Bulkley, the Independent candidate, is an American. He is about forty-five years of age; formerly in the coal business, now a builder; has had a good deal to do with City contracts, and is well to do in the world. He is a Democrat, and pays taxes.

The vote in this District, at the last charter election, stood thus:

Wilmot, (Republican,)..........1,262
Seagrist, (Democrat,)..........847
Witter, Independent,)..........609
Walsh, (Democrat,)..........467
Drake, (Independent,)..........449
Chamberlain, (American,)..........93

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

[*Twenty-first Ward.*]

James Mahoney, the candidate of the Tammany Party, is an Irishman by birth, has always been a Democrat, and although he has not been prominent, is considered a reliable party man. He has no special knowledge of the City interests, and is not a tax-payer,

John D'Homergue, the candidate of the Anti-Tammany men, is a tax-payer, and a distiller in First-avenue. He has for some time taken an interest in party politics, but has not been very prominent.

James Owens, the candidate of the Republicans and Americans, is a native of this City, is about 38 years of age, and a builder by trade. He is a member of the present Board of Aldermen, to which he was elected by the same parties. He is a respectable man, and has discharged his duties as Alderman in a fairly creditable manner, though without brilliant or marked success.

The vote in the District last year stood thus:

Owens, (Republican and American.)..........1 813
Maloney, (Democrat,)..........1,563
Varian, (Independent,)..........781

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.

[*Twelfth Ward.*]

Mr. James Davis is the candidate of the Republicans the Americans and the Whigs in this District. He is now a member of the Board of Aldermen from the same district, and was elected a year ago by the united vote of the Republicans and Americans. Mr. Davis is a native of Baltimore, Md., but has resided in this City since he arrived at his fourteenth year. He is about 45 years of age, a married man, and the owner of considerable property. Previous to the rise of the Republican Party, Mr. Davis was a Whig. Besides being an Alderman, he is School Officer for the Twelfth Ward, and his term does not expire for some time. His business is the manufacture of umbrellas. He is a tax-payer, and a man of respectable character.

Henry W. Genet is the candidate of the Tammany Democrats. He is a lawyer, an American by birth, and an old resident of this City. He was formerly an ardent Whig, but, after the dissolution of that party, attached himself to the Democratic organization, and since then has been a strong advocate of the recognized interests of the City democracy. He is about 35 years of age, and is a member of the present Board of Councilmen, discharging his duties with a fair degree of efficiency and a thorough party zeal.

Mr. Samuel W. Galpin is nominated by the Anti-Tammany branch of the Democratic party. He is native born, about 45 years old, and an old resident of the City. He is now a member of the Board of Councilmen, and is in the gunpowder business.

Daniel Devlin, the candidate of the Tax-payers, is a man of middle age and high respectability, at present engaged extensively in the clothing business. He has never taken any prominent part in politics, but is a man of character, of energy and integrity. We believe he declines the nomination.

The vote in this District at the last election stood thus:

Davis, Am. and Rep..........809
McLeod, Dem..........673
Jackson, Dem..........528

CANDIDATES FOR COUNCILMEN.

The Councilmen hold office for one year only, and, consequently, at the approaching election the entire Board has to be chosen. The Charter requires that *six* Councilmen shall be selected from each of the four Senatorial Districts of the City, viz. the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Seventh. Each ballot will therefore contain the names of six candidates. The Fourth Senatorial District is composed of the First to the Eighth and the Fourteenth Wards; the Fifth includes the Tenth, Eleventh, Thirteenth and Seventeenth Wards; the Sixth, the Ninth, Fourteenth, Sixteenth and Eighteenth Wards; and the Seventh, the Twelfth, Nineteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-first and Twenty-second Wards. Besides the nominees of the four political parties, there are various independent candidates for Councilmanic honors in the field. The following table exhibits the lists of candidates complete:

Sen. Dist.	Tammany.	Anti-Tammany.
IV.	Patrick Duffy	Wm. Walsh.
	Daniel Mehan	Wm. H. Bulteel.
	Anthony McCarthy	Harris Bogert.
	Geo. P. Bickford	Francis C. Gilmore.
	William Walsh	Wm. O'Shea.
	Morgan Jones	Andrew J. McCarty.
V.	Chas. G. Cornell	John Van Tine.
	Michael Smith	John Fraser.
	Benj. T. Rhodes	Benj. Rhodes.
	Richard Costello	Edward Costello.
	John McConnell	Chas. Cornell.
	John Van Tine	Michael Dalton.
VI.	Isaac Williams	Geo. W. Smith.
	L. M. Van Wart	Aug. Murtough.
	Thos. Edmunds	Chas. O. Richardson.
	Chas. O. Richardson	Robt. Latour.
	Gilbert M. Platt	Francis McCausland.
	Robt. W. Lowber	Lau. M. Van Wart
VII.	Geo. Armstrong	Henry Arcularius.
	John Eagan	Terence McGuire.
	Alex. Frear	Valentine Cook.
	John McGrane	Ed. Timpson.
	Cornelius Purdy	Ed. A. Moore.
	William Nolan	Thos. Higgins.
	Republican.	American.
IV.	Cornelius Mullane	Wm. H. Bulteel.
	Chas. A. Stetson, Jr	Eleazer Jackson.
	John Edwards	Phineas Smith.
	Jas. D. Estare	John H. Vanderzee.
	John W. Forbes	James Jones.
	S. J. Chatterton	John W. Forbes.
V.	Thos. G. Hall	Thos. G. Hall.
	John F. Egbert	John F. Egbert.
	Wm. E. Duryea	Geo. H. Raymond.
	Oliver S. Powell	E. Reed.
	Andrew Jodell	G. W. Anderson.
	Samuel Weeks	Joseph Hyatt.
VI.	Chas. Spear	R. R. Carpenter.
	Jas. Galaway	A. H. Keech.
	Franklin J. Ottarson	Abraham Lent.
	Geo. Ross	G. B. Demarest.
	Jas. Ingraham	Charles McNeil.
	Matthias Brakeley	
VII.	Jas. H. Toone	Chas. N. Decker.
	Hamlin Babcock	Hamlin Babcock.
	Daniel Townsend	Jas. H. Anderson.
	William H. Valentine	Wm. H. Valentine.
	I. Allen	Ira Allen.
	J. G. McAdams	Edward Moore.

John F. Egbert and Theodore Udell are Independent candidates in the Fifth, and Edward Delacy, Independent candidate in the Seventh Senatorial Districts.

SKETCHES OF THE CANDIDATES.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

[*First to the Eighth, inclusive, and Fourteenth Wards.*]

Of the Tammany Democratic nominees, George P. Bickford has been for four years a Councilman from the Fourth Ward. He was formerly engaged in the Custom-house, and is a long-resident of the City. He has been active as a politician, is a tax-payer, and lives at No. 340 Pearl-street.

Morgan Jones is a resident of Pearl-street, in the Sixth Ward. He is a plumber by trade, and has never occupied any public office.

Patrick Duffy is of Irish birth, and is without political experience of any kind, so far as we are aware.

Anthony J. McCarthy is now serving his first term in the Board of Councilmen. When Nathaniel Seely was Commissioner of Repairs and Supplies, he held office under him as plumber. He is a resident of the Third Ward, and is indorsed by the Anti-Tammany Party. He is of Irish birth, and a thorough-going partisan.

William Walsh is also nominated by both parties. He is from the Fifth Ward, and is a liquor-dealer.

Daniel Mehan, a resident of the Second Ward, is the remaining Tammany nominee from the Fourth District. He is an Irishman, and his business that of a "speculator," whatever that may be.

In addition to the above, the Anti-Tammany Democrats have four other candidates in this District. William H. Bulteel, who served one term as Councilman in 1857, is a wholesale oysterman at No. 4 Fulton Market. He is an old resident of the Second Ward, and is endorsed by the Americans of the District. Harris Bogert is a fish-dealer at No. 7 Clinton Market. He has had no experience in public life. Francis C. Gilmore pursues the business of an undertaker at No. 11 Prince-street. His political experience has been limited. William O'Shea, of the Seventh Ward, has run three times as candidate for Councilman, but without success. He says he is a tax-payer, and thinks Party ties should be disregarded in City affairs.

Of the Republican nominations, Cornelius Mullane, of the Fifth Ward, is a printer, and is at present engaged in the *Tribune* office. He has been a zealous politician, and is Irish by birth. Charles A. Stetson, Jr., is a son of the well-known proprietor of the Astor House. He has always lived in the City, is well educated, of energetic character, and lacks nothing but experience to fit him for the place. John Edwards belongs in the Fourth Ward. Formerly he was on the Custom-house night-watch; at present he keeps a sailor boarding-house in Cherry-street. He has neither experience nor special fitness for the place. James D. Estare is from the Eighth Ward, a young man and a caulker. John W. Forbes is a printer, and publishes the *Freeman's Journal*, the organ of the Roman Catholics. S. J. Chatterton belongs to the firm of Chatterton Brothers, printers; originally he was from Westchester County, but for a number of years past has resided in the City.

William H. Bulteel (oyster dealer,) the Anti-Tammany nominee of the Second Ward, Eleaza Jackson, of the Fifth Ward, Phineas Smith (hardware merchant,) of the Third Ward, John H. Vandezee, of the Seventh Ward, and James Jones, of the Eighth Ward, are the American nominees in the Fourth District. We have not been able to learn any thing special concerning them.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

[*Tenth, Eleventh, Thirteenth and Seventeenth Wards.*]

Charles G. Cornell, Tammany Democrat, now serving his first term as Councilman, has long resided in the Seventeenth Ward. His occupation is that of a butcher, and his place of business is No. 50 Fulton Market. Michael Smith is one of nearly fifty of the same name which appear in the Directory. He is said to be a liquor dealer, and has had no experience as an office holder. Benjamin T. Rhodes, of the Eleventh Ward, has had extended experience as Councilman having served for three terms. He is Foreman of the Morgan Iron Works, and is a long resident of the city. The Anti-Tammany Democrats also support him. Edward Costello, whose name is on both Democratic tickets, is serving his first term as Councilman. He keeps a slaughter-house in Twelfth-street, between Avenues B and C. He is Irish by birth, and, it is said, cannot write his own name. John McConnell, of the Thirteenth Ward, is Irish by birth, and a printer by trade. He served one term as Councilman in 1856.

John Van Tine has had quite an extended experience as Councilman, having been a member of the Board three terms. He keeps the well-known Franklin Eating House, at No. 2 Dey-street, and is a man of respectable character.

John Fraser, Anti-Tammany, of the Thirteenth Ward, is now serving his first term as Councilman. He has long resided in the City, and works in the Navy-yard as caulker.

Michael Dalton's occupation and habitation are alike uncertain. The other four Anti-Tammany candidates are identical with the Tammany.

Thomas G. Hall is a mason by trade, and belongs to the Tenth Ward. He has never before been a candidate for office.

John F. Egbert is a young man, a butcher well-known in Essex Market, and a citizen of the Tenth Ward, where he has considerable popularity. The names of Mr. Egbert and Mr. Hall are both indorsed by the Americans.

William E. Duryea is an old resident of the City. When the Republican Party was first organized, he became an ardent supporter of its principles. Though he has twice received the compliment of a nomination for Councilman, he has not yet been elected. He has long resided in the City, and keeps a stand in Washington Market.

Oliver S. Powell belongs to the Thirteenth Ward and has never before been nominated for office. He keeps a feed-store, and, so far as we know, is a man of fair character.

Andrew J. Odell is from the Seventeenth Ward. He is a butcher and provision dealer. In 1856 and '7 he was a member of the Board of Councilmen, and was a candidate at the last election, but was defeated.

Samuel Weeks is from the Seventeenth Ward, and is a real estate agent.

George H. Raymond has been quite a prominent member of the American Party, and has a good deal of popularity. He has served two terms ('54 and '56) as Councilman. In 1857 he was nominated for Alderman, against Jas. R. Steers, and was beaten. He is a shipwright, and has always lived in the City.

E. Reed, of the Thirteenth Ward, was a Councilman in 1856. For between two and three terms he has been connected with the Register's Office as a Clerk.

S. W. Anderson is said to be a hardware dealer.

Joseph Hyatt is a grocer, at the corner of Stanton and Chrystie streets. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church. He is an old resident, and has acted as Inspector of Election.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

[*Ninth, Fourteenth, Sixteenth, and Eighteenth Wards.*]

Isaac Williams, Tammany Democrat, ran last year for Councilman, but was defeated. He is a grocer.

L. M. Van Wart, Jr., is a son of an old citizen. His occupation is that of a grocer, and his place of business is at the corner of Amity and MacDougal streets. He has never been in public life, though he has twice been a candidate for Councilman.

Of Thomas Edmunds and Charles O. Richardson we can ascertain nothing with certainty.

Gilbert M. Platt is a member of the present Board of Councilmen. He is a mason by trade, and has long resided in the City.

Robert W. Lowber has gained considerable notoriety by his claim against the City, which has been the origin of so much litigation. He is a broker, and the owner of a lime-kiln. He belongs to the Eighteenth Ward, and is a man of energy and sharpness.

Of the nominees in this District. Messrs. Richardson and Van Wart are on the Anti-Tammany ticket.

George W. Smith, Augustus Murtough, Robert Latour and Francis McCausland are the remaining Anti-Tammany nominees in the Sixth District. With the most diligent inquiry we have failed to ascertain anything certain with regard to their occupation, character, history, or qualification for office.

James Galaway, Republican nominee, is a painter, residing in Eighth-avenue. He was born in Ireland, and has never before been nominated for office.

George Ross is a builder by trade, and is now serving his first term in the Board. He belongs in the Sixteenth Ward.

James Ingraham is a Scotchman by birth, and a plumber by trade. He is located in the Eighteenth Ward, corner of Fourth-avenue and Twenty-fifth-street.

Franklin J. Ottarson is the City Editor of the *Tribune*, and has been for about nine years. He was formerly a resident of Watertown, N. Y., and is by trade a printer. In 1857 he was a member of the Board of Councilmen, and proved himself a hard-worker and devoted to the interests of the City.

R. R. Carpenter, American nominee from the Ninth Ward, is a carman, has long resided in the City, and since the formation of the American Party, has been active and zealous in its service.

A. H. Keech, who likewise resides in the Ninth Ward, was born in the City. His trade is that of a printer, and his place of business No. 23 Ann-street. For two years he was a School Trustee.

Abraham Lent is an old resident of the City, and is a tailor by trade. He is Straight American, and has never before run for office.

James B. Demarest is also a tailor, and ran as a candidate for Councilman last year, but was defeated.

Chas. McNeil is a Deputy-Tax Commissioner. He has been in the Board of Assessors for Street Improvements for many years. Last year he was an unsuccessful candidate for the Assembly. He is a part owner in several steamboats.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

[*Twelfth, Nineteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-first and Twenty-second Wards.*]

George Armstrong, Tammany Democrat, hails from the Twelfth Ward. He is a starter of omnibuses, and was formerly a member of the Seventh Ward Know-Nothing Council.

John Eagan is a grocer and contractor. He has been engaged in the Custom-house, and is said to be an ornament of the fighting corner of the Nineteenth Ward.

Alexander Frear, of the Twentieth Ward, is a broker and merchant.

John McGraw, of the same Ward, is a contractor.

Cornelius L. Purdy has the reputation of being a hard worker as a builder. He has long resided in the City, and belongs to the Twenty-first Ward.

William Nolan, of the Twenty-second Ward, belongs to the present Board of Councilmen. Formerly, he was one of the boarding-officers at the Castle Garden Emigrant Dépôt.

Of the Anti-Tammany nominations the name of Henry Arcularius will be recognized as that of our former Commissioner of Streets and Lamps, in which office he won some distinction by keeping the streets unusually dirty. He now keeps a hotel on the Third-avenue, and holds a seat in the Board of Councilmen. He belongs to the Nineteenth Ward.

Terence McGuire is a contractor, or, at least, tries to be.

Valentine Cook, of the Twentieth Ward, is an iron dealer.

Edward A. Moore, of the Twenty-first Ward, served in the Assembly the last session. Though opposed to Tammany this year, he has hitherto been a supporter of its nominees and principles. He has received the indorsement of the Americans.

Of Edward Thompson from the Twenty-second Ward, we know nothing.

Thomas Higgins is an Irishman and a liquor dealer. What additional qualifications he may have for the position we have been unable to ascertain.

Charles N. Decker, Republican, is a native-born citizen, an oil merchant, and enjoys a good reputation for solid reliability of character. He is a man of middle age, and a tax payer.

Daniel Townsend is a builder, an American by birth and a respectable, reliable man. He has never been an active politician, and is now a candidate, we believe for the first time.

Hamlin Babcock has long resided in the Twenty-second Ward, and is a school teacher by profession.

J. G. McAdams is a lawyer. By birth he is a Scotchman, but has resided in the City for many years.

Wm. H. Valentine is a butcher, a man of considerable local popularity, and an American by birth.

Ira A. Allen is an ice-dealer, a man of respectable character. Messrs. Decker, Babcock, Valentine and Allen are indorsed by the Americans.

The only candidate put forward by the Americans in this district who is neither indorsed by the Republicans nor Anti-Tammany Democrats is James H. Anderson. We know nothing of his character. There are two or three independent candidates in nomination, but they have neither personal nor political importance.

FOR SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

Special interest is felt in the election of School Commissioners—of whom one is to be chosen from each Ward—because these officers constitute the Board of Education, which has general charge of the Public Schools of the City. The recent renewed agitation of the question whether the Bible shall be read in the schools or not gives additional interest to the choice of officers, to whom a portion of the public look for decisive action upon the subject. The Board consists of two members from each Ward, or *forty-four* in all—one being chosen in each year. The following is a list of the candidates:

Wards.	Tammany.	Anti-Tammany.
I	Samuel Auld	Charles McCay.
II	James Watson	James Watson.
III	John M. Mimnee	Van C. Coolbaugh.
IV	Charles J. Doherty	Eugene Shine.
V	Wm. B. Eager	John Hewitt, Jr.
VI	Michael Begg	Michael Begg.
VII	Wm. M. Tweed	Wm. Baus.
VIII	Robert H. Ellis	
IX	Levi Onderdonk	
X	Samuel T. Webster	Marcus C. Tully.
XI	John Murdock	James Marshall.
XII	Robert O. Glover	Robert O. Glover.
XIII	Peter Mitchell	Peter Mitchell.
XIV	Andrew H. Green	Henry P. West.
XV	J. W. McCarty	J. W. McCarty.
XVI	C. P. Johnson	C. P. Johnson.
XVII	John B. Fogerty	Robert C. Glover.
XVIII	Wm. H. Neilson	Wm. H. Neilson.
XIX	Terrence Farley	Felix Duffy.
XX	Nelson J. Waterbury	Wm. Monteith.
XXI	Wm. Sinclair	F. P. Morrough.
XXII		Wm. H. Doherty.

Wards.	Republicans.	Americans.
II	Edward D. Pepper	Edward D. Pepper.
III	R. S. Gould	
V	John Hewitt, Jr	John Hewitt, Jr.
VIII	Wm. Tucker	
IX	James W. Farr	
X	Joel W. Mason	Joel W. Mason.
XII	Ed. Ketchum	Ed. Ketchum.
XIII	Alonzo G. Reynolds	
XV	E. C. Benedict	Samuel Hotaling.
XVI	Wm. R. Stafford	
XVII	Samuel Cantrell	Gen. John Floyd.
XVIII	Delafield Smith	W. H. Neilson.
XX	John R. Gridley	
XXI	John H. White	
XXII	James Marriner	Henry Snyder.

SKETCHES OF THE CANDIDATES.

FIRST WARD.

Edward Burke, an Irishman, a Roman Catholic, and a butcher, is one of the candidates of the Anti-Tammany Democrats. **Charles McKay**, the other, is a native of the City, and proprietor of the Atlantic Garden, in Broadway. He has twice run for Alderman, without success. Both these men are zealous and working partisans. **Samuel Auld**, at present a member of the Board, is candidate of the Tammany Democrats—an American by birth, a liquor dealer, a thorough partisan, but a fair member of the Board.

SECOND WARD.

James Watson is the candidate of both wings of the Democratic party. He is a young man, a native of the City, of respectable education, and a letter-carrier connected with the General Post-office. He has run once for Councilman and once for School Commissioner—both times without success. **Edward D. Pepper**, who has been nominated by the Rebublicans, came from Boston to this City eight years ago, has been a Police reporter upon the Times, and is at present clerk in Judge **Welsh**'s Police Court. He ran for the Assembly two years ago in the First District, and was beaten.

THIRD WARD.

There are two Democratic candidates in this Ward. **John M. Mimnee**, the Tammany Democrat, is a member of the Tammany General Committee,—an Irishman,—keeps a drinking-shop in Greenwich-street, and makes it his business to serve upon as many of the nominating Conventions of his party as possible. Mr. **V. C. Coolbaugh**, the Anti-Tammany candidate is entirely unknown. **R. S. Gould**, the Republican nominee, is a young man, an American by birth, and keeps a clothing-store in Greenwich-street. We believe he sustains a fair character.

FOURTH WARD.

Two Democrats, **Charles J. Doherty** (Tammany) and **Eugene Shine** (Anti-Tammany), have been put in nomination. Both are Irishmen, both zealous working partisans, and both office-holders, the former in one of the City Departments, and the latter in the Custom-house. **Shine** is now a member of the Board of Education. **John Healy**, a young man, an Irishman, and foreman of Engine Co. No. 13, is running as an independent Tammany candidate. Neither the Republicans nor the Americans have yet made any nominations. This is the only Ward in which the reading of the Bible has been discontinued by directio the local Board of Trustees. It is thoroughly Irish in its character.

FIFTH WARD.

William B. Eager, Jr., who keeps a drug-store in Hudson-street, and is a member of the present Board, has been nominated for reëlection by a Tammany Democratic Convention. His opponent is **John Hewitt, Jr.**, a clothier, who resides in Harrison-street, and upon whom all parties in opposition to Tammany have united.

SIXTH WARD.

Michael Begg, Irishman, and keeper of a liquor shop in Mulberry-street, is the candidate of both branches of the Democratic Party in this Ward, and none of the other parties have yet made any nomination against him.

SEVENTH WARD.

William M. Tweed, member of the present Board of Education, and also of the Board of Supervisors, is the Candidate of the Tammany Democrats for reëlection to the former position. We believe though of Irish descent he is a native of the City. He has been a member of Congress, has been prominent as a fireman, has activity and energy, and is a thorough-going partisan. The Anti-Tammany men have a candidate and the Republicans and Americans also.

EIGHTH WARD.

Alderman **William Tucker** is the Republican and American candidate. He has served with great credit and efficiency in the Board of Aldermen, and is a man of intelligence and character. **Robert H. Ellis** is the Tammany candidate against him. He is a stationer in Wall-street, and we believe a man of respectable character.

NINTH WARD.

Levi Onderdonk is the candidate of the Tammany Democrats. He is a lumber-dealer in the Tenth-avenue, and, we believe, a man of respectable character. **James W. Farr**, the Republican candidate, is an American, a clerk in one of the Chamber-street warehouses, a man of intelligence, integrity, and respectable position.

TENTH WARD.

Samuel T. W. Webster, a commission dealer at the Essex Market, is the Tammany candidate, and **J. W. Mason**, chairmaker, is the Republican. We know nothing further of either.

TWELFTH WARD.

Edgar Ketchum, the Republican candidate, is a lawyer; a man of intelligence, an active politician, and a man of influence and respectability; he has formerly been in the Board. **S. Gregory** is an independent candidate against him. He is in the exchange business in Greenwich-street, and lives in Harlem.

FOURTEENTH WARD.

Andrew H. Green, member of the present Board, is the candidate of the Tammany Democrats for reëlection. He is a lawyer, a man of high character, of great industry and conscientious and intelligent devotion to the public interest. He was President of the Board two years ago, and is also President of the Central Park Commission. **H. P. West**, the Anti-Tammany candidate, is a saddler, of fair character.

FIFTEENTH WARD.

E. C. Benedict, present member, will be a candidate for reëlection. He has been long in the Board, was formerly President of it; has given a great deal of time, labor and intelligent care to the cause of education, and is one of the few men in the City at once competent to guide legislation on such a subject, and willing to give it the requisite attention. He is a Republican. The Americans of the Ward have nominated against him Mr. **Samuel Hotaling**, a respectable merchant, who believes the Board of Education should *enforce* the reading of the Bible in all the public schools, while Mr. **Benedict** does not believe it has the legal right to do more than recommend it. Mr. H. has been nominated upon this issue alone. Both wings of the Democratic Party have nominated **J. W. McCarthy**, an Irishman by birth, and a builder by profession.

EIGHTEENTH WARD.

Wm. H. Neilson, at present School Commissioner from this Ward, and President of the Board of Education, has received the nomination of both Tammany and Anti-Tammany parties. He is a highly intelligent, respectable and upright gentleman, and has discharged the duties of his position to the general satisfaction of his immediate constituents and the public at large.

NINETEENTH WARD.

Mr. **Terrence Farley**, the Tammany nominee for School Commissioner in this Ward, is the present incumbent of the office. He is a Romon Catholic, of Irish birth, and a contractor. Mr. **Farley** is a man of property, and consequently a tax-payer. In the Board of Education, Mr. **Farley** is a member of the Supply Committee and of the Evening School Committee, and, we believe, has displayed great industry and business ability, but has given special attention to the supply department of the Board rather than its literary and educational duties. **Felix Duffy**, also an Irishman, is the Anti-Tammany nominee. The Republicans and Americans have not yet made their nominations.

[We shall endeavor to complete this list of School Commissioners as soon as possible, and shall feel obliged for reliable information concerning the candidates.]

CANDIDATES FOR SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

Of the eight Trustees of Common Schools, to which each Ward is entitled, two from each Ward is to be elected this year. The following table exhibits the candidates who have been already nominated. It will be observed that where more than two are given to a ward the balance are to be elected to fill vacancies:

Wards.	Tammany.	Anti-Tammany.
I	Thomas Byrnes	Michael Curran.
	John Healey	Pat Walsh.
	Robt. Hogan	James Fitzgerald.
	A. Baldwin	Pat. T. Carney.
	John McIntyre	Jas. Woods.
		Jas. Burns.
II	John K. Walsh	John K. Walsh.
	John J. Maloney	John J. Maloney.
III	Joseph Wallace	Edwin M. Haggerty.
	John Ottarson	John Matthews.
	John S. Whitton	Jonas P. Harris.
	M. C. Tunison	Charles A. Gray.
IV	Eugene Casserly	Michael Carroll.
	Edward J. Kelly	James Durney.
	Thomas Mallen	C. Kassenbrock.
V	John T. Savage	John Roome.
	Wm. L. Hubbard	Chas. C. Nott.
VI	John Lenahan	Francis O'Rourke.
	Francis O'Rourke	William Carroll.
VIII	David A. Fowler	
	Emmett M. Fay	
IX	Alex. L. Shaw	
	Henry P. Demarest	
X	Wm. McCoffie	Jos. M. Beil.
	J. M. Bell	Gustavus Seweck.
XI	S. B. Meiggs	Sam. B. Meiggs.
	J. N. Cornell	John N. Cornell.
XII	John Vance	Samuel Boardman.
	Wm. Harris	John P. Dodge.
	Robt. Walmsley	Robert E. Walmsley.
XIII	J. T. Belch	John T. Belch.
	Thos. Young	Wm. F. Weeks.
XIV	James Mulligan	Pat. Brennan.
	James Debenham	Jos. Haggerty.
XV	G. N. Giles	G. N. Giles.
	John Kenney	John Kenney.
XVI	A. R. Herrick	Chas. Donohue.
	L. A. Rosenmuller	H. Morton.
		L. A. Rosenmuller.
		J. E. Conner.
XVII	G. A. Jeremiah	Thos. Kennedy.
	T. Kennedy	Michael Halen.
XVIII	Isaac A. Moran	Isaac A. Moran.
	A. M. Lawrence	Alex. M. Lawrence.
	John V. Hayward	John V. Hayward.
XIX		Peter McCourt.
		Philip Schen.
		Thos. Searey.
XX	Freeman J. Campbell	Wm. B. Walsh.
	P. Lodewick	Alex. McMullen.
XXI	G. W. B. Tompkins	Robert Nooney.
	Robert Nooney	Wm. de Lacy.
XXII		T. Riley.
		Benj. P. Fairchild.
		John Kelly.

Wards.	Republican.	American.
II	John Shipton	
	S. Parsons	
	H. Koppleman	
	Jas. Raymond	
	R. J. Finley	
	Jas. W. Manning	
	Michael McGowan	
III	John L. Bleakley	
	T. R. Hibbard	
	S. H. McCray	
	H. W. Lecompt	
V	John S. Roome	John S. Roome.
	Chas. C. Nott	Chas. C. Nott.
VIII	Abram T. Riker	
	Jos. D. Mastin	
IX	C. T. Evans	
	F. H. Townsend	
X	Andrew J. Kasmine	A. J. Kasmine.
	Cornelius Corson	Cornelius Corson.
XII	John M. Reed	John M. Reed.
	D. W. Hurd	D. W. Hurd.
	W. S. Carman	W. S. Carman.
XIII	Geo. G. Hallock	G. G. Hallock.
	Robt. T. Fair	R. T. Fair.
XVI	James Horner	
	Aug. C. Booraem	
XVII	Geo. Kenney	Howard Gregg.
	Francis Duncan	E. R. Sprout.
XVIII	D. C. Weeks	D. C. Weeks.
	—— McFarlan	—— McFarlan.
	—— Agnew	—— Agnew.
XX	Alfred Lancaster	
	John M. Morris	
XXI	Gideon L. Walker	
	James H. Montrose	
XXII	Alex. Perry	Isaac O. Hunt.
	Wm. H. Raynor	Peter Clark.
	Wm. Holmes	V. E. Drake.

CANDIDATES FOR SCHOOL INSPECTORS.

There are forty-four Inspectors of Common Schools, twenty-two of whom—one from each Ward—are to be chosen at the coming election. The following are the candidates, as far as they have been nominated:

Wards.	Tammany.	Anti-Tammany.
I	Dennis Keenan	Michael Sullivan.
	V. J. Dalton	Thomas Brennan.
II	John Donnelly	John Donnelly.
III	Samuel Tunison	Patrick Kerrin.
IV	Francis Ryan	William Cleary.
V	Michael C. Murphy	Samuel F. Barger.
VI	Thomas Farrell	Thomas Clark.
VIII	Walter W. Adams	
IX	Fred. Rodefeldt	
X	Philip F. Smith	Edward Hullsworth.
XI	John Stewart	Thomas R. Barton.
XIII	Lewis Withington	Lewis Withington.
XIV	Michael Corcoran	Michael Corcoran.
XV	Michael Walsh	John W. Rich.
		L. A. Rosenmuller.
XVI	Wm. A. McKay	
XVII	Theodore Teller	John Vanderbeck.
XVIII	James Salmon	James Salmon.
XIX		James McLaughlin.
XX		Michael Green.
XXI	John J. Friedman	Richard F. Carman.
XXII		John Jasper.

Wards.	Republicans.	Americans.
II	John H. DeForest	
III	Amos Stookey	
V	Samuel F. Barger	Samuel F. Barger.
VIII	Thos. H. Smith	
IX	Aug. F. Dow	
X	Edward A. Fraser	Edward A. Fraser.
XIII	Thomas Brown	
XVI	Wm. McClellan	
XVII	Jacob M. Patterson	John M. Lockwood.
XVIII	Henry Quackenboss	Henry Quackenboss.
XX	Daniel Hogencamp	
XXI	Ric'd T. Vanderburgh	
XXII	Thomas Shankland	Nathan C. Ely.

William S. Jennings, in the Twelfth, and William Ross, in the Twentieth Ward, are independent candidates for School Inspectors.

CANDIDATES FOR CONSTABLES.

The candidates for Constables—of whom two are to be elected from each Ward—are, as far as they have been nominated, as follows:

Wards.	Tammany.	Anti-Tammany.
I		Matthew Burns.
		Andrew Cary.
II		Wm. Thompson.
		Jas. Sullivan.
III		Fred. D. Rose.
		Jas. Callen.
IV	James White	James White.
	James Powers	Michael Doody.
VI	William McGrath	Patrick Boyle.
		Daniel Duff.
IX	Wm. Cargill	James A. DeClark.
	John Blauvelt	Matthew Fellam.
X		Louis H. Vultee.
		John Brady.
XI	Lorenzo O'Neil	Lorenzo Oberle.
XII		John Helms.
		Geo. Dohrenwend.
	Lloyd Hogart	Bernard Calaghan.
XIII		John W. Somerindyke.
		Morris L. Binswanger.
XIV		Isaac Jones.
		Thos. McGuire.
XV	Arch. Wilson	Arch. Wilson.
	Pat. Murphy	Pat. Murphy.
XVI	John Ready	Mark R. Thomas.
	Elias Whitehead	John Ready.
XVII	Louis Pfeiffer	Hugh Monoghan.
	Patrick McGrane	Henry Rommel.
XVIII	Jeams Levy	
	Wm. Kiernan	
XIX		Pat. O'Toole.
		Wm. Kiernan.
XX	Geo. Butcher	Andrew Mooney.
	Matthew McConnell	Bernard Mullen.
XXI	Matthew Nugent	Matthew Nugent.
	Thos. Bradburn	Thos. Bradburn.
XXII	Thos. Cushing	
	Francis Frank	

Wards.	Republicans.	Americans.
II	Joseph R. Reid	
	Calvin Case	
III	Lewis Loutrel	
	Alex. Thompson	
VIII	Wm. B. Jones	
	Ab. Moses	
IX	Ira C. Pierson	
	Conrad Rouwze	
X	Reuben C. Mills	Reuben C. Mills.
	Robt. S. Beaver	Robt. S. Beaver.
XII	John R. Farrington	John R. Farrington.
	Alfred L. Liscomb	Alfred L. Liscomb.
XIII	David Shaffer	
	John T. Pilgrim	
XVI	Thomas McTaggert	
	Robert Williams	
XVII	Geo. Robbins	R. V. Mackey.
	Eli Taylor	Henry A. Hoyd.
XX	Phillip Schmidt	
	Wm. J. Wilson	
XXI	Dennis F. Sullivan	
	Jos. W. Hooper	

Obituary.

Madame **Moet**, the celebrated proprietor of the champagne vineyards, in France, whose daughter was married the other day, has just met with her death in a most extraordinary manner. She was gathering flowers in her garden, when she felt herself bitten by a fly. She thought nothing of the slight puncture, but in the evening her face began to swell, and a few days afterwards she died in intense agony. It is supposed that the fly must have fed upon putrid flesh.

The death of the Rev. **John Hickling**, the oldest Methodist preacher in the world, and the last survivor of the "helpers" of **John Wesley**, is reported. Mr. **Hickling** was in the 71st year of his ministry, and was nearly 93 years old. A fortnight ago he lectured in Birmingham on "Early Methodism;" and, at the time of his death was announced to conduct other services. He died at Audley.

The late **George Peacock**, Dean of Ely, was associated with the interests of the University of Cambridge for 40 years. In 1813, he took the first step in his career by contesting with the present Sir **John Herschell** the highest place in the mathematical honor-list, and, though he was on that occasion surpassed, he was surpassed by **Herschell** only.

FROM THE PACIFIC.

Arrival of the Illinois, and the Mails by the Tehuantepec Route.

$1,816,532 in Treasure.

SEVERE GALE AT ASPINWALL.

LATEST ADVICES FROM FRASER RIVER.

The United States Mail Steamship *Illinois*, Captain F. **McGowan**, from Aspinwall, at 10½ o'clock, A. M., of Nov. 20, arrived last night, bringing the treasure and passengers from San Francisco by the *Sonora*.

The Pacific mail steamship *Sonora* left San Francisco Nov. 5, with 650 passengers and $2,225,000 in specie, to go *viâ* Panama,—the largest single shipment made since last June. The total exports of specie in October were $4,027,512.

The news by the *Illinois* has been anticipated by way of Tehuantepec, and New-Orleans papers of Nov. 21 contain the details, a summary of which has been published in our telegrams. The last Overland Mail, at St. Louis, brought files of California papers to Oct. 28.

The *Illinois* experienced strong northerly gales, with heavy head sea since the 23d.

A heavy gale from the north commenced on the 10th inst. at Aspinwall, and continued until the 20th with but little intercession. During the gale the ship *Telassar*, of Boston, drifted against the United States Mail Steamship Company's Wharf, carrying away about 100 feet of the wharf, and received so much damage that she sunk in the upper part of the Bay in five fathoms of water, with 550 tons of coal on board. It will be a total loss. The boats from the steam frigate *Roanoke*, Flag officer **McIntosh**, and store ship *Relief*, Lieut. **Strong**, rendered considerable assistance to the vessels in the harbor, and by the exertions of the officers and cews several vessels were saved. During the height of the gale the *Roanoke* got undeir way and came to anchor under the western shora.

The market boat from the sloop-of-war *Saratoga*, in going ashore on the morning of the 19th, capsized, and three of the crew were drowned. (All colored.)

The *Saratoga* sailed for the Gulf of Mexico on the morning of the 20th. The *Relief* would sail early in December. The *Roanoke* would sail for San Juan, (Nicaragua,) as soon as Sir **Wm. Gore Ouseley** arrived at Aspinwall; he was expected about the 21st. Sir **William** had expressed a desire to meet the Flag-Officer at Aspinwall.

The schooner *Wide Awake* went ashore on the reef abreast of the lighthouse, on the 20th, at 8 A. M., and from appearances would soon bilge.

The steamship *Hermann*, Captain **Edward Cavendy**, from New-York *viâ* Cape Horn, arrived at Panama Nov. 9, at noon, and sailed Nov. 11, 8 A. M., for San Francisco direct. Captain **Cavendy** arrived in the *Illinois*.

Died, Nov. 12, of apoplexy, **George Smith**, 3d cook of *Illinois*. Was buried at sea.

Died, Nov. 16, at Aspinwall, **George Campbell**, aged 30; a passenger by the *Illinois*.

We are indebted to the Purser of the *Illinois*, and also to **Wells, Fargo & Co.**'s Express, for favors.

The following is the Treasure List of the *Illinois*:

Am. Ex. Bank	$164,000 00	P. Naylor	$12,000 00
J. H. Browning	20,000 00	J.B.Newton & Co.	70,161 23
Butcher & Bro	20,000 00	J.G.Parker & Son	6,000 00
Clark & Wilbur	15,000 00	Jas. Patrick	4,000 00
J. H. Coehill	15,763 63	Richard Patrick	53,000 00
W.J.Coleman&Co	84,450 00	Ross, Falconer & Co.	25,302 69
C. W. Crosby	26,000 00	Scholle & Bro	119,620 00
C. A. Cummings	5,500 00	W.Seligman &Co.	75,000 00
DeWitt, Kettle & Co.	30,000 00	Strauss, Hartman & Co.	3,118 97
Duncan Sherman & Co.	23,072 17	Trafe, McCahill & Co.	13,070 81
Freeman & Co	79,400 00	Treadwell & Co	16,300 00
W. Hoge & Co	30,000 00	Turner Bros	4,500 00
Howland & Aspinwall	118,612 90	F.Tulor & Achelis	3,118 31
T. J. Hand & Co.	6,000 00	L. Von Hoffman & Co.	21,500 00
Eugene Kelly & Co.	133,000 00	T.Wattson & Son	2,000 00
E.C.Knight & Co.	11,200 00	J. B. Weir	30,242 80
L. S. Lawrence & Co.	37,000 00	W. F. Weld & Co.	23,000 00
B. Meailer & O. Adams	26,600 00	Wells, Fargo & Co.	399,000 00
		Order	53,378 62
Total			$1,816,532 13

Business in San Francisco had decidedly improved during the fortnight. Real estate had advanced, and sales were made at much improved prices. The rainy season commenced with a violent storm on the 23d ult., and since then the mining prospects have much improved. The accounts from the mining districts, up to the time of the *Sonora's* departure, were very encouraging.

A fire occurred in San Francisco on the evening of the 1st instant, at the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento streets, but owing to the great exertions of the firemen the loss was comparatively slight, amounting to only about $30,000.

A fire took place at Hawkinsville, Siskiyou County, on the 19th ult., by which several houses were destroyed. The following is an estimated list of the losses: **L. Rattlemiller**, $1,500; **Bayles & Co.**, $1,500; **William Byrd**, $500; **Wm. Lauer**, $500; Mrs. **Rhol**, $390; **J. W. Connor**, $50; by other parties, $500. Total, $4,850.

Large numbers of native Californians were emigrating to Sonora, the Government of which State was offering inducements, and paying the passage of the poorer classes.

Some excitement was created in San Francisco by the report that four Americans in the Gadsden territory had been murdered by the Mexican authorities.

Mr. **Ainsa**, a survivor of the outrage, has made a representation of the affair, and forwarded it to our Government at Washington this mail.

Not long since the Supreme Court, in the case of **Fremont** *vs.* Sheriff **Crippen**, of Mariposa County, ordered the latter to put the plaintiff in possession of the Josephine quartz vein, which had been forcibly taken by the Merced Mining Company. This Company has applied for an injunction to restrain the Sheriff from putting **Fremont** in possession.

The vintage is in full progress in Los Angelos. The wine produced this year will be much superior to any hitherto made. Great care is taken in every department of the manufacture, and the experience of former years suggests changes and improvements in its treatment. As the grape market in San Francisco and the North has fallen off, the quantity of fruit turned into wine will be greater this year than formerly. There will not be so many small operators; the great houses have generally purchased the crop of the growers, and the wine manufacture will be less general, but probably more carefully attended to.

The Governor had appointed Thursday, Nov. 25, to be observed as Thanksgiving Day.

There has been considerable excitement in Santa Barbara, in consequence of the discovery of some silver ore in the mountains near the town. Everybody was out on the hunt for more.

A society had been formed for the encouragement of the emigration of Spanish Americans from California to Sonora, in Mexico. A large party of emigrants from Texas, Arkansas, Missouri, and Iowa, had arrived at Los Angeles.

The excavations for the United States foundry at Mare Island had been commenced. It will be the largest foundry in the Union.

The expedition against the Indians in Carson Valley was under thorough organization. Gen. **Kibbe**, Adjutant-General of the State, had started out two weeks' supplies for the volunteer company. Capt. **Underwood**, of the 4th United States Infantry, assisted by Lieut. **Randall**, 2d United States Infantry, whose company (B) had been detailed for service against the same Indians, was engaged in escorting trains over the mountains. The duty of proceeding against and attacking the Indian camps had been reserved for the volunteers. It was thought they would suffer severely from the storms then prevailing, although most of them were inured to mountain life.

The Sixth Infantry had arrived at Big Cañon, in Carson Valley, on their way to Placerville.

A proposition to construct a wagon road from Downieville to Sierra Valley through the gap, is exciting some attention. A survey of the route will be undertaken by **J. E. James**, County Surveyor of Sierra.

In the case of **Henry Bates** *vs.* The Pacific Express Company *et al.*, a suit brought long since on the bond given by the former for the payment of the interest (about $12,000) on the indebtedness of the State, due in New-York in July, 1857—a change of venue was granted on the 25th of October, in the Sacramento District Court to the Twelfth Judicial District, San Francisco.

A grand trial of speed of California colts came off over the Pioneer Course on the 26th October. There was a splendid display of stock, and an immense crowd in attendance. The first prize was taken by the colt *San José Damsel*, owned by **Beatty**, of that City. She trotted her mile in 3:24. On the 28th there was a fine exhibition of stallions on the same Course.

The Los Angeles *Vineyard*, of Oct. 23, says that it has heard a report during the week that **Walker** is again on the war path; that a body of 3,000 men, well armed, are congregated on the confines of the State of Sonora, and that **Walker** has lately joined them. Their object is said to be to avenge the murder of **Crabb** and his followers—to be succeeded by the occupation of the State.

A card from Gen. J. A. **Sutter** is published concerning his title to lands lying between the Sacramento and Feather Rivers. He says: "Having, therefore, resolved upon taking the proper steps to nullify the action taken for the benefit of the settlers, it is due to myself that the public, and some few who have been real friends, and who have been estranged by said action, should know my objects and motives then and now, which is the object of this. What others may think it matters little."

The Misses **Gougenheim**, two favorite and well-known actresses, arrived in San Francisco, from Melbourne, Australia, on the 27th ult. They were to appear in a few days. Their visit to Australia, it is said, has been very successful. The Misses **Gougenheim** leave for New-York on the 5th December. The first Italian opera entertainment of the season was given at Maguire's Opera House on the evening of the 23d. Two artists, named **Eugenio** and **Giovannia Bianchi**, made their *début*. The house was jammed, and the entertainment was a brilliant one. Mrs. **John Wood** reappeared at Maguire's on the evening of the 25th before a crowded audience.

Thomas O. Larkin, Esq., a pioneer citizen of San Francisco, and once United States Consul, is dead.

Ebenezer Thayer, of San Francisco, formerly of Boston, had committed suicide.

The ship *General Cushing*, which ran ashore on Fort Point, just at the entrance of the Golden Gate, had become a total wreck.

THE TEHUANTEPEC ROUTE.

First Through Trip from California to New-Orleans—Description of the Route.

From the N. O. Picayune, Nov. 21.

Minatitlan, Tehuantepec, Monday, Nov. 15, 1858.

We made the Coatzacoalcos Bar about 11 o'clock last evening, 63½ hours from New-Orleans, and awoke this morning, fresh and invigorated by a lovely Sabbath at sea, to a full view of the Isthmus coast. The morning air was cool and bracing, and so clear withal, even before the sun arose, that the outlines of objects five and ten miles distant on the shore could be distinctly seen. There was a mellowness also in the atmosphere peculiar to a morning in the tropics, so softening down the landscape that nothing could be more agreeable to the eye. Nor were the objects before us in themselves unworthy of admiration, or devoid of interest.

The mouth of the river, with its steep, hard banks, of considerable elevation, has especially a very artistic appearance. At a distance, indeed, the opening appears as straight and as regular as if designed for the very purpose it is destined to serve, and cut by the hand of man. On the left bluff, which is the highest, is a small fortification, with a few sentinels, and near it a signal tower, whereon a new Fresnel light is soon to be placed, while away to the eastward tower aloft, in the midst of an otherwise unbroken savanna, two sharply-outlined but mellow-looking mountains, San Marion and Pelon, nature's sentinels and signal towers. The right bank stretches away for miles—as far, indeed, as the eye can reach—an impenetrable jingle of tropical undergrowth, unchanged, in all probability, save in the succession of nature, since the days of the Spanish adventurer. Had the new light been in its place, we might have entered the river immediately on our arrival at the bar. As to the entrance itself, touching which there has been so much speculation, nothing could be more easy. There were at least fourteen feet on the bar in the shallowest place, and we glided over as smoothly and with nearly the same speed as we had traversed the Gulf. I am confident that with a vessel of proper draught there can be no difficulty in this part of our new Transit route. And here it may be well to remind the reader that the soundings, upon which all speculations on this subject have hitherto been based, and which were found to be less than 12½ feet, "were reduced," in the words of the report itself, "for low water, spring tides." Nearly the entire year 14 to 15 feet water may be expected with great certainty. The tides are very irregular, but never more than two feet.

You will not fail to notice that the *Quaker City* made out one of the fastest trips on her record—one of the fastest, indeed, she may ever expect to make; her average speed being a fraction over thirteen miles an hour for the entire distance. For the benefit of those who may wish to travel the route, I may state that the time from New-Orleans to Coatzacoalcos (827 miles) was 63½ hours.

From the bar up to this place, 24 miles, there is any amount of water desired. The channel also is excellent, and the passage easily made by the *Quaker City* in an hour and a half. That makes the time through from New-Orleans sixty-five hours in all. But the traveling public must not always calculate on having the excellent weather with which we were favored. It is believed, however, that as a general thing, the passage can be made from dock to dock in seventy hours.

TRIP UP THE COATZACOALCOS.

They have in Paris what they call the *Jardin des Plantes*, a collection, made at great trouble and expense, of the rarest animals, birds and plants—the wonder of the world. If Paris were situated on the banks of the Coatzacoalcos, as it is on the banks of the Seine, such a collection would certainly be uncalled for. Nature herself has here furnished at hand one far more curious. Monkeys, alligators, eagles, vultures, parrots, macaws, the banyan tree, ceiba, cocoa, palm, and whatever else is rare in the animal and vegetable kingdom alike, are our familiar acquaintances and hourly companions. The first-named, in particular, have welcomed us in numbers innumerable, and what is more to the point, every one who had a gun or could loan the use of one, has had his "pop" at them. This is the veritable paradise of itinerant Esaus.

No sooner had we reached the mouth of the river than we were greeted by a countless number of gulls and "boobies," the former flying, thousands in a flock, light and airy as the swallow, and fairly lighting up the lower horizon by the quick motion of their white wings; a little further up by the flamingo, curlew and white crane—white as the driven snow, and graceful as the swan—a splendid mark in the thick, dark wood for our party on board. As we advanced, the piteous howl of the monkey was heard from the neighboring forest; innumerable flocks of chattering parrots and macaws greeted us as we passed, while the lazy alligator lay sunning himself all along the shore. This ugly monster furnished rare sport to our marksmen—though I believe not one was hit—there was such a grotesque awkwardness in his headlong plunge, to be seen no more; so different from the light, springy, single hop of the white crane, when a shot fell near, that gravity herself must have laughed outright. And here let me advise the traveler, who would enjoy this rare sport, to come out well armed, with plenty of ammunition. A double-barreled rifle, of long range, is best, as the distance is frequently great to either shore.

The Coatzacoalcos is, indeed, a beautiful river, and worthy of the praises bestowed upon it. It runs, for the most part, through a thick, dense forest of mahogany, palm, cypress, cedar, hazel-wood, balsam, cane, &c., &c., all of the most delicate texture, and for the most part so sweetly scented that a constant perfume pervades the air. Lower down towards the mouth, the coast is low and apparently marshy, but reclaimed by good levees. The lands, inexhaustibly rich, would be the best for rice and sugar culture in the world. Above, the banks are higher, and the country one hard, unbroken savanna, equally rich, and admirably adapted to the growth of the orange, lemon, pineapple, coffee, tobacco, maize, and every other tropical grain and fruit. As to the transfer and titles of these lands, I have not yet obtained reliable information; but nothing can be more certain than this, that should the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, as it must, become the great thoroughfare to the Pacific, and thereby a market opened up for their production, these lands will be the most valuable in the world.

The channel of the Coatzacoalcos is, on an average, about 200 yards in width, with plenty of water, most of the distance, for common steamboats. It reminds me very much, thoughout its course, of the Alabama. The time consumed by the passage up is from 13 to 15 hours; down, it is made in 8 or 10.

The *Suchil* is a neat little boat, 146 feet by 35, and admirably adapted to the purpose, being very light of draught, so that she can without difficulty pass over the shoalest water in the dry season. She is soon to be fitted out with an upper deck, for the special accommodation of families. Captain **Weir**, her commander, is intimately acquainted with the river, cool, self-possessed and vigilant, and worthy of the golden opinions he is winning from all his passengers. Life and property are as safe on the Coatzacoalcos as on our own river.

The settlements, or ranches along the shore are not numerous, but extremely beautiful. It is difficult, indeed, for one who has never been out of the "States" to conceive the luxuriance of vegetation here. This gives wonderful picturesqueness to an Isthmus home. The houses are principally built of dried clay and thatched with palm-leaf. At many places, as we passed, large crowds of the copper-visaged, half-naked, wondering natives collected on the shore to cheer us, while thousands of cattle grazed in the neighboring pastures.

THE OVERLAND ROUTE.

We arrived at Suchil about 1 o'clock this morning, having made the trip up from Minatitlan in less than thirteen hours. The California mails and passengers, 22 in number, were immediately started off for Ventosa, to take the steamer of the 19th for Acapulco and San Francisco. The train numbered about 40 mules, when they left this place. The party breakfasted, as we afterwards learned, at Fifteen-mile Station.

We find here a large number of the firmest and most enterprising friends of the road, Mr. **La Serr**, President of the Company, just returned, delighted, from the trip to Ventosa; Mr. **Murphy**, Superintendent; Mr. **Mabigny**, Treasurer, and Messrs. **Pratt, Stinson** and **Yorke**, of the Construction Department.

The actual state of things, as I learn from these gentlemen, is this: Twenty-five miles of this end of the road, viz.: from Suchil south, is still bad. The country is not low or marshy; on the contrary, it is broken and frequently elevated—but the soil is a thick, heavy clay, the condition of which, after heavy rains in a woody country, can well be imagined. There is also another bad spot, about five miles long, in the Malatengo hills. With these exceptions, as I am assured by all, the road is excellent for wheel vehicles of every description, the entire distance; much of it the most beautiful that can be imagined, hard and smooth, running through broad expansive plains, or skirted by forest trees of every description, out of which open up from time to time the most beautiful and enchanting views.

It is unnecessary here to say that the whole force of the Company is energetically engaged in putting these bad places in order; but, until this is done, the transit must continue to be made, as at present, a distance of sixty-five miles, to the Almolaya River, on mules. From that point the traveler now, if he so chooses, takes the coach, of which twenty are already on the Isthmus. Twenty more are soon expected.

In this connection, I have a piece of important news to impart to you. It has recently been found practicable to make connection with the carriage road, at a point on the Jaltepec River (a tributary of the Coatzacoalcos) about eleven miles above its mouth, whereby something like seven miles of the worst part of the road will be cut off, and the overland transit shortened that much. This cuts down the distance from water to water already to 105½ miles. It is believed, indeed, that the length of the whole transit can yet be brought within 100 miles, which distance ought certainly, when the road is fully completed, to be traversed in twenty hours, all stoppages included.

ARRIVAL OF THE CALIFORNIA MAILS.

I had written thus far when, to the surprise of every one, Mr. **Murphy**, the energetic Superintendent, came galloping into town with the California mails of the 5th inst.—12 hours at least before any one had expected them. They were brought down on the other side, of course, by the steamship *Oregon*, 35 hours from Acapulco, when they were received from the Panama steamers, and reached Ventosa at 9½ P. M., of the 14th. By 3 P. M. of the 16th—40 hours—they were in Suchil; in 9 more at this place and ready for the *Quaker City*, or 84 hours (three and a half days) in all from Acapulco. That's quick work. The voyage from San Francisco to Acapulco, I am told, can be made in six days, or less, which would bring the California mails into New-Orleans, over the still incompleted route, in a little more than 12 days, including the *Quaker City's* passage—a result little expected, I imagine, by even the most sanguine friend of our enterprise. As it is, we think here that the first California mail by the Tehuantepec route will be through in a little over 14 days, from San Francisco.

As to the harbor of Ventosa, of which so much has been said, I am told it presents no difficulty whatever. In the opinion of competent hydrographers, who have recently visited it, and whom I might name, not even a breakwater will be needed.

The complete surprise with which the unexpected arrival of the California mail at Suchil took us, of course compelled my return here, as my dispatches had to be made up *en route*. I go back by the next steamer to pursue my journey to the Pacific.

The health of this place, as also of the whole Isthmus, is excellent. H. H. P.

FRASER'S RIVER.

The steamers *Pacific* and *Panama* arrived at San Francisco on the 2d November, from Fraser's River, with six hundred returning miners, although the news from that region is rather cheering, and the miners are succeeding better than they were a month ago.

There was a great scarcity of provisions at Fraser's River, and potatoes were selling at seventy-five cents per pound. The Winter was commencing in the upper districts, and snow had fallen.

At Victoria an injunction had been laid on the American brig *Kate Foster*, in a case of barratry on the part of the captain, and she was placed in the hands of a receiver.

The San Francisco *Alta* publishes a table showing the amounts of gold dust imported through **Wells, Fargo** & Co.'s Express from Victoria, Portland, Whatcom and Sehome, since the 1st of May last. The whole amount of dust imported from Victoria and Bellingham Bay, in the last six months, is $173,296 25, of which probably $75,000 was California dust, leaving $98,000 as the import of Fraser River dust. Not less than 15,000 miners went from this State to Victoria; they carried, perhaps, $10 in California dust each with them on an average. Most of them were compelled to spend all they had before returning; and, according to this rule, at least $75,000 of the imported dust must have been dug in our own State. Let us suppose, however, that the whole amount of the dust from Victoria and Bellingham Bay was dug on Fraser River, and that as much more heretofore dug is still in the hands of the miners, and that as much more has been sent to England by sailing vessels—all unreasonably liberal allowances—and we have the total produce of Fraser River at $500,000; whereas, California produces $150,000 every day in dust, and $900,000 every week. Why, all Fraser River is an insignificant affair compared with the Allison quartz mine at Grass Valley, which sends $40,000 to the mint every month.

California Markets.

Wednesday, Oct. 27—P. M.

Flour—Sales at $8 50@$10 50; 800 quar. sacks San José Mills, "as are," at auction, at $7 62½@$7 87½.

Wheat—Sales of 350 bags at 3c.; 300 do. at 3¼c.

Barley—Sales of 1,500 bags and 300 do. at $1 05; 640 do. and 400 do. at $1 07½; 298 do. at $1 10; 250 do. on private terms.

Oats—No sales reported.

Potatoes—Sales at 1c.@1½c. ℔ lb.

Lard—Sales of 100 cases J. H. & Co.'s, and 25 cases Popham & Haxtun's, on private terms.

Bacon—Sale at auction of 10 cases extra clear, "as is," at 14½c.

Butter—Sales of 90 firkins diamond R.; 83 do. and 50 do., all private.

Teas—Sale of 372 small boxes black teas at 50c.

Nuts—2,500 lbs. soft-shelled Almonds sold on private terms.

Sugar—50 bbls. Eastern crushed sold on private terms.

Soap—600 boxes Hill's No. 1 sold on private terms.

Candles—80 boxes Adamantine sold at auction at 19½c.

Tobacco and Cigars—There have been sales during the month of 50 cases Apricot Tobacco, at 38c.; sales, to arrive, of 30 cases May Flower, 50 cases Invincible twist, 100 cases Forest Rose, 60 cases Invincible ½ lb. lumps, 150 cases Peach—all private. Sales of genuine Havana cigars, ex. *John L. Stephens*, 737 M., 280 do., 110 do., 150 do., 80 do.—all private. Sales of imitations, 240 M., 500 do., 270 do., 1,000 do. German medios, 200 M. Manila cigars, and 50 M. Garcia cigaritos.

Beer—Sales of 60 cases **Trueman's** stout, 20 cases **Morice, Cox & Co.**'s do., 20 casks Bass' ale—all private.

Earthenware—Sale by auction, ex-*Comet*, of 116 crates, at 22½c.@$2 75.

Glassware—100 packages assorted, at auction, at cost and charges.

Graniteware—Auction sales of 5 crates dinner and chamber sets, at 65c.; 12 crates blue do., at 50c.

Matches—Sale of 4,000 gross Vienna saloon, at $2 60

FROM UTAH.

Condition of the Territory—Need of Religious Instruction—Case of Robbery—Topographical Survey—Condition of the Public Records.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Great Salt Lake City, Saturday, Oct. 30, 1858.

Gentile energy and enterprise, assisted by Mormon industry, and backed by the capital afforded by the expenditures which the Government is now making in this Territory, is rapidly developing its resources and gradually working a reform, both in its social and political characteristics. This change for the better, although progressing very slowly, is still appreciable; and if encouraged by the Government in its policy towards the Territory by continuing to interpose its aid in the maintenance of law and order, will tend to heal up the ugly sore which has disgraced our land.

One thing, however, must be done, and that quickly. Poligamy must be checked, and its farther extension effectually prohibited. The more we see of the workings of this cursed institution, the more abhorrent and repugnant to our feelings does it become. The secret, hidden anguish, gradually petrifying the heart and soul of its victim, compelled to suffer in despair during a lifetime, is more terrible in its results, more to be dreaded than the outburst of misery which sometimes finds its way to the public ear. Go to the homes of the Mormons; look at the faces of those mothers, and you see but two forms of expression—the one of deep silent sorrow, the other of reckless abandon, the result of a total loss of self-respect. Look for the children; they are not at the fireside. You do not find them at school; but there they are, the boys collected in little groups among the cattle, which they are herding, thumbing over a greasy pack of cards, or digging roots on the hill-sides; the little girls washing greasy dishes. These children know nothing of the comforts of life. You never find them playing at the innocent games and sports of children in the States. They know not what it is to go to school; they have no nice little beds to sleep in, but they must sleep on the floor or in the hay stack, wrapped up in a pair of blankets; they must, almost as soon as they can walk, go to work at something, and continue to work from morning till night the whole year round. As I before mentioned, the first business of the boys, whilst very young, is to herd cattle. They go out in the morning with a herd, and stay with them all day, bringing them back at night They are thus idle the greater part of their time, and without restraint, and in such a school, are trained for life.

Can nothing be done to remedy this evil? We look to Congress, to the representatives of the people for some action in regard to Polygamy—but at the same time, we look to the people themselves for some action in regard to the social evils existing here in other respects.

It is a fact, that in the centre of the American Republic there are now living 50,000 souls, who have not had, since their settlement here, ten years ago, a single minister of the Gospel among them, who, at this time, are entirely without the means of having the Word of God preached to them. Sunday after Sunday passes away among these 50,000 souls, none meet together to worship God, and not a public prayer or hymn of thanksgiving is offered up to our Creator.

Perhaps one-half of the present population of the Territory now live like Atheists, whilst the remainder boast of a religion more hideous than the idolatrous beliefs of barbarous nations, and yet, no effort is made to effect a change. Whilst thousands of dollars are spent annually in sending missionaries to peoples of different races, tongues and nations, whilst here, in the midst of our own land, is a large population of our own countrymen entirely cut off from the opportunities of enjoying any of the privileges of the Christian religion, for the want of teachers and guides. Here are 10,000 children growing up without a single Sunday School, and yet, our earnest entreaties to the Christian public have been made in vain in their behalf. No missionary, no minister of the Gospel can be found bold enough, self-sacrificing enough to take his Bible in his hand and come to this people and expound its truthful and simple doctrines. No field for missionary labors ever presented such an inviting aspect as this one, for the people now will listen—and yet the Mormon leaders are allowed to boast that the "Priests" of Christianity are afraid to encounter Mormonism, and do not dare to comba against its doctrines.

Will not the religious press of your City urge a cont sideration of this matter upon the people?

On last Saturday night, a most bold and outrageous assault and robbery was committed upon the person of **Charles McCarthy**, by three men—two Mormons and one Gentile. He had been drinking in their company at a drinking saloon kept by a Mormon on Main-street; upon leaving the house, at about 12 o'clock at night, he was pursued by the villains, who fired pistols at him, and overtaking him, knocked him down and robbed him of $160. The policemen succeded in arresting two of the robbers, but one of them was rescued from their hands by a gang of his companions, who attacked the policemen with pistols, and compelled them to release the prisoner. They were all, however, arrested the next day, and after an examination before the Justice of the Peace, were held to answer before the Court in the sum of $5,000 each.

The prominent person charged with this robbery was **Henry E. Phelps**, son of **W. W. Phelps**, a Mormon in high standing in the Church, who is represented by **Hyde**, in his work on Mormonism, as performing the part of the "Devil," in the garden scene of the endowment ceremonies. This same **Henry Phelps** is the Territorial Meteorological Observer whose meteorological reports appear monthly in the Deseret *News*.

A company comprising the most influential Gentiles in the Territory have been surveying and locating a site for a large city, to be built at the mouth of Provo Cañon in Utah County.

The site for the city is unsurpassed for beauty and eligibility by any in the Territory. It will [illegible] about 1,500 acres, and is situated upon an el[illegible] level bench in a nook of the mountains, wh[illegible] tects it from the north and east, whilst in the [illegible] this bend the Provo River flows out of its ro[illegible] ñon, affording a most ample supply of water. [illegible] bench is about 140 feet above the level of the [illegible] but the company are making arrangements [illegible] the water from the bed of the river on to the [illegible] which can be readily accomplished, as the fall of the river is nearly 100 feet in the mile.

The advantages of this city will be its situ[illegible] the main outlet and inlet of all the trade w[illegible] Territory; for since the completion of th[illegible] through this cañon, which avoids the crossing [illegible] mountain peaks, all the travel to and from th[illegible] will pass over this road and avoid Salt Lake City altogether. Gen. **Johnston** has now a party o[illegible] graphical Engineers out under Capt. **Simpson**, [illegible] ing the country due west from the mouth of the [illegible] with a view to the construction of a wagon road [illegible] to California. If such a road is discovered, [illegible] have no doubt but that such will be the [illegible] will cause the entire travel between Califor[illegible] the Eastern States to pass through the new [illegible] this route would be shorter by some three [illegible] miles than the old one. Again, in addition to [illegible] advantages, a fine bed of coal has been disco[illegible] the Provo Cañon, within 30 or 40 miles of th[illegible] and furthermore, if a railroad to the Paci[illegible] passes through this valley it is bound to enter [illegible] the Provo Cañon, as it is of easy grade and c[illegible] tively free from snow. These causes, we th[illegible] in time make this the principal city of the T[illegible] and we are happy that it is under the dir[illegible] Gentiles. The name of the new city has not [illegible] decided upon, but it is already called Babylo[illegible] Mormons.

In a recent number of the Deseret *News*, [illegible] appear certain certificates from public officer[illegible] fessing to contradict statements made by the [illegible] Correspondent of the San Francisco *Bulletin*, [illegible] gard to the public records of the Territory. [illegible] certificates were published by Governor Cum[illegible] sustain certain assertions which he had made [illegible] this subject.

As I have myself, in my correspondence t[illegible] paper, taken occasion to speak of the unsatis[illegible] condition of the public records of the Territ[illegible] addressed the following letter to Secretary Ha[illegible] in regard to the records of his office:

Great Salt Lake City, U. T., Oct. 29, [illegible]

The Hon. John Hartnett, Secretary of Utah Ter[illegible]:

Dear Sir—Having read a statement publis[illegible] the Deseret *News* of the 27th inst., in regard [illegible] papers and records of your office, which would [illegible] to discredit the statement made by the corresp[illegible] of the San Francisco *Bulletin*, in a communi[illegible] dated Great Salt Lake City, Sept. 13, 1858, in [illegible] he says that, "The papers of the Territorial [illegible] tary's Office are equally imperfect. There is [illegible] enrolled bill on file, nor any official evidence of [illegible] gle legislative act from the time of the organiza[illegible] the Territory to the present day, so that it is do[illegible] whether we have any law at all in Utah." An[illegible] have had occasion, in my correspondence t[illegible] New-York Times, to make in substance the [illegible] statement, upon authority which I considered [illegible] fectly reliable, I have now to request of you a [illegible] ment for publication in regard to the time at which [illegible] found the records of the Territory in your off[illegible] be complete and in order, so that the public m[illegible] correctly informed as to the facts in the matter. [illegible] will thus oblige, Your ob't servant,

Correspondent of the New-York [illegible]

In reply Secretary **Hartnett** says:

Salt Lake City, Oct. 2[illegible]

—— Esq.—*Sir*: Your letter of date 29th [illegible] before me, and in answer I will explain the m[illegible] which an error was committed in the report [illegible] regard to the records of my office, viz.: I was [illegible] produce the journal of the Utah Legislature, [illegible] enrolled bills thereof, for which I sought and [illegible] both of the former Secretary, *pro tem.*, and th[illegible] of the deceased Secretary, **Babbitt**. The form[illegible] understood him to say, had neither the [illegible] *bound* journals, or the *original enrolled* [illegible] (he says I am mistaken.) The latter sta[illegible] me that the enrolled bills had never been kept [illegible] Secretary's office. Not finding the papers, the[illegible] in their proper place, I so reported to the Jud[illegible] the Court and others. On a more careful ex[illegible] tion, however, with the assistance of others [illegible] familiar with the Secretary's office, I have since [illegible] the papers, and have so reported to the proper de[illegible] ment at Washington.

I will admit that I did state that the papers, *the en*[illegible] *rolled* bills of the Legislature, were not in my o[illegible] but I was led to believe it from representations [illegible] those more familiar with the office than was I, and [illegible] the reason that the said papers were not in the [illegible] where one would naturally look for them.

Yours respectfully,
JOHN HARTNETT."

It will be seen from this correspondence that [illegible] Hon. Secretary himself stated that there were no en[illegible] rolled bills on file in his office, he having been le[illegible] believe so from the fact that they had been mispla[illegible] Having lately found these enrolled bills on file, [illegible] records of his office now appear to be complete, w[illegible] the exception of a *bound* journal of the proceedin[illegible] of the Legislature.

In regard to the Court Records I stated in my let[illegible] ter, dated Aug. 21, that: "The records which have been received are those of a single term of the Court only, namely, the last term which has been held here, (in the Winter of 1855-56.") Such was the fact, but at the meeting of the Court on the first Monday in October, Judge **Sinclair** issued an order of the Court, directed to the United States Marshal, against **J. W. Cummings**, the former Clerk of the Court, to compel him to deliver up all the papers which he had in his possession belonging to the Court, and the result was that on last Friday, the 22d of October, all the balance of the records were delivered up to the present Clerk of the Court, and are in the condition represented by Judge **Sinclair** and Messrs. **Cabot, Anderson, Hartnett**, and **Dotson**. It was not, however, until compelled to do so by an order of the Court that **Cummings**, the former Clerk, delivered them up a week ago. The Clerk of the Supreme Court is a Mormon, and I at present know nothing about those records except what I learn from his affidavit. I do know, however, that they were in **Brigham Young**'s office.

Nothing has yet been heard or discovered of Judge **Sinclair**'s Law library, and I am confident that it was destroyed by fire.

Dr. **Forney**, Superintendent of Indian Affairs, returned to this City yesterday from his trip to Carson Valley. He reports the Indians all along the road very friendly and peaceably disposed.

The United States Court for this District, which was adjourned until the first Monday in November, will probably again adjourn a few weeks longer to await the arrival of the United States Prosecuting Attorney.

The press and type for the new "Gentile" paper is expected to reach the city to-day. A. B. C.

A letter from Dr. **Forney**, Indian Agent in Utah, appears in the San Francisco papers. He writes:

"So far as one can depend on the integrity of Indians, I can say to you, confidently, that you have nothing to fear from Indians between this point and Salt Lake City. The Pah-Ute tribe inhabit this portion of Humboldt Valley. The country which they claim commences at a Kanyon (Cañon) and range of hills, about 40 miles east of this, and runs west to some point west of the Sink.

On my arrival at Salt Lake City, I found Indian affairs in a very mixed condition, and much to be done almost at once. I did intend, however, if at all possible, to make a hurried visit to the Humboldt and Carson Valleys this Fall."

The Secretary of Utah Territory, Mr. **John Hartnett**, has transmitted to the Agricultural Bureau of the Patent Office a communication on the subject of cotton-growing in Utah, of which the following are extracts:

The first efforts to raise cotton in Utah Territory were made at Fort Clara, on the Santa Clara River, upwards of three hundred miles south of Great Salt Lake City, in 1855. About three quarts of seed, several years old, and of different kinds, were obtained, most of which, at the recommendation of persons professing some knowledge in this branch of agriculture, were soaked in new milk. The result was, not one of the milk-soaked seeds come up. Of a small portion which was not milk-soaked, nearly one hundred plants grew, from which were raised 75 lbs. of seed cotton.

Not to be baffled by any trivial discouragement, the cotton pioneers of Fort Clara renewed their efforts the ensuing season, planting one and a half bushels of seed on about five acres of land. This being plowed in, the seed was covered too deep, which diminished the crop to about one-tenth of a stand. Some two hundred pounds of seed cotton were raised.

The soil throughout the region of country where efforts are being made to raise cotton is wholly of temporary formations, located upon the former river-bed; the sub-strata to which is a conglomerate, which appears pretty solid and well cemented, but upon being brought in contact with water immediately dissolves.

We have no rains, and our crops depend wholly upon irrigation, which, in some instances, has proved a most precarious dependence. Salt, saleratus and other minerals which exist in the soil and manifest themselves upon its being irrigated, are most destructive to the cotton. I have seen some pieces so totally destroyed that not a vestige of the plant remained. There is a hot, sultry wind from the desert that occasionally blows which is also dreaded, for wherever it passes, vegetation wilts as if parched by desert thirst, and dies at once. I have witnessed, in several instances, the effect of this wind. Cool nights are also somewhat frequent, and very detrimental.

There is a small cotton gin at Fort Clara, and a smaller one at Washington. The cotton has thus far been carded by hand. I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
JAMES McKNIGHT.

To the Hon. J. **Hartnett**, Secretary of Utah Territory.

Elder **Wm. I. Appleby** and a company of Mormons arrived at Salt Lake City, Oct. 15. The Australian missionaries had returned.

The Deseret *News* complains of the prevalence of "rows and rowdyism" in Salt Lake City. The same paper has the following:

"A report has reached here, which we think is reliable, that on Friday last, the 15th inst., the remains of **Josiah Call** and **Samuel Brown**, both of Fillmore City, were found in a state of decomposition, near Chicken Creek bridge, about twenty miles south of Nephi. They had received several bullet shots in their bodies; their throats were cut in a frightful manner, were rudely scalped, and robbed of part of their clothing. The particulars of this melancholy circumstance are not known, but from all we hear it must have been perpetrated by Indians."

The *News* demands the privilege of preëmption for the Mormons:

It is a fact which, if not a law on a statute book, has grown into a law of custom, that the primal and continued occupation of all public lands within the jurisdiction of our Government entitles the occupants to the patronage of Congress in the passage of acts of preemption or grants of land. Since then this is the fact and has been the fact from the very foundation of our Government, we claim the extension of the practice to Utah. We have earned it faithfully and patriotically. We have earned it by our services against the nation from whose hands the land was wrested. We have earned it by the abandonment of happy homes in other lands. We have earned it by the blood of our brothers and sires and sons in its defence against the aboriginal savage. The extent and advancement of settlements and improvements testify whether we have not earned it by our industry. The graves of our kindred, that form sorrowful guide-boards on the path which led us here, testify whether we have not earned it by exposure and fatigue.

Case of Consul Mc Leod at Mozambique.

To the Editor of the London Times:

SIR: My attention having been drawn to a letter under the above heading in the *Times* of to-day, signed "Voyageur," from the Reform Club, I trust that you will do me the justice to allow me to state that I am unacquainted with "Voyageur," and that I feel myself called upon to correct him as far as regards certain statements made in his letter.

"Voyageur" writes that, "So unblushingly did the officials of Portugal carry on the commerce, that the British Consul on the Mozambique coast made the strongest representations to them as to their violation of the treaty stipulations; he was, in consequence, subjected to the vilest indignities, imprisoned, half starved, and his life threatened; and having managed (with his wife) to effect his escape just in time to avoid being murdered by the Governor of Mozambique," &c.

The whole of the above is correct as far as this: I was subjected to very great indignities; I was so far imprisoned that I could not obtain a crew for my boat, or otherwise communicate for five or six days at a time with the local authorities, and thereby confined to the walls of my house. All supplies of food were cut off, and I was for four or five days at a time without bread in my house; for months the only bread I could obtain was bought for me by a negro from the negroes at Mozambique—that is to say, negro bread. My life, and those of my wife and her maid, were threatened and endangered by the slaves of the slave-dealers, who were sent on three different occasions to stone us through the windows of our house; on the last occasion my wife was wounded in the hand.

But my life was not attempted by the Governor of Mozambique, or, rather, His Excellency the Governor-General of the Province of Mozambique. Colonel JOAO TAVARES DE ALMEIDA, since his inauguration as Governor-General of Mozambique, on the 26th of September, 1857, until I hauled down the consular flag in presence of two British ships-of-war, and embarked on board of one of them, under my consular salute, in consequence of His Excellency not being able to protect me from the violence of the Slave party at that port, considering his powerless position, endeavored to protect me; and, in justice to that official, I feel myself called upon to correct the statement relative to him.

At the proper time I have no doubt that Her Majesty's Government will make known what Her Majesty's Consul and family have suffered at Mozambique.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
T. LYONS M'LEOD,
Her Majesty's Consul for Mozambique.

Message of the Governor of South Carolina.

Governor ALLSTON, of South Carolina, in his Message to the Legislature, counsels the people of the State concerning the expenditure of their money at the North. He says:

"There are Southern men of wealth, doubtless, who expend most of their surplus profits in Northern investments and objects of pleasure. It has been estimated that some forty millions of dollars of Southern income have been disbursed in a single year north of the Potomac. A just regard to our own interest would seem to require that our surplus income be laid out in Southern securities, in improving the homestead, reclaiming and draining waste lands, cultivating grounds, and pushing railways East and West, between the Atlantic and Mississippi, and still westward to the Pacific. Three millions of surplus profits invested in an aqueduct from the River Santee to Charleston, along the line of the North-eastern Railroad, would go far to perfect the commercial emporium of the State from the fearful pestilence which too often infects her streets. When this forty millions of money is added to the still larger sum, that of the greater portion of the Federal revenues, under the ordinary operation of the Government, one main cause of the thrift and promise of Northern cities, villages, and country is made manifest."

The importance of dispensing information and encouragement amongst farmers by means of agricultural societies, is properly noticed by the Governor, who thinks great benefit has resulted from the stimulus of agricultural exhibitions.

Upon the subject of finance and banking the Governor is brief. He states the permanent debt of the State at $4,444,165. This includes $1,510,420 of the United States surplus revenue on deposit. He declines suggestions of his own on the subject of banking, further than to ask for the repeal of the usury laws, and to recommend stability and as little legislation as possible.

London Stock Jobbing—A Curious Case.

From the London Times, Nov. 12.

Within the last week or ten days WILLIAM LEMON OLIVER, described as a stockbroker, of 4, Austin-friars, has from time to time been brought up to Guildhall under remand. He was not, however, a member of the Stock-Exchange. The first charge against him was that he had appropriated to his own use a sum of 5,000*l.*, intrusted to him by a lady named DANCE residing at Southsea, Hants, for the purpose of investing in certain Canadian securities. So heavy a case was made out against him that he was committed to take his trial for this offence, but no sooner were the proceedings in this affair at an end than a fresh charge was brought against the prisoner by Mr. ROBERT SWAN, a gentleman with whom he had lived on terms of great intimacy. On the 2d of August last OLIVER wrote to Mr. SWAN a letter, which, as far as style and composition go, one might have expected to find in the familiar epistles of BOB SAWYER and BEN ALLEN. The substance of it, however, was a suggestion that if Mr. SWAN would like to have a £20 note for nothing, his friend OLIVER would put him in the way of getting one. He was to send up the key of his deed-box, then lying in the London and County Bank, and OLIVER was to take from it 1,000 £1 shares of the North British Australian Company, which he was to lend "to a first-class man, who was anxious to get on the Direction of the Company. For the accommodation the first-class man would pay down £20, and deposit £1,000 value in Manchester, Sheffield and Lincoln stock, and 250 Submarine Telegraph shares, value £350 at the lowest; engaging, moreover, to pay all dividends declared or declarable within the three months, and to return free of all expenses the shares at the period named—that is, three months." The trout rose to the fly. OLIVER's object was to get acknowledged access to the box at the London and County Bank; let him once arrive at that point, and he knew what he had to do. Mr. SWAN's letter, in reply, dated from Alnwick, beginning with "My dear old Cromwellian," and signed "Senior Dog, Boo," is crammed with stuff about a young lady named BERTHA, who has in her bosom "Ætna's never-dying flame;" but in the midst of all this nonsense, the important permission was given. Now, the fact was, that not in August, but so far back as January last, OLIVER had obtained access to Mr. SWAN's box, and this correspondence was a mere blind to delude the prosecutor, in case he should by any hazard discover the absence of his securities. In January last OLIVER had transferred five hundred of these shares to a person named BARRY, and in the following July the second 500 to the London and County Bank. In the latter case the transfer really bore the prosecutor's signature, but it appeared that Mr. SWAN had been so silly as to sign several blank transfers for another purpose, and to leave them in OLIVER's custody. The signature of the attesting witness, however, was a clear forgery. But this was not all. OLIVER had abstracted the 100 Crystal Palace shares from the same box, and, in order to effect the transfer, had deliberately signed the name of "ROBERT SWAN." He now stands committed for trial upon a charge of forgery and two charges of larceny, with his friend, Mr. SWAN, as his prosecutor, as well as upon the charges preferred by Miss DANCE.

We do not know that the story of WILLIAM LEMON OLIVER is at all new, although the effect of telling it may be for a while to put people on their guard. A man without character, connexion, or capital takes a set of offices in the city of London. He buys a few ledgers and account-books of imposing appearance, some stationery, and a few rulers and inkstands. There is an outer office for the clerks, and a small inner *sanctum* for the principal. In such a web so baited the flies will entangle themselves, as though they had no other resource. If the public are mad enough to trust such adventurers, who can stop them? All we can do is to publish from time to time reports of notable frauds, and to add that there are plenty of regular brokers in the city of London who will transact business for respectable customers in a safe and satisfactory manner, while thirty of the sharpest of their body, under the name of the Committee of the Stock Exchange, are ever at hand to keep these gentlemen in order.

Government Stores of Corn in France.

The Paris *Constitutionnel* returns to the subject of a Corn Reserve, which it asserts to be decidedly contemplated by the Imperial Government. "Our readers," the article commences, "will not be astonished if we treat the great question of the organization of a Grain Reserve at some length. The low price of cereals has again made it the order of the day, and we cannot too strongly support the plan formed by the Imperial Government for at last solving a problem equally interesting to humanity, agriculture and social order."

The writer then shows that a certain reserve has already been compulsorily enforced in Paris and the department of the Seine. The 1,100 bakers of that department are bound to have in store flour enough for three months' consumption. The quantity amounts to 263,860 sacks, or 555,571 quintals, (a metrical quintal is 221½ pounds English.) Of this the bakers keep a seventh at their own residences, and the rest is either stored in Government warehouses, or at private warehouses that contract for storing it and keeping it in good order. This system, or something analogous, it is proposed to enforce in towns having not less than 10,000 inhabitants, of which there are in France 150, according to the census of 1856. The cost of three months' provision for these towns would not, it is stated, require an advance of more than 31,000,000f. or 32,000,000f. Taking the present price of a hectolitre of wheat at 14f., it is calculated that the cost of warehousing, insurance, interest and attention, need not enhance that figure beyond 16f. 28c. at the end of three years, while the last scarcity brought the prices up to 30f. Supposing the reserve to be kept in flour instead of wheat, the estimated cost at the end of three years would be 51f. 15c. the sack, while the price was not long ago at 100f., and beyond. It must be recollected that in calculating interest, warehouse-room, &c., it is not supposed that the total of the reserve is to be stored in the first year, but that the operation will be spread over the three years, according to plenty and price.

The reserve (continues the article) organized under these conditions would therefore impose no real burden on the municipalities. We might apply to it the words inscribed on the store granary of Geneva: "*Alit et dilat.*" Moreover, if the operation were in the end to cost the municipalities something, which we have shown to be utterly improbable, the slight sacrifice occasioned would be more than compensated by the economy of every kind that would be obtained. Let the expenses be considered which they are bound to submit to, in times of scarcity, for the relief of the poor. Alms, donations of bread, charitable workshops—all come in a moment to load their budgets, and all would cease to be necessary, in great part at least, when, thanks to the reserve, they are able to keep the prices of bread down to a moderate rate. We shall insist no further. The organization of an urban reserve is so simple and practicable that it has been advised by the best intellects and the most competent men. Time alone was wanting to NAPOLEON I. to have carried it out; and it will be the Government of NAPOLEON III. that will have the honor of realizing an enterprise so essential to the happiness of humanity and the progress of civilization. The decree for its organization will not, we have reason to believe, be long waited for. It is of the greatest interest, indeed, that the Government should hasten to action—that it should not let slip so favorable an opportunity—that it should as soon as possible put the municipalities in a position to proceed to the execution of a measure that will have at this moment the advantage of opening an important avenue to agriculture, and of stopping the fall of prices.

BROOKLYN INTELLIGENCE.

THE COLUMBIA-STREET MURDER—ARREST OF THE OFFENDER.—At an early hour, Saturday morning last, Captain SHANMAN and Sergeant FURY, of the Third Precinct, succeeded in arresting WILLIAM CULLEN, accused of killing JOHN HART, in Columbia-street near Kelsey's Alley, South Brooklyn, on the night of the 17th instant. Immediately after the commission of the offence, CULLEN made his escape, and was not found until about 5 o'clock, Saturday morning, when the officers seized him in bed in a house occupied by JOSEPH MURPHY, on Second-avenue near Thirty-second-street, New-York. He made no resistence whatever, but seemed to be much dejected when brought to Brooklyn and locked up in the jail. His friends supposed they had completely eluded the Police, and had made all the necessary arrangements to ship him to Europe on board a vessel to sail to-day. MURPHY, in whose house he was found, was arrested for conniving at his escape, and was committed in New-York to await the action of the Grand Jury. The Kings County Grand Jury found a true bill for murder against CULLEN on Saturday, and will make their return of the indictment to-day.

A REMINISCENCE.—In the year 1834 a wealthy resident of Brooklyn erected the two-story stores now standing in Fulton-street, corner of Clark, equal distance between Fulton Ferry and the City Hall. The location was so far in the country, and away from all business at that time, that the owner was deemed insane, and not a suitable person to manage his own property. Accordingly a legal commission was appointed to test his sanity, and they rendered a decision that he was *non compus*,—the principal evidence of this being the erection of the stores referred to,—and the control of his property was actually taken from him. This was only twenty-four years ago, and within the recollection of many residents who call themselves "young men" now. Brooklyn then had a population of 24,000 souls. Now she has a population of nearly 250,000, and the land for miles in either direction inland, from the corner of Clark and Fulton streets, is covered with a dense population.

THE STORM.—Snow fell to the depth of between three and four inches in this city during the day yesterday, but this did not seriously impede the running of the city cars, and the usual regularity in their trips was maintained.

DEATH AT THE CITY HOSPITAL.—HENRY SCHAFFER, framer, who was injured by a fall at the State Arsenal on Thursday last, died at the City Hospital on Saturday from the injuries received. Deceased leaves a widow and three children, who reside on Degraw, near Smith streets.

ST. NICHOLAS SOCIETY.—The annual dinner of the St. Nicholas Society will be given to-morrow evening at the Pierrepont House.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDAR—MONDAY.

SUPREME COURT—*Circuit—Part I.*—Same as Wednesday, Nov. 24, with the following: Nos. 1631, 1357, 541, 1915, 957, 2103, 1801, 2958. *Part II.*—Nos. 740, 1906, 2654, 2674, 2676, 2678, 2680, 2684, 2686, 2688, 2692, 2694, 2696, 2698, 2700, 2702, 2704, 2706, 2708, 2712, 2714, 2716, 2718, 2720, 2722, 1966, 2726, 2728, 2730, 2732, 2734, 2736, 2738, 274, 2742, 2746, 2748, 2750, 2752, 2754.

Case of the Haidee—Evidence of Ownership—Register.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Nov. 27.

Before Judge Nelson.

The United States vs. *Jacobsen et al.*—Judge NELSON at the opening of the Court this morning decided the question as to the effect of the register of the vessel on the question of ownership and citizenship.

He said that the Government must establish either that these men were citizens of the United States or that the vessel was owned in whole or in part by citizens. But it was admitted here that these men were foreigners, and the question as to the ownership of the vessel therefore must be decided.

Now the register cannot be evidence on that point, even against the party himself. His ownership is not affected by the registry. Moreover the vessel must be an American ship to be entitled to a register, but one register issued to a vessel is no evidence of her character when another comes to be issued. The party applying for the register must prove *aliunde* that he is an American citizen and therefore entitled to have the ship registered as an American vessel. And of course as to third parties, therefore, the register could be no evidence either of the ownership or the citizenship of the party, in whose name the vessel was registered.

The Judge, however, said that in this case the prosecution having given evidence that the vessel was at a time previous owned by American citizens, made out a *prima facie* case of such ownership until it was shown that her *status* had been changed.

The case proceeded no further this morning, but was adjourned till Monday morning, on account of the absence of one of the jurors, by reason of sickness.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.—Nov. 27.

Robert Esch vs. *Matilda Esch.*—Report confirmed, and divorce granted to the husband.

Sarah H. Alden vs. *Martin Alden.*—Report confirmed, and divorce granted to the wife.

SUPERIOR COURT—GENERAL TERM.—Nov. 27.

Before Judges Bosworth, Hoffman, Woodruff, Slosson and Pierrepont.

William Redmond et al., vs. *George M. Chapman.*—Order affirmed with costs, and the costs of the appeal to be considered as in the cause.

George T. Butterworth vs. *John Kennedy.*—Order reversed.

William Chaise vs. *Lewis O. Wilson and others.*—*A. Wilder* vs. *The Same.*—*The Middlesex Company* vs. *The Same.*—*William Paige and others* vs. *The Same.*—These cases were taken up for argument on appeal from the Judge at Special Term, the questions considered being whether Mr. Wilson, the principal defendant, was or not properly proceeded against by his creditors as a non-resident debtor by attachment, according to the code of procedure.

The facts are these, several years ago Wilson retired from business in this City and went to reside on a farm owned by his wife at Norwalk, Conn. In 1846, he resumed business here but continued to reside with his family at Norwalk. He, in 1856, told his friends that he intended to become a permanent resident in New-York. The farm was then conveyed to his son, and he lived with that son on the same place, but continued to carry on business here boarding at a hotel and returning home to Norwalk on Saturdays, where the family continued to reside.

During the panic last year, he was apprehensive of his being considered a non-resident, and hired rooms at the St. Nicholas, and had his wife and one child there until the following January. The child was then taken sick, and the wife removed with it to Norwalk. The defendant followed in a few days and was there most of the time until May, making transient visits here, and always stopping at a hotel as a day boarder. Mr. Brady, on the part of the defendent, stated the above facts and said that it could be shown that all the visits of the defendant and his wife to Norwalk were mere temporary sojournings for social intercourse.

On the part of the plaintiffs, Messrs. John W. Edmonds and David D. Field appeared, and contended that the evidence of non-residence was abundant. The defendant had voted only five times in fourteen years, four times at Norwalk and once at New-York, and once at Norwalk in November, 1856, the Presidential election.

MARINE COURT—GENERAL TERM—Nov. 27.

Before Judges McCarthy, Thompson and Maynard.

Lewis Benton vs. *Frederick P. James.*—This suit was brought in July on a promissory note for $500 and interest, but on which $250 had been paid.

The defence set up was that the consideration was unlawful. That said note was made while the defendants and others were the owners of the Brick Church property in this City, and that the defendant and others had bargained for the sale of the property to the Government of the United States. That at the time the title was in the hands of the plaintiff for examination, and that he had power to have the sale concluded at once. The action was tried by a Jury, and a verdict found for the plaintiff for $279 64. The case now comes up on appeal for a new trial.

COURT OF APPEALS.

NOTES OF DECISIONS RENDERED AT THE LAST TERM.

Quimby vs. *Vanderbilt.*—A part owner of several lines for the transportation of passengers, running in connection over different portions of a route of travel, may contract as principal for the conveyance of a passenger over the whole route, and such contract may be established by the circumstances, notwithstanding the passenger receive tickets for the different lines signed by their respective agents. Passage tickets are generally to be regarded as tokens rather than contracts, and are not within the rule excluding parol evidence to vary a written agreement. The defendant was the owner of steamships sailing between New-York and the eastern port of the transit route across the Isthmus of Nicaragua. He was also part owner of steamships forming part of a line sailing between the western port of the transit route and San Francisco. He was furnished by the corporation owning and managing the transit route with passage tickets for the conveyance of persons across the Isthmus, by their steamboats and carriages, which he sold to passengers who embarked in his steamships from New-York, and returned those he did not sell; but was not an agent of, nor employed by, the transit road. Upon the door of the office at New-York, occupied by one Allen, the defendant's agent, and which he frequently visited, was posted an advertisement headed "Vanderbilt's Line between New-York and San Francisco," and signed "Allen, Agent," in which the route by the steamships on both oceans and across the Isthmus was described and commended. The agent, at that office, sold to the plaintiff, for a gross sum, three tickets, which severally imported that he was entitled to be carried to and across the Isthmus, and thence upon a particular vessel upon her next voyage to San Francisco, and delivered to him a card, signed by himself, describing the route, and stating that passengers are speedily conveyed across the Isthmus by the Nicaragua Transit. *Held*, that evidence of these facts was sufficient to authorize a Jury to find that the defendant contracted as principal for the prompt conveyance of the plaintiff across the Isthmus, and to charge him with damages for detention.

Harris et al. vs. *Pratt et al.*—A vendor's right of stoppage *in transitu* is not terminated by the goods coming to the hands of a shipping agent appointed by the vendee, though they are delivered to him to await further direction in respect to the time and mode of shipment to the vendee at an ultimate destination previously fixed and not to be affected by such subsequent directions. The transit continues until the goods come to the possession of the vendee or of some agent authorized to act in respect to the disposition of them otherwise than by forwarding them to the vendee. The assignee in trust for creditors of the insolvent vendee is not a purchaser for value, and takes subject to the exercise of any right of stoppage *in transitu* which may exist against his assignor.

Two partners carried on business at New-York, and at Nottingham in England, under different firms, one partner residing at each of those places. They bought goods of the plaintiffs in the name of the English firm, informing them that such goods were purchased for the New-York house, and directing them to be sent to E. S. & Co., of Liverpool, to await further instructions in respect to shipment. They were sent accordingly to E. S. & Co., and by them, in accordance with the directions of the English firm given shortly afterward, shipped to the New-York firm. Before their arrival at New-York the vendees became insolvent, and made an assignment of all their assets to the defendants in trust for the payment of the debts of the firm. The plaintiffs, while the goods were yet on shipboard, and on the same day such assignment was made, asserted their right of stoppage *in transitu*, and notified the defendants thereof, who, before receiving such notice, had made an entry of the goods at the Custom-house. *Held*, that the transit has not ended, and the plaintiff had the right to stop the goods.

Russell vs. *The Hudson River Railroad Company.*—A laborer employed by a railroad company to work in connection with a train of cars, under an arrangement by which he was to be conveyed to his home every night, in such cars, free of charge, cannot maintain an action against the Company for an injury sustained while thus riding home, in consequence of the negligence of the engineer. A memorandum made by a living witness, cotemporaneously with the facts to which it relates, is admissible in evidence only as auxiliary to, and not as a substitute for, his oral testimony. It must appear that there is a necessity for its introduction, on account of the inability of the witness to recollect the facts, after refreshing his memory by the writing.

Luby and wife vs. *The Hudson River Railroad Company.*—Evidence of the arrest, by a policeman, of the driver of a car which had run against and injured a woman, is not admissible in an action against the driver's employer for negligence in causing the injury. The declaration of the driver after the accident had occurred and the car had been stopped, but before he had left it, that he could not stop the car because the brakes were out of order, is mere hearsay, and not admissible in evidence against his employer.

Nichols, Plaintiff in Error, vs. *The People, Defendants in Error.*—The separation and conversion to his own use by a carrier, without the assent of the owner, of sundry bags of pig iron, part of a large number which had been delivered to him for transportation and loaded upon his canal-boat, is larceny and not embezzlement. Where the commodity, a part of which is separated by the carrier from the rest, is transferred in commerce by weight, and not by count, the severance is a trespass which determines the privity of contract, and a breaking of bulk equivalent to the opening of a bale or package.

Weed et al. vs. *The Panama Railroad Company.*—It is no defence to an action against a railroad corporation for its failure to transport a passenger with proper dispatch, that the detention was the willful act of a conductor in charge of the train.

It is immaterial whether a breach of contract result from the negligence or the willfulness of the defendant's agent, if his act is within the scope of his employment and authority.

Sherman, administratrix, appellant, vs. *The Rochester and Syracuse Railroad Company, respondent.*—A servant who sustains an injury from the negligence of a superior agent engaged in the same general business can maintain no action against their common employer, although he was subject to the control of such superior agent and could not guard against his negligence or its consequences.

Police Reports.

A YOUTHFUL KENTUCKIAN IN THE JAWS OF THE TIGER—A SEVERE MASTICATING PROCESS.—Every one knows that villainous masculine decoys, professionally known as ropers-in, swarm about the City hotels ready to pounce upon the newly-arrived stranger and lure him into the destruction den of the tough "tiger." Winning manners, elegant address, and charming off-hand conversation rarely fail to dispel the suspicious doubts at first entertained by the stranger. Mr. Benjamin F. Hibbard, a young Kentuckian, had the misfortune a few days since to fall into the net of one of these genteel and garrulous gentry. He was taken to the gambling-house No. 575 Broadway, kept by one Dr. Johnson, and everything there was found to be exceedingly elegant—the brocatelle furniture, the polished mirrors, the classic statuary, the cigars, the wines and the suppers. He was introduced to the "tiger," and essayed what he supposed would be a harmless rencontre with the animal. A desperate fight—and a vastly unequal one of course—was the result. He kept "changing in" more money, and losing more "stacks" of chips until all his money was gone—$2,000. In rapid succession followed his "collaterals"—his gold hunting-case watch and mammoth diamond breast pin, conjointly worth $1,000. It took about two weeks to complete the operation of "cleaning out," and, when his senses returned to him, which was on Saturday last, the fleeced young Kentuckian directed his steps to the City Hall Police Court, and made an affidavit before Justice WELSH, setting forth the facts enumerated above. The magistrate at once issued warrants for the arrest of the faro proprietors. The officers having the warrants first visited No. 67 Walker-street, where they arrested Stuart. No gambling apparatus could be found, and the place presented the appearance of a "pile without inhabitant;" and such it was, according to Stuart's story, who says that there has no "business" been done there for two months. At No. 575 Broadway, the same "banquet-hall," deserted-look was evident—a servant girl being the sole occupant. After waiting a while, the so-called Dr. Johnson, John Riley, his "dealer," and James Heusted, a "roper-in," presented themselves, and were taken into custody. The prisoners each gave bail in $1,000 to appear for examination, which was set down for 10 o'clock this morning.

HEAVY HAUL OF BURGLARS—THEY ARE SURPRISED, AND ABANDON THEIR BOOTY.—Some daring burglars have had a covetous eye upon the rich stock of goods in the store of Mr. C. Merchant, No. 449 Broadway. How long they have been working to compass their designs is unknown. One thing is certain, that on Saturday morning, they entered upon a systematic accomplishment of their purpose. Effecting an entrance into the marble manufactory of Mr. Morris, situated in Mercer-street, in the rear of Mr. Merchant's store, they made a hole through the contiguous wall large enough to allow a tolerably sized man a free and comfortable passage. This preliminary operation completed, the residue of the work was comparatively easy. Overhauling the stock, and making a selection of the choicest goods—in this respect burglars evince a taste excelling that of the most noted and experienced female shoppers at Stewart's—they quickly passed the selected articles through the hole in the wall. At 1 A. M. an officer, while leisurely walking his round, heard a noise inside of the marble yard which sounded very much like pecking stone, but not supposing that any burglars could meditate a robbery of such ponderous materials as marble, he gave no attention to the matter. Two or three hours afterwards, two other officers observed two men with a horse and wagon lingering about the place, and an air of suspiciousness visible in their movements. The officers approached the men, when the latter quickly whipped up their horse, and darted down the street at a Union Race Course speed. Consoling themselves with the reflection that they had frustrated some rascally scheme, the officers renewed their stated beat and cozy converse. The porter in the employ of Mr. Merchant first discovered the robbery upon opening the store on Saturday. Subsequently the abstracted goods—over $10,000 in value—were found in the marble-yard of Mr. Morris, where the burglars had placed them. As far as ascertained, not an article was missing.

THE BODY-SNATCHING CASE.—A final disposition of this case was made on Saturday, before Justice WELSH. Dr. Ferguson testified that he received the body of Mr. Carey from Dr. Finnell, at the Fourteenth-street Medical College, and that it was retained there over twenty-four hours after its reception, before dissection was commenced, fully conforming to the requisitions of the law. The magistrate dismissed the complaint on the ground that there had been no violation of any statute.

STABBING IN AN OYSTER SALOON.—A stabbing affray occurred at 4½ o'clock yesterday morning in the oyster saloon of John Decker, in Park-row, near Ann street. Thomas Roach, of Brooklyn, was the man who was stabbed, and Timothy Breean, a porter at the Astor House, was the one who stabbed him—the instrument being a large jack-knife. Roach, Breean and several of their friends had been drinking, and when the requisite quantity of spirits had been poured out of sight, the fighting spirit began to show itself. Roach was stabbed in three places—in the abdomen, the chest and the thigh. His wounds are considered dangerous, and he was removed to the City Hospital. Breean was arrested and locked up to await the result of the injuries inflicted.

A HOTEL BUZZARD.—A youth, dressed in garments of large check pattern, but whose primal glossiness had entirely disappeared from long wearing, was caught yesterday stealing an overcoat at the St. Nicholas Hotel. He was allowed to walk to the hotel entrance, which he did with commendable regularity of step, when an officer arrested him. He immediately pretended to be drunk, and commenced reeling about after the manner of *Toodles*, and professed utter obliviousness of what he had been doing. His simulated inebriety failed to produce a favorable impression as to his innocence. The culprit—in police parlance designated a "hotel buzzard"—was locked up in the Tombs, having previously given the name of Charles Enfield.

THE ASSAULT ON TOM BYRNES.—William Foster, a First Ward Constable, was arrested on Saturday for assaulting Tom Byrnes, Superintendent of Lands and Places, at the Tammany Hall meeting on Wednesday evening last, as heretofore reported. Mr. Byrnes declares that Foster beat him over the head with a pistol, endangering his life. The belligerent representative of the First Ward constabulaotry gave bail in $1,000, to answer the accusation. Wm. Hanley, who was arrested for combining his forces in the assault, was required to give bail, in the same amount, for his appearance to answer.

LAYING IN A STOCK OF BEEF.—Peter B. Curry keeps a meat store at No. 65 Washington street. He employed one William E. McNally to take temporary charge of the place in his absence. McNally thought it a good opportunity to do a little private business, and disposed of ten barrels of mess beef, valued at $100, on his own hook. Mr. Curry failed to appreciate the business enterprise of McNally, and had the latter arrested, when Justice OSBORNE committed him.

PASSING COUNTERFEIT MONEY.—A youth, giving the name of Martin Borringer, attempted, on Saturday night, to replenish his exchequer by getting rid of a counterfeit $5 bill on the Union Bank of New-London, Conn. He made two offers of the bill in two places in Whitehall-street but found no takers, except a Policeman, who took him into custody. The unsuccessful financier was locked up.

BURGLARY AND ESCAPE.—On Saturday night some gentlemen of the "jimmy" persuasion worked their way into No. 108 Bowery, laid in a good stock of cigars and clothing and left. Not an unusual circumstance was the fact that the Police were in blissful ignorance of the robbery until apprised by the luckless losers.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Saturday, Nov. 27, 1858—6 P. M.

The reported receipts of the leading kinds of Produce, since noon of yesterday, have been as follows:

	Hudson River boats.	Erie R. R.	Southern boats.	Total.
Ashes, bbls.	—	15	—	15
Flour, bbls.	7,422	2,142	2,994	12,565
Corn Meal, bbls.	—	—	500	500
Wheat, bushels	1,530	364	281	2,112
Corn, bushels	10,159	—	520	10,779
Rye, bushels	4,000	—	—	4,000
Barley, bushels	13,923	—	—	13,923
Oats, bushels	11,900	—	—	11,900
Provisions, pkgs.	964	733	453	2,150
Whisky, bbls.	322	435	149	906

ASHES—Are quiet and prices tend downward. Pots, $5 62½; Pearls, $5 87½, ₱ 100 ℔s. Stock in the Inspection Warehouse, this morning, 1,582 bbls. including 1,215 bbls. Pots, and 367 bbls. Pearls.

BARK—Sales in Philadelphia, 80 hhds. No. 1 Quercitron at $30, and 22 hhds. No. 2 at $26 ₱ ton.

BEESWAX—Sales here within the week, 10,000 ℔s. American Yellow, part at 33c.@34c. ₱ ℔.

COFFEE—Has been in fair demand, sales having been made of 25 bags choice Java at 15c.; 800 bags Maracaibo, part at 11½c.@12½c.; 40 bags Cape at 9⅞c.; and 1,300 bags St. Domingo at 9 1-16c.@9⅛c. ₱ ℔., usual terms.

COAL—Liverpool is depressed, including Cannel at $8 25 and Orrel at $6 75 ₱ chaldron. Anthracite is in good demand at from $4 50@$5 25 ₱ ton of 2,000 ℔s. In Philadelphia, during the past week, orders from the eastward, according to the *Inquirer*, have materially increased, and there has been more inquiry for the supply of the home trade. Supplies have been arriving freely both by railroad and canal. The season for the closing of inland navigation is rapidly approaching, and many of the boats on the Schuylkill Canal have laid up for the season.

COPPER—A moderate inquiry prevails for Refined Ingot, chiefly at 22½c.@23½c. ₱ ℔.

COTTON—Sales, to-day, were confined to 1,000 bales at yesterday's quotations:

NEW-YORK CLASSIFICATION.

	Upland.	Florida.	Mobile.	N. O.& Tex.
Ordinary, ₱ ℔.	10⅜	10⅜	10½	10½
Middling, ₱ ℔.	12	12⅛	12¼	12½
Middling Fair, ₱ ℔.	12⅝	12¾	12⅞	13⅛

FLOUR AND MEAL—The market is somewhat unsettled for State and Western Flour. Holders of desirable lots ask higher prices. The demand, however, is neither active nor urgent. Sales have been reported of 9,000 bbls.

Standard Superfine State	4 20 @ 4 50
Standard Extra State	4 70 @ 5 00
Superfine Western	4 25 @ 4 45
Fancy Ohio	4 75 @ 4 85
Extra Indiana and Michigan	4 75 @ 6 50
Extra Ohio	5 30 @ 6 75
Fancy Genesee	5 30 @ 6 50
Extra Genesee	5 60 @ 8 00
Low to very choice extra Missouri	5 50 @ 8 50

Canadian is quiet at old rates; sales 450 bbls. at $5@$6 20 for low to choice extra, ₱ bbl. Southern is plenty and depressed; sales 1,100 bbls. at $5 05@$5 45 for mixed and straight brands, and $5 55@$8 75 for low fancy to very choice extra brands ₱ bbl. Rye Flour continues inactive at $3 30@$4 15 for fine to superfine, ₱ bbl. Corn Meal rules very dull at $3 50@$3 75 for Jersey, and $4 15@$4 25 for Brandywine, ₱ bbl.

FRUIT—Sales to-day 600 boxes Layer Raisins at $2 60; 1,000 boxes Bunch do. at $2 05; 500 half boxes do. do., at $1 05; and 400 quarter boxes do. do. at 70c.

GRAIN—Wheat is inactive, and prices are somewhat nominal. Sales have been confined to 5,800 bushels, including prime Red Michigan at $1 23; mixed Illinois at $1 20; very good White Southern at $1 42; and fair Red do. at $1 20 ₱ bushel. Corn is in moderate request at less buoyant prices; sales 24,500 bushels, at 75c.@76c. for mixed Western, and 89c. for very choice round Yellow, ₱ bushel. Rye is quiet, parties disagreeing about prices. Sales of 3,000 bushels prime North River were reported at 78c. ₱ bushel. Barley is in demand at uniform rates: sales 4,500 bushels good State at 80c. ₱ bushel. Oats are pretty freely sought after at steady figures. Included in the sales, were 15,000 bushels Canada, at 52c. ₱ bushel. We quote Western at 50c.@52c.; Canada at 51½c.@52½c.; State 47c.@49.; Jersey and Pennsylvania at 43c.@47c.; and Southern at 42c.@45c. ₱ bushel.

HAY—Sales 800 bales at 50c.@55c. ₱ 100 ℔s.

HIDES—The business of the week Mr. H. D. HULL notices thus: "In absence of any large arrivals, sales have been restricted to parcels to arrive, and a fair business has been doing at full prices, chiefly in Buenos Ayres. Prices have been firm, and on some descriptions an advance of ½c. may be quoted. The trade have purchased largely during the past two months, and most of the tanners are well supplied for some time to come, but with moderate receipts and a fair demand we may expect a firm market for the balance of the year. The latest advices from all Hide-producing countries quote an advance of 1c.@2c. ₱ ℔., and extensive purchases for this market. In Upper Leather Stock I have no new feature to notice. The demand is good, with a limited supply. Wet Salted Hides—Foreign are in good request, and prices are well supported. In Slaughters, both City and Western, there is more doing, and prices are somewhat higher. The stock is much reduced. Calcutta Cow and Buffalo, if of prime quality, sell readily at full prices, while inferior parcels are not much sought after. Receipts have been 29,300 Hides from foreign ports, as follows: 11,346 Montevideo; 1,046 do. Horse, ex *Lagrange*; 7,358 Orinoco, ex *Yorktown*; 2,652 Maranham, ex *Laura*; 1,662 Salted, 734 Dry Para, ex *H. Hallock*; 3,645 Chagres, &c., ex *Arabella*; 677 West Indies, &c., 197 Chili, ex *Almena*; 1,359 from Nassau, and 20 bales Calcutta Buffalo; 616 Southern, &c.; 1,245 Coastwise. Total Coastwise, 1,861. Total Foreign and Coastwise, 31,168 Hides. Imports since 1st inst., 77,010 Foreign, and 48,801 Coastwise. Total, 125,811. Sales have been 55,600 Hides. The stock on hand of Ox and Cow Hides is 13,500, (same time last year, 382,300—year before, 9,000.) 200 bales Singapore, and 400 do. Calcutta Buffalo and Cow, and 1,000 Dry Buenos Ayres Horse.

IRON—Sales, here, 100 tons Scotch Pig, at $24, cash, and $25@$25 50, 6 months' credit. Sales in Philadelphia, 1,000 tons Anthracite Pig, mainly No. 1, at $22@$23; a lot of Howard Charcoal Iron, at $38; and a lot of Charcoal Blooms, at $63@$65 ₱ ton, 6 months.

LATHS—Eastern, $1 50 ₱ thousand.

LEATHER—Mr. HULL states that the receipts of Sole continue light, and the supply is not equal to the demand. Buyers find considerable difficulty in supplying themselves with desirable stock. Prices may be quoted ½c. higher, with an upward tendency. Oak Tanned is in active request, and prices are firm. Upper in Rough is in meagre supply, and much inquired for. French Calf Skins are in fair demand, with a moderate stock. We quote: Oak Slaughter and Salted, good Light, 27c.@30c.; Oak Slaughter and Salted, good Middle, 27c.@30c.; Oak Slaughter and Salted, good Heavy, 27c.@30c.; Oak light, Southern, 24c.@26c.; Oak heavy, for Banding 27c.@30c.; Oak heavy, Spanish, all weights, 26c.@28c.; Oak heavy, Cropped, 34c.@36c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good Light, 23½c.@24c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good Middle, 25½c.@26c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good Heavy, 24½c.@25c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good Light, 22c.@23c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good Middle, 24c.@24½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., Heavy, 23c.@23½c., Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., and B. A. Damaged all weights, 20c.@22c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., and B. A. Damaged, poor, all weights, 14c.@15c.; Hemlock, Slaughter, in rough, 26c.@28c., on 6 months' credit.

LIME—Rockland: 75c. for Common, and $1 for Lump, ₱ bbl.

MOLASSES—Sales, to-day: 30 bbls. new-crop New-Orleans at 41c.@42c.; and 15 bbls. do. Syrup at 45c., ₱ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Crude Turpentine is heavy at $3 87½ ₱ 280 ℔s. Sales 250 bbls. Spirits Turpentine at 48c.@49c. ₱ gallon. Tar and Pitch remain as last noticed. Resin is in moderate request, including Common at $1 50 ₱ 310 ℔s., and strained at $1 55.

OILS—A limited inquiry prevails for the leading kinds at unchanged prices.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been unsettled, sales having been reported of 1,100 bbls., in lots, at $17 30@$17 50, chiefly at $17 37½, (check to-day,) for Mess; and $13 50@$13 75 for Prime ₱ bbl. Pickled Meats continue quiet, including Hams, at 9c.@9½c.; Sides, at 8c.@8½c., and Shoulders, at 6c.@6½c. ₱ ℔. Bacon is in limited demand at former rates. Lard is in fair request, at steady prices. Sales 450 tcs. and bbls., at 10½c.@10⅞c. ₱ ℔. Beef is in good demand at uniform prices. Sales 450 bbls., in lots, at $9@$11 for repacked Western Mess; $11 50@$12 for extra do.; $8@$9 50 for Country Mess; $6@$7 for do., Prime, ₱ bbl.; Prime Mess Beef, $18@$19 ₱ bbl. Beef Hams, $13 50@$15 50 ₱ bbl. Butter continues in request at 12c.@18c. for Ohio; 15c.@21c. for common to good State, and 22c.@25c. for prime to choice State, ₱ ℔. Cheese is selling at 7½c.@9½c. ₱ ℔.

RICE—Sales, to-day, 280 tcs., in lots, at $3@$3 75 ₱ 100 ℔s.

SEEDS—The demand is moderate at previous figures, for the leading kinds,—including Clover at 9½c.@10c. ₱ ℔., and Timothy at $2 25@$2 50 ₱ bush. In Philadelphia, sales have been made, during the week, of 2,000 bushels Clover Seed at $5 50@$6, for poor to very choice, ₱ bushel.

SKINS—Desirable lots of Goat and Deer are scarce and wanted. Sales have been made, during the week, of 3,000 ℔s. Bolivar Deer at 25c.; 6,000 ℔s. Chagres do. on private terms; 35 bales Curacoa Goat at 68c. each, and 22 bales Payta Goat, previous to arrival, on private terms.

SPICES—Sales 2,000 mats Cassia at 24c.,—now generally held at 25c. ₱ ℔.

SUGARS—The demand is fair at full prices. Sales to-day, 560 hhds. nearly all Cuba at 6⅜c.@7⅛c.; and 1,000 boxes Havana, chiefly at 7c.@8c. ₱ ℔.

WHISKY—Sales 500 bbls., in lots, at 24c., cash, ₱ gallon. Holders now ask higher prices.

FREIGHTS—For Liverpool, there were taken 400 bbls. Resin, at 2s. 3d.; 200 tcs. Beef, at 3s., and some Cotton, at ¼d. ₱ ℔. For London, 500 bbls. Resin, at 2s. 3d.; 200 bbls. Oil Cake, on private terms, and 500 tcs. Beef, at 5s. For Hamburg, per steamer, 150 tcs. Rice, at 32s. 6d.; 500 bags Seed, at 12d., and 75 tons Measurement Goods, at 35s.@40s. For Bremen, 100 bales Cotton, at ½c. ₱ ℔. For Antwerp, 250 bbls. Ashes, at 25s.; 2,000 bags Coffee, at ½c. ₱ ℔., and 100 tcs. Rice, at 27s. 6d. The latest charters, according to the *Shipping List*, have been as follows: Ship *Derby*, 1,000 tons, to San Francisco; a bark, 290 tons, to Montevideo, Buenos Ayres and back; a brig to Malta, thence to Sicily, and back to New-York; one from South Side Cuba to New-York; one from St. John's River to South Side Cuba and back to New-York, on terms we did not learn; a bark from Darien to Rio Janeiro, $19; one, 300 tons, hence to Genoa Cotton, 1c.; a brig to Rio Grande and back, $2 ₱ bbl.; a schooner to Rio Janeiro and back, Coffee, $1 ₱ bag; a brig from Richmond to Pernambuco and Bahia, $1 25 ₱ bbl.; schooner from Pensacola to Jamaica, $9; a brig and a schooner from Machias to San Juan, Cuba, and back to New-York, Sugar, 40c., and Molasses $2 50, on deck; a brig, 295 tons, hence to Cienfuegos and back, Sugar, 42c.; one, 365 tons, to Havana, $1,900; a British brig, 2,000 bbls., same voyage, $1,200; a brig, 250 tons, to Trinidad, Cuba and back, Sugar, 40c., Molasses, $3 50, under, and $2 75 on deck; one, 260 tons, to Point Petre, 65c. ₱ bbl.; one, 199 tons, to Aguadilla, P. R., and back, $1,580; a brig from Turk's Islands to New-York, Salt, 8c.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
MONDAY,
LUCREZIA BORGIA.
with an entirely new and great cast.
PICCOLOMINI and CARL FORMES.
Piccolomini..........as..........Lucretia Borgia
Carl Formes..........as..........The Duke
For the first time in America.
Mlle. PICCOLOMINI
will most positively make her last appearance but one.
She will make her
FAREWELL APPEARANCE ON WEDNESDAY.
After which she will leave for Philadelphia, to sing there on Friday and Saturday, Dec. 3 and 4.
The sale of seats and private boxes for Monday's Opera, and Piccolomini's last appearance but one, commences this morning.
SPECIAL NOTICE.—By general request, a portion of the new private boxes will be for sale at the Wall-st. ticket office. The balance will remain for sale at the Academy.
On Monday, Nov. 29,
LUCREZIA BORGIA,
which will be given with a most powerful cast,
MLLE. PICCOLOMINI
appearing as Lucrezia Borgia, and
CARL FORMES
for the first time in America as the Duke.
Mlle. GHIONI
has obligingly consented to sing the sympathetic rôle of Orsini.
TAMARO, DUBREUIL, MULLER, MAGGIOROCHI, BARRATINI.
Increased Chorus and Orchestra.
The sale of seats commences to-day.
THE SEASON CLOSES POSITIVELY
next week with
THE HUGUENOTS,
which will be given on
FRIDAY and SATURDAY,
with a cast infinitely superior to that of last season, on which occasion
MLLE. POINSOT
will make her début in America as Valentine.
ON FRIDAY, Dec. 3,
First appearance in America of
MLLE. POINSOT,
Principal dramatic prima donna from the Grand Opera in Paris, who will make her début in the great rôle of
VALENTINE IN THE HUGUENOTS.
THE CAST OF THE HUGUENOTS
will be found to be infinitely superior to that of the last season. The three great female parts will be sung by
MLLE. POINSOT, MME. LABORDE, MLLE. GHIONI.
The male rôles by
FLORENZA, TAMARO, WEINLICH, COLETTI, PIKANESER, DUBREUIL, BARRATINI and CARL FORMES,
who will resume his great part of Marcel.
THE BALLET
will be numerously represented, and will be headed by
MLLE. SOTO.
THE CHORUS AND ORCHESTRA
will compose the same strength of talent as last season.
Particular attention is called to the rôle of the Queen, which will be sung by
MADAME LABORDE,
with whom it is a favorite rôle, and will thus be restored to its original importance.
The HUGUENOTS can, on no account whatever, be given more than twice, on account of the departure of the entire company.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE,
No. 624 BROADWAY.
UNABATED SUCCESS,
OF
TOM TAYLOR'S GREAT ORIGINAL COMEDY.
The interest created by the production of this successful comedy continuing unabated, the management deems it necessary, in compliance with the evident wishes of the public, to announce it for repetition on
MONDAY EVENING, Nov. 29, 1858, and
Every night during the week,
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN.
Asa Trenchard, a live Yankee..........Mr. Jefferson.
Lord Dundrerry..........Mr. Sothern.
Coyle attorney-at-law..........Mr. Burnett.
Abel Murcott, his clerk..........Mr. Couldock.
Binney, a butler..........Mr. Peters.
Florence Trenchard..........Miss Laura Keene.
Augusta.......... } her daughters { ....Miss Effie Germon.
Georgiana.......... } her daughters { ....Mrs. Sothern.
Mary Meredith..........Miss Sarah Stevens.
To conclude with the celebrated Zoological sketch, entitled
TWENTY MINUTES WITH A TIGER.
Charles Beeswing..........Mr. Sothern.
Mr. Chili Chutnee..........Mr. Burnett.
Jacob Mutter..........Mr. Peters.
Dolly Mutter, with song..........Miss Marion McCarthy.
Arabella..........Miss Effie Germon.
Doors open at 6½; to commence at 7 o'clock, precisely.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Doors open at 6½; to commence at 7½.
Tickets 50 cents; children, 25 cents. Family Circle; (entrance in Crosby-st.) 25 cents; Private Boxes, $5, Orchestra Seats, (secured,) $1.
MONDAY EVENING, Nov. 29,
FOR FOUR WEEKS ONLY,
THE GREAT RAVEL COMPANY,
Under the direction of
GABRIEL and FRANCOIS.
The celebrated Russian danseuse,
YRCA MATHIAS,
And the talented company, forty in number.
The amusing comic divertissement,
PUNCHINELLO.
Punchinello (first time)..........Young America
Mons. Mathieu, Mlle. Lina Windel and Miss Frances in new dances.
The comic and amusing dramatic pantomime,
HELENE.
Ocquini..........Gabriel Ravel

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
On MONDAY, Nov. 29,
MR. RANGER,
of European and American celebrity, is engaged, and will appear for the first time here as
SIR PETER TEAZLE,
in Sheridan's great Comedy of
SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL.
The whole strength of the company will be included in the cast, it being the first performance of the comedy in this theatre for two years.
Genuine and Decided Success of the New Farce by
JOHN BROUGHAM.
TAKE CARE OF LITTLE CHARLEY.
Characters by Mr. Brougham, Miss M. Gannon, Mrs. Sloan, Mr. C. Parsloe, Jr., and Miss Viola Plunkett.
It will be performed after the comedy.

PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE.
Chatham-st., near Roosevelt.
MONDAY EVENING, Nov. 29, 1858.
MR. R. JOHNSTON.
Performance commences with
THE RAGPICKER OF NEW-YORK.
After which, the drama of
THE TREE OF DEATH.
To conclude with the
BONNIE FISH WIFE.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
MONDAY EVENING, Nov. 29,
SANDS, NATHANS & CO.'S GREAT CIRCUS.
The great American Jesters, Sam Lathrop and Antony Pastor.
Last appearance of the performing Elephants, Victoria and Albert, previous to their departure for California.
To conclude with a laughable afterpiece.

BOWERY THEATRE.
THIS EVENING, Nov. 29.
The performances will commence with
DRED; OR, THE DISMAL SWAMP.
To be succeeded by the musical burlesque of
MEDEA.
Concluding with the excellent drama of
THE BEAR HUNTERS.

ROBERT GOLDBECK'S CONCERT.
Dodworth's Rooms, No. 806 Broadway,
THURSDAY EVENING, Dec. 2.
Miss HATTIE ANDEM, ERNEST PERRING,
EDWARD MOLLENHAUER, WILLIAM MASON,
CARL BERGNER, RICH. V. SCHMIDT, (Conductor.)
Mr. GOLDBECK will play his new "Trio," (Piano, Violin and Violoncello) and Beethoven's grand Sonata Appassionata in F minor (op. 57.)
Tickets $1 each, to be had of Messrs. Scharfenberg & Luis, Broadway, C. Breusing, Firth, Pond & Co., Schuberth & Co., No. 98 Spring-st., and at the door on the evening of the concert.
EACH TICKET WILL ADMIT TWO.

ON EXHIBITION.
The magnificent painting belonging to
THE EMPRESS OF FRANCE,
And representing
HER MAJESTY,
Surrounded by the Ladies of her Court,
At Goupil's Gallery,
No. 366 Broadway,
Size of the picture, 15x11 feet.
Open from 8 A. M. to 7 P. M. Admission 25 cents.
M. KNOEDLER.
N. B.—Entrance through the store, as well as at the side door, where a large and commodious staircase has been opened.

FAIR OF THE AMERICAN UNION
For the representation of agriculture, horticulture, commerce, invention, manufactures, mechanics, the sciences and fine arts,
AT NO. 620 BROADWAY.
The above spacious and elegant building, selected by the Board of Managers, is now open for the reception of articles for exhibition. Goods to be delivered at the Crosby-st. entrance, where the Reception Committee will be in attendance. The entry clerk will give receipts, tickets, &c. By order of the Board of Managers.
HENRY WINFIELD, Vice-President.
AUG. H. WHEELER, Secretary.

RUBENS' CELEBRATED PAINTING OF "The Magdalen Renouncing the Vanities of the World," is now on exhibition at the Gallery of W. SCHAWS, No. 629 Broadway. Admission 25 cents. Open from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.
WONDER OF WONDERS
The management announce a short engagement with
THE WORLD-ASTONISHED NOVELTY,
So wholly unlike anything that has preceded it in the circle of popularity, that
GALAXY OF JUVENILE GENIUS,
Well known as the
ZAVISTOWSKI PANTOMIMIC-BALLET TROUPE,
Which is composed of upwards of
TWENTY BRILLIANT JUVENILE PERFORMERS,
Who certainly have no equal in public life, and whose beautiful, chaste, finished, and captivating entertainments
BEGGAR ALL COMMON DESCRIPTION,
in their excellence and perfection. The
WREN JUVENILE COMEDIANS
Will also appear on this occasion; the whole presenting a collection of interest and attraction expressly adapted to the
COMING HOLIDAY SEASON,
and its appropriate enjoyments.
DURING THIS WEEK,
Monday, Nov. 29, to Saturday, Dec. 4, 1858,
EVERY AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock,
and also,
EVERY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock,
The charming little piece entitled
THE ALPINE MAID,
BY THE WREN FAMILY.
After which, the new Pantomime Ballet, arranged by Mons. Zavistowski,
THE MAY FESTIVAL;
Or,
PET OF THE VILLAGE.
Alice, the Pet..........The Infant Alice
Antoine, her Lover..........La Petite Emeline
Mons. Jacque..........Fannie
Blondo, a Pretended Lover, Peasants, Villagers, &c., by the Troupe.
In the course of the piece, a grand Pas de Deux, by Infant Alice, and La Petite Emeline; Pas d'Ensemble, by the Troupe; Pas de Comique, by Ferdinand; Pas de Fleurs, by the Troupe; Grand Pas de Cinque, and Grand Finale.
After which, a song, "The News Boy," by Master Fred, 5 years old. To conclude with
JEALOUSY IN THE KITCHEN,
OR, TOO MANY COOKS SPOIL THE BROTH.
Fernando, Infant Alice; Scraggy, his Servant, La Petite Emeline, &c., &c. During the Ballet, several Dances.
The elegant and incomparable Aquaria, or Ocean and River Gardens, with their living oddities and novelties; the Happy Family, Living Serpents, are all to be seen at the same time, without extra expense.
Admission to all, 25 cents; Children under ten, 13 cents.

ARTHUR NAPOLEON,
THE YOUNG PORTUGUESE PIANIST,
will give his second
SOIREE MUSICALE,
AT DODWORTH'S ROOMS,
On TUESDAY EVENING, Nov. 30, 1858.
ARTHUR NAPOLEON will be assisted by
Signora CAIROLI, Prima Donna,
Miss FANNIE STOCKTON, Soprano,
Mr. DENNETT, the young American Basso,
THEO. SCHALLEHN, Conductor.
PART FIRST.
1. Duetto, "Marino Faliero"..........Donizetti
Signora CAIROLI and Mr. DENNETT.
2. Grand Fantasia, "Il Trovatore"..........Kuhe
ARTHUR NAPOLEON.
3. Il Sogno (a dream)..........Bassini
Miss STOCKTON.
4. Romanza
Mr. DENNETT.
5. Fantasia, "I Puritani"..........Herz
ARTHUR NAPOLEON.
6. Aria, "Attila"..........Verdi
Signora CAIROLI.
PART SECOND.
7. Duetto, "Capuletti and Montecchi"..........Bellini
Signora CAIROLI and Miss STOCKTON.
8. { Andante de Lucia di Lammermoor. Arthur Napoleon
{ March de Nuit..........Gottschalk
ARTHUR NAPOLEON.
9. Comin' thro' the Rye..........Bishop
Miss FANNIE STOCKTON.
10. Aria, "Infelice, e tu eredevi"..........Ernani..........Verdi
Mr. DENNETT.
11. Aria, "Robert toi que j'aime"..........Meyerbeer
Signora CAIROLI.
12. Grand Fantasia, "L'Elixir d'Amore"..........Thalberg
ARTHUR NAPOLEON.
Single Tickets..........$1
Tickets, admitting schools..........50 cents each.
Doors open at 7; Soiree commences at 8 o'clock.
Tickets may be had at Hall & Son's, C. Breusing's, Scharfenberg & Luis', Descombe's, and at the door.

MENDELSSOHN UNION.
COOPER INSTITUTE—ST. PAUL.
THURSDAY EVENING, Dec. 2, 1858.
By general desire of those present on Thanksgiving Evening, and many who were unable to attend, and owing to the
FLATTERING RECEPTION
of this Oratorio on its first performance on that evening,
THE MENDELSSOHN UNION
will repeat Mendelssohn's sublime Oratorio,
SAINT PAUL,
on the same grand and liberal scale as on its first performance, combining the entire strength of the
CELEBRATED CHORUS OF THE UNION,
and a large and select orchestra from the
PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.
Solos by
Madame ZIMMERMAN,
Miss MARY E. HAWLEY,
CHARLES GUILMETTE.
G. WASHBOURN MORGAN..........Conductor.
Tickets, 50 cents each; can be purchased at the principal music stores in New-York and Brooklyn, and at the door on the evening of performance.
The members and subscribers will receive their tickets on application at the piano-forte warerooms of Messrs. Judson & Munger, No. 722 Broadway.
Doors open at 6½ o'clock. The performance will commence at 7½ precisely, and close as near 10 o'clock as possible, to accommodate those coming from the neighboring cities.

BANVARD'S
GREAT MECHANICAL PICTURE,
THE DESTRUCTION OF JERUSALEM,
Now open at the new hall on Broadway, near Bleecker-st. Also, the FAR-FAMED PANORAMA OF THE HOLY LAND, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoons at 3 o'clock; every evening at 7½. Admission 25 cents; Children 13 cents.

WOOD'S MINSTRELS.
Nos. 561 and 563 Broadway,
OPEN EVERY EVENING.
Doors open at 6¾, to commence at 7¾ o'clock.

THE THIRTIETH ANNUAL BALL OF the New-York Fire Department, for the benefit of the Widow and Orphan Fund, will take place at the Academy of Music, on MONDAY EVENING, Jan. 24, 1859. Tickets may be procured of the Managers, or of the following officers: HENRY A. BURR, President, corner of Cliff and Frankfort sts.; JAMES F. WENMAN, Secretary, No. 146 Pearl-st.; PETER H. TITUS, Treasurer, No. 38 Market-st.

MR. ERNEST PERRING, OF THE ACADEMY of Music, intending to reside permanently in New-York City, will devote himself to those who may wish to perfect themselves in the art of Italian or English singing, or the study of the piano-forte. Mr. Perring has permission to refer to the Rev. Dr. Hawks, of Calvary Church, and may be addressed at his residence, No. 60 West 9th-st. or to care of either Mr. Chas. Breusing, No. 701 Broadway, or Messrs. Scharfenberg & Luis, No. 769 Broadway.

THE ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF THE LAIGHT-STREET SABBATH SCHOOL will take place at the Church, corner of Laight and Varick sts., on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Dec. 1. Doors open at 7 o'clock; exercises commence at 7½. Admission, 25 cents; children, 13 cents. If stormy on that evening, it will take place the first fair evening thereafter. Will not be repeated.

REMINISCENCES OF THE HOLY LAND. by Prof. HOWARD CROSBY, of the New-York University, with fine Dissolving Views, at the Chapel of St. Paul's Methodist Church, 4th-av., corner of 22d-st., on TUESDAY, Nov. 30, at 8 P. M. Admission, 50 cents. Children half price.

LECTURES.

BROOKLYN MERCANTILE LIBRARY,
Corner of Atlantic and Clinton sts.
The Third Lecture in the Annual Course will be delivered on TUESDAY EVENING, Nov. 30, at 8 o'clock, by GEORGE W. CURTIS. Subject—*Education and Democracy.*
Tickets, 25 cents each; will be sold at the door. Members' Tickets for the Course, (twelve lectures,) $2 each, are for sale at the Library.
CHAS. S. FARLEY, Chairman Lecture Com.
N. B.—The Fourth Lecture in the Course will be delivered by BAYARD TAYLOR, on TUESDAY EVENING, Dec. 7.

MECHANICS' SOCIETY LECTURE, AT Hope Chapel, No. 720 Broadway, by DONALD MITCHELL, "Ik Marvel," on MONDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock.

PROVISIONS.

SMOKED MEATS AND MESS PORK.
PRICES REDUCED.
VAN BRUNT & WATROUS, Pork Packers, No. 209 Chambers-st., New-York, offer at the following prices for cash:
Smoked City-cured Hams..........11c. to 11½c.
Smoked Dry Salt Western Hams..........9½c. to 9¾c.
Smoked Dry Salt Western Shoulders..........7½c. to 7¾c.
Smoked City-cured Shoulders..........8c. to 8½c.
Smoked Bacon..........10½c. to 11c.
Bagged Meats, ½c. ₱ ℔. extra.
Mess Pork, $17 50.
Dutchess County Mess, $17 50.
Pure Lard, in tubs and barrels, 11½c. to 12c.
N. B.—No orders filled except for cash.

FINE FAMILY GROCERIES.
TEAS, FLOUR AND PROVISIONS,
At AGNEW'S, NO. 260 GREENWICH-ST.
Families desirous of buying the best provisions at the lowest price, are invited to examine my stock, which comprises the most complete assortment of choice Teas, Coffees, Sugars, and other Groceries and Provisions, to be found in any store in the City.
FLOUR.—A choice lot of Genesee Flour from $4 50 to $6 a barrel.
THOMAS R. AGNEW, Importer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in the Finest Family Groceries, No. 260 Greenwich-st., corner of Murray-st.

COCOAS, CHOCOLATE, BROMA, &C.—WRIGHT GILLIES & BROTHER, sole agents for Webb & Twombly's Cocoa, Chocolate, Broma, Sweet Chocolate, Cocoa Paste, &c. Nos. 235 and 237 Washington-st., New-York.

TO JOBBERS IN STARCH.—STRATTON'S Philadelphia Starch is acknowledged to be the finest article ever offered to the public. Price half a cent less than other manufacturers.
WRIGHT GILLIES & BROTHER,
Sole Agents, Nos. 235 and 237 Washington-st., N. Y.

YEAST CAKES.—HARVEY'S PROVIDENCE YEAST CAKES.—A fresh invoice just received, and for sale by the Agents. WRIGHT GILLIES & BRO., Nos. 235 and 237 Washington-st., New-York.

ESSENCE OF COFFEE.—BOHLER'S AND Hummell's Philadelphia Essence of Coffee in cans and foil. WRIGHT GILLIES & BRO., Sole Agents, Nos. 235 and 237 Washington-st., New-York.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST OR STOLEN—ON FRIDAY NIGHT, NOV. 26, on the passage from New-York to Providence, a pocket-book containing one Treasury note of $1,000; also $750 on the Plymouth Bank of Boston, Mass., bills $100, $50 and $20. A liberal reward will be paid for the recovery. Any information to be given to Capt. JAMES LEONARD, at the Office of the Police Commissioners, No. 413 Broome-st.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, MONDAY, NOV. 29, 1858.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

The DAILY TIMES is published every morning:—Price TWO CENTS; served at 12½ cents a week; mailed, SIX DOLLARS a year.

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TERMS—Cash invariably in advance.

All letters to be addressed to the "NEW-YORK TIMES, New-York City."

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—LUCREZIA BORGIA.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—THE RAVELS.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—OUR AMERICAN COUSIN—TWENTY MINUTES WITH A TIGER.

WALLACK'S THEATRE—SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL—TAKE CARE OF LITTLE CHARLEY.

BURTON'S NEW THEATRE—EXTREMES—ALL THE WORLD'S A STAGE.

BROADWAY THEATRE—SANDS, NATHAN'S & CO.'S CIRCUS.

BOWERY THEATRE—DEAD—MEDEA—THE BEAR HUNTERS.

PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE—THE RAG PICKER OF NEW-YORK—THE TREE OF DEATH—BONNIE FISH WIFE.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM—ZAVISTOWSKI'S JUVENILE BALLET AND PANTOMIMIC TROUPE.

MINSTREL HALL—CAMPBELL MINSTRELS—ETHIOPIAN ENTERTAINMENTS.

WOOD'S BUILDINGS—ETHIOPIAN MINSTRELSY.

PALACE GARDEN—PROFESSOR STARR'S ENTERTAINMENTS.

FLORENTINE GALLERY—CLASSICAL STATUETIC PAINTINGS.

BROADWAY, NEAR BLEECKER-STREET—BANVARD'S DESTRUCTION OF JERUSALEM.

Mails Close at the Post-Office.

North—Albany, Buffalo and Canadas	3½ P.M.
North and West Way Mail	5½ A.M.
Western Mail *via* Erie Railroad	5½ A.M. and 3½ P.M.
South and Southwestern Mail	7 A.M. and 4½ P.M.
East for Boston, by Railroad	5½ A.M. and 1½ P.M.
East for Boston, by Steamboat	3 P.M.

The Overland Mail for California, leaves St. Louis every Monday and Thursday, at 8 A.M. Letters designed for it should be marked "Overland, *via* St. Louis."

The Overland Mail from St. Joseph (Mo.) to Placerville, *via* Salt Lake City, leaves St. Joseph every Saturday, at 8 A.M. Letters should be marked "Overland, *via* St. Joseph."

Ocean Mail Steamers.

The European mails by the *Canada*, from Boston for Liverpool, on Wednesday next, at noon, will close at the New-York Post-Office to-morrow, at 1 o'clock P. M., to go by railroad, and at 3, to go by steamboat.

The German Mail by the screw-steamship *Bavaria*, for Hamburg, will close at the New-York Post-Office, on Wednesday, at — o'clock.

☞ J. P. POPE, Fall River, Mass., will supply those who want the DAILY, SEMI-WEEKLY, WEEKLY, or the CALIFORNIA TIMES. Can be procured by the single copy, or by the week or month.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The screw steamer *North Briton*, of the Canadian Steamship Company's line, from Liverpool on the 17th inst., arrived at Portland yesterday morning, having made the passage in ten days and a half. Her advices are four days later. Cotton at Liverpool on the day of sailing was reported steady and firm, while Breadstuffs and Provisions were very dull. Consols were at 98⅛ for account. The steamship *Indian Empire*, which left Halifax for Galway on the 29th ult., had not arrived out. Numerous marine disasters with loss of life, are reported as having occurred on the English coast—the result of heavy easterly gales. No American vessels were among the sufferers. Parliament is further prorogued to the 13th of January. The King of Portugal, in his speech at the opening of the Cortes, made allusion to the recent difficulty with France in reference to the affair of the *Charles et Georges*, in which he intimated that his Government had been forced to yield, not to right, but to superior force. From India we have news to the 25th of October. Several encounters had taken place between the British forces and the rebels, in all of which the former were successful—a great number of the rebels having been killed. Lord CLYDE was making arrangements to render his campaign a very effective one.

The U. S. Mail teamship *Illinois* arrived at this port last evening, from Aspinwall, bringing the California semi-monthly mail of Nov. 5, and over $1,600,000 in treasure. The news from San Francisco has been anticipated by advices received *via* Tehuantepec, and telegraphed from New-Orleans. Fuller details will, however, be found in this morning's paper.

We receive by the *Illinois* our usual correspondence, giving summaries of the news from Central and South America States. The principal feature is the announcement that the difficulties between Peru and Ecuador have led to actual war. From Central America we have nothing of importance. Sir WILLIAM GORE OUSELEY, in Her British Majesty's frigate *Valorous*, had arrived at San Juan. The late gale had done considerable damage to the shipping at Aspinwall. There is no political news from New-Granada.

Advices from Australia to Sept. 23, reach us by the way of San Francisco. The Frazer River excitement had penetrated thither, and excited a prevalent anxiety to try the new field. The gold products of Australia continue satisfactory; though marked with no noteworthy variation. WILLIAM ALDEN, mate of the American ship *Oliver Jordan*, was murdered at Sydney, July 23. The presence of a French squadron, cruising in the Australian waters, created the fear of a rupture of friendly relations between England and France.

Our advices from Vera Cruz are to the 11th November, two days later than by steamer. The *Progreso* speaks warmly of the Tehuantepec route, auguring great things from the introduction of travel.

A correspondent of the Boston *Traveller* writes from Constantinople, Oct. 27, that the *Wabash* and *Macedonian* were under orders for Jaffa, to procure redress for the outrages of last Winter. The offenders are under sentence of death, but its execution is not deemed probable without intimidation, and possibly extreme measures. The writer takes occasion to deny any unusual excitement of the Musselman against the Christian population.

It is believed that the President in his Message will take such decided ground with reference to Mexican affairs that Congress will be forced to act, or to take the responsibility of a continuance of the present condition of matters there.

The South Carolina Legislature commenced balloting on Saturday for a United States Senator, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Mr. EVANS. Two ballots were taken without any choice. The candidates are Ex-Governor ADAMS, Ex-Governor MANNING, R. BARNWELL RHETT, C. G. MEMMINGER, JOHN MCQUEEN, and Mr. CHESNUT. It is thought that Mr. RHETT's chances are the best, as he is more acceptable to the Conservatives than either of the others.

Efforts are being made to induce the Grand Jury of the United States Circuit Court, in session at Columbia, S. C., to refuse to find a bill of indictment against the mate and crew of the slaver *Echo*, recently captured on the coast of Cuba, and taken into the port of Charleston. Considerable delay has already occurred in the case.

In consequence of Mr. LEVERIDGE declining to accept the nomination of Comptroller, the People's Convention assembled last Saturday and nominated for the office ROBERT T. HAWS, the nominee of the American and Republican parties. A Committee from the American Convention waited upon Mr HAWS on Saturday evening and informed him of his nomination, which he accepted in an appropriate speech.

According to the report of the City Inspector there were 383 deaths in the City during the past week—an increase of 32 as compared with the mortality of the week previous, and 21 more than occurred during the corresponding week in last year Of the total number 196 were of ten years of age and under, and 44 inmates of the public institutions. The nativity table gives 239 natives of the United States, 86 of Ireland, 35 of Germany, 13 of England, 3 of Scotland, 2 each of Italy and the West Indies, 1 of Poland, and 3 unknown.

The sales of Cotton on Saturday were confined to 1,000 bales at steady prices. Holders of Flour and Wheat were asking rates above the views of buyers. Hence business was restricted. Corn was depressed. A fair inquiry prevailed for the leading kinds of Provisions and Groceries. Freights were somewhat brisker, with 628 vessels of all classes in port.

MEXICO.—We have advices from Vera Cruz of the 11th inst., two days later than we had by the *Tennessee*. There is no news of importance.

The *Progreso* of the 11th speaks favorably of the Tehuantepec route, and predicts great good to the whole [illegible] from it.

Our Charter Election.

We are within a week of our Charter Election. The result of it will determine the character of our City Government for another year. The Mayor holds over, but the Comptroller is to be changed, half the Aldermen and all the Councilmen are to be elected, and the Board of Education and all the local Boards which have control of our system of education are to receive their character from the issue of this canvass. The interest felt in it is not at all adequate to its importance. This is partly due to the fact that our citizens are tired of incessant political campaigning,—partly to the feeling of despair which is fast settling upon them in regard to reforming the City Government, and very considerably to the extreme difficulty of obtaining any accurate and reliable information concerning the candidates for their suffrages.

We make an effort this morning to give them some aid, which we hope may be more or less serviceable, in this respect. In another part of the TIMES we present a map of the campaign, including a list of the candidates and such memoranda concerning their history, persons, characters and general fitness for office as we have been able, after a somewhat protracted and diligent inquiry, to collect. The task is difficult and not particularly pleasant, and we are forced to confess that our success has not been completely satisfactory. When we are compelled to descend to the lowest regions of City life,—to grope among the grog-shops and back-slums of the City, to learn something of the men who are to govern a million of people, disburse ten millions of our money, and take charge of the education of a hundred thousand of our children, the prospect is certainly not encouraging. But, bad as the best are, there is still left a choice of evils. Some candidates are worse than others, and the object of our efforts has been to enable our readers to select for themselves the best of the candidates to whom, by the action of political parties, their choice is virtually restricted. In what we have said of the various nominees, we have been guided solely by a desire to be accurate, leaving personal preferences and political relations entirely out of the question.

Our list of candidates, and our personal sketches of them, are necessarily incomplete. In fact the nominations of some of the parties have not yet all been made, and even of those which have been made we have not been able to procure as full and reliable details as we could desire. We shall carefully revise our list, and endeavor, before the day of election, to make it as complete and perfect as possible. Meantime we shall gladly receive from candidates themselves, or from other reliable sources, any corrections of our errors, together with any additional information they may have to communicate.

The French in Cochin-China.

When Frenchmen and Spaniards went to war with the imbecile monarchy of Annam, there were those who saw in the business another realization of the lion and ass who went hunting, in the fable. France embarked in the venture upon a shrewd calculation of securing enough territory to pay the outlay. Spain proposed to avenge her slaughtered saints, whose missionary labors the Anamese had rewarded with martyrdom; and accordingly dispatched her armada, with virgins and crucifixions blazoned on its banners, and the promise of endless honor on earth, and a desirable remission of purgatorial pains to such as should fight the good fight. The crusade has already had its results. Our foreign advices instruct us that France is actually in possession of the port and territory of Turon, thus making sure of the lion's share, and that the allies were about moving on the Anamese capital, to obtain the Spanish residuum—limited to a meagre security for the future safety of priest and convert. There is little doubt of both objects being acquired with little difficulty or loss.

Turon—a place hereafter to be marked on the map of the world as a French dependency—comes to that people by a title more than questionable. It is the way of the world for a contracting party who fails to fulfill his engagements to pretermit all claims to the consideration. How France came by her pretensions to Turon will be remembered. There was a dethroned and disinherited Prince of Cochin-China, some seventy years ago, who fell into the hands, and became the convert and *protegé*, of a shrewd Jesuit Father. Father PIGNEAUX carried his cause on speculation to Paris, where, in his desperation, the Cochin-Chinese fugitive agreed to assign the port and neighborhood of Turon to the French upon the condition of a French fleet and army reinstating his dilapidated rights. With this contract the envoy returned to Asia. At the same time orders were transmitted to the French Commander-in-Chief in the East Indies to fulfill the French undertaking. Count CONWAY, who occupied that post, refused to obey the order. No help was forthcoming; and at last, in a fit of that still profounder desperation which impels men to forlorn hopes of enterprizes unassisted, GIA-LOUNG recovered Cochin-China by his own efforts, lived to erect the Empire of Annam by adding Cambodia and Tonquin to the paternal State, and died after a long, fortunate and progressive administration. Before that calamity, however, he was called upon more than once, by a French man-of-war, to fulfill that little covenant touching Turon. His reply, uniformly courteous and gentle, was always to the effect that, as the French had afforded him no aid in his extremity, they were entitled to no pay. His successors, offended by the continued and unblushing importunity of the barbarian, for Spaniards and French were alike and indeed identical in their eyes, grew gradually cool to the missionaries whom GIA-LOUNG had patronized, and presently endeavored to expel them by persecution. Hence, the Spanish *casus belli* is clearly the offspring of French misbehavior. With the opening of China and Japan grand anticipations of future traffic in the Northwestern Pacific fill the French imagination. Intermediate ports and harbors of refuge become important. The isle of Reunion and Pondicherry form but two links in the desired chain. Turon adds the necessary third; and Turon is now acquired. Excellent authorities, it may be added, assert that a far more available point was attainable by the easy method of peaceful negotiation some two hundred miles to the southward.

Hué, though more extensively and skillfully fortified than any other place in Asia, or, perhaps, in Europe, will probably fall into the grasp of the allies without trouble. Its vast walls, in the absence of a more prodigious armament than the entire military of Annam can furnish, are of no strength to resist the European siege-train; and what the native soldiery is worth, we learn from the circumstance that the five forts of Turon fell without the assailants losing a man. The enterprise can have but one result. The bayonets of allied commerce and Christianity will open Annam to the world. The missionary and the merchant will press in. And the history of an extinct people will be written by the historian of two or three generations in the future.

The Pardoning Power.

The Albany *Evening Journal* charges the TIMES with having assumed that "the exercise of Executive clemency in the case of JACKSON was itself a crime." The charge is unfounded, and is not sustained by the extract quoted to sustain it. We did assume that this pardon was most untimely, and that, *prima facie*, it needed explanation. In the absence of such explanation,—as not one syllable had then been given to the public in justification of the act,—we assumed and insisted that it was directly calculated to hold out hope of impunity to other scoundrels who had just been guilty of a similar outrage. There was no more of "harshness or disrespect" towards the Executive in this than are inseparable from the prompt and independent discharge of what we conceive to be the duty of a public press.

The *Journal* insists upon our assuming that "there are always good and sufficient reasons" for every pardon that is granted,—that they are never granted "arbitrarily or indiscriminately,"—on the ground that "no Executive should be deemed capable of guiltily prostituting this prerogative." This would be very amiable and certainly very agreeable;—but unfortunately the public has no such settled and abiding faith in Executive infallibility as to make it safe or easy. So long as the Executive is clothed with this power of opening every prison door, reversing every sentence of a court of law, and granting full dispensation to every convict within the borders of the State, his action will be watched with vigilance, and judged with just and wholesome rigor. So long as he is at full liberty to confine the reasons for his action within his own breast,—being accountable to nobody, and under no outward restraint whatever but public opinion, he must expect to have his conduct closely and severely scanned. It will never do, in the exercise of powers of so high importance, to assume that the Executive can do no wrong,—that it is impossible for him to be corrupted,—and thus to indorse his action in advance, and without regard to the reasons on which it may rest. When the deliberate judgment of a court of law is set aside, the presumption is that it has been wrongfully overruled,—and it is for the Executive to vindicate his intervention by publicly showing the reasons which prompted it. There is nothing either harsh or unjust in this. Any other mode of regarding and treating the subject would relax most injuriously that pressure of public sentiment which is now our only safeguard, and leave the whole matter to the unregulated caprice or whim of the Executive. If the Press had said nothing of the Governor's action in JACKSON's case, we should have had no such public exhibit of the reasons for it as that on which the *Journal* safely relies for his vindication. We should not have known the strength of the appeal, nor the substantial averments of fact upon which it was based. We should have known merely that a man convicted, in due course of law, of a brutal outrage, and sentenced to the just penalty therefor, had been turned loose upon society after a *tenth* of his punishment had been undergone.

It can scarcely be necessary for us to say that, in commenting upon the action of public men for the sake of protecting public interests and with a view to providing legal safeguards for the public good, we know nothing of the individuals who may happen to be in office, and upon whom the responsibility for the time may be devolved. The fact that Gov. KING is an honorable, high-toned, upright gentleman, who would not from any personal motive misuse or abuse the powers with which he is clothed, renders it all the more important that his action should not go unchallenged;—for it is by the precedents thus established by the good, that bad men justify themselves for their misconduct. The only security is to hold all alike to the same responsibility.

GEN. PAEZ AND THE PARAGUAY FLEET.—Not only does the Administration adhere to its resolution to place Government steamers at the disposal of Gen. PAEZ, but we see it announced that Commodore BREEZE, who called on the illustrious Venezuelan on Saturday, intimated to him that, in consequence of the accident which has recently befallen the General, "the steamer *Caledonia* would be detained here till he should be sufficiently recovered to embark for Venezuela." In reply to our remarks on the subject of using Government vessels for this purpose at all, the Washington *Union*, a few days ago, informed the world that the concession made by the President proceeded more from the heart than the head, and also that Venezuela was in the way from New-York to Paraguay. This latter piece of intelligence, which was as novel as it was startling, was accepted as the best face that could be put on the matter. But what excuse will the *Union* give for *detaining* a war steamer for the purpose of awaiting the convenience of Gen. PAEZ? Is the *Caledonia* required in Paraguay or not?

Judge Edmonds on Spiritualism.

Judge EDMONDS made an address yesterday morning at Dodworth's Saloon, in Broadway, to a congregation mainly of Spiritualists, upon the general subject of their faith. It was in the usual course of the Sunday services which are regularly maintained in that place by this newest of the religious sects. The Judge spoke from copious notes of the heads of his discourse, and with easy fluency and marked candor of manner. He devoted himself mainly to a consideration of some discouragements and drawbacks which are encountered in the prosecution of researches into this newly-revealed method of communication with the spirit world. It must be conceded, he said at the outset, that in all these communications there is an element of *uncertainty*. It is impossible always to be sure of the genuineness and truth of the message revealed. It is very difficult, and often impossible to tell whether the message delivered by the medium comes actually from a disembodied spirit, or from the spirits of other persons still living, or *from the spirit of the medium himself*. There can be no doubt at all, he said, that all these sources of deception do exist,—and that persons who endeavor to follow the guidance of the spirits are very apt to be misled by them. In many cases, for example, Spiritualists are deeply impressed with a want of congeniality between themselves, and their wives or husbands, and they very often receive directions from the spirits that it is their duty to sever these uncongenial ties, and seek other affinities, more in harmony with their own spirits. But there could be no doubt that in most of these cases the directions came unconsciously from their own minds and hearts,—from their own passions and appetites, and not from disembodied spirits, although the media themselves might not be aware of the fact. There was great danger of being deceived in this matter. He had himself been once most egregiously deceived in one instance. He was about to make a lecturing tour through the country, and was intending to go alone, and to accept of no compensation except barely to defray his expenses, which he was then too poor to meet himself. But a medium informed him that the spirits had instructed him that he must take him with him and that he must accept of compensation. During their tour, this medium once informed him, on behalf of the spirits, that he was doing him (the medium) great injustice in claiming all the credit of the lectures himself, and not putting *his* name upon the handbills and placards. The Judge asked the spirits if they had seen the placards; they said No, but they saw them *in the medium's mind*. He asked the medium if he had seen them, and he answered No. Now the fact was, said the Judge, that his name was upon the handbills,—and yet because the medium *thought* it was not, the spirits *saw* it thus omitted in his mind, and gave him directions accordingly. Here was a clear case in which the spirits were misled by the unconscious condition of the medium's own mind! And it becomes a matter of great difficulty, but of great importance, to learn how to distinguish between those communications which are reliable and those which are not. For himself, he confessed he did not know; but he believed that careful and persevering study would discover some way. Meantime, one great good would result from this uncertainty: men would be thrown back upon their own inquiries, and this was the great thing needed. If these revelations were absolutely certain and reliable, they would soon become authoritative,—and authority had been the curse of the religious world for 2,000 years. One great good which Spiritualism had accomplished was to destroy all faith in prescription and authority, and throw men back upon their own investigation. It was for earnest and devout students to press forward with their investigations,—testing the spirits, avoiding the extremes of fanaticism and credulity on the one hand, and of scepticism and infidelity on the other, and so arriving at a knowledge of the truth.

Another point which it was very difficult to determine was, the extent to which Spirits were possessed of the gift of prophecy. Oftentimes their predictions were true, and oftentimes they were false, and it was very difficult, but very important, to distinguish between them. For instance, not long ago, when Mr. HATCH was going to take forcible possession of his wife, he found her perfectly prepared for him, having been forewarned by the Spirits of his coming, and of the manner of it also. Here was a case of clear prediction. So also when Mr. HATCH was misusing and ill-treating his wife, Judge EDMONDS said he warned him in Boston that, if he went on in that way, she would be taken from him. *How* it would be he could not say; it might be by death—it might be by separation; the Spirits did not say how—but of the fact they left no doubt. And so it proved. So also in regard to the Atlantic Telegraph, the Spirits had revealed that the interruption in its working was caused by a prevalence of mineral influences at the other end. Now we know that there is a great quantity of mineral matter at the other end, and that the interruption is supposed to be upon the other side; and this tends to confirm the revelations of the spirits. But further than this we do not know. Spirits often, also, beyond all doubt, make statements which prove to be untrue, and Judge E. said the legal maxim, *falsus in uno falsus in omnibus*, had often been urged upon him in this connection. But he thought it much more philosophical to test each spirit, and ascertain by actual experiment the truth or falsity of its revelations. When we can ascertain the precise nature of the connection between spirit and body, we may be able to solve these doubts; but until then we must be content with the uncertainty in which they are now involved.

Judge EDMONDS urged these views with great earnestness and candor, apparently wholly unaware that the concessions he had made completely sapped the whole system, and was a virtual acknowledgment of the contradictions and absurdities of the whole Spiritualistic faith.

Amusements.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—Like a skillful postillion, Mr. ULLMAN has reserved a gallop for the last stage of his journey. To-night he gives us Mlle. PICCOLOMINI in "Lucrezia Borgia"—the lady impersonating the matronly heroine. The cast in other respects is very attractive; Herr FORMES is the *Duke*, and Mlle. GHIONI the *Orsini*. Mr. ULLMAN's season—the most successful on record—is drawing rapidly to an end. On Friday the "Huguenots" will be produced, with Mme. POINSOT in the *rôle* of *Valentine*. On Saturday we have the last performance of the season. During the present week, therefore, we may expect something more than the usual enthusiasm.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.—Mr. RANGER, a gentleman who enjoys a good reputation here and in Europe, makes his *reëntrée* at this theatre to-night, playing *Sir Peter Teasle*, in SHERIDAN's famous comedy of the "School for Scandal." The general distribution includes all the force of the establishment, and we may safely anticipate one of the best performances of the work ever given in this City. It is something when Mr. WALLACK tries to do a comedy well.

On Saturday, a new farce, by Mr. BROUGHAM, was produced at this house with success. It is called, "Take Care of Little Charley," and is as broadly funny as such a work can be. The incidents do not bear narration, but are skilfully handled by the writer, and provoke the most uproarious merriment. Mr. BROUGHAM plays an Irish character, and is abundantly unctious. The actual hero, *Little Charley*, is impersonated by Miss PLUNKETT—a child of precocious talent, wonderfully alive to the requirements of the text. The other characters are intrusted to the efficient hands of Miss MARY GANNON, Mrs. SLOAN, and Mr. PARSLOE, (the latter an admirable actor in small parts.) The farce will be repeated to-night.

BURTON'S THEATRE.—This establishment reopened for the season on Saturday night. The company appears to be a good one—excellent especially in the RICHINGS, artists of undoubted merit. Mr. SPERRY's comedy of "Extremes" enjoys a reputation, and has come by it honestly, in this City. A revival of the work will perhaps be attended with success. It includes all the principal artists of the company.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.—"Our American Cousin" enters on its seventh week to-night. This says all that is necessary to be said. The breath of dramatic life is merit. The farce called "Twenty Minutes with a Tiger" is selected as the afterpiece.

BROADWAY THEATRE.—Mr. EDDY gives his patrons an entire change of bill to-night. The triple Circus company of SANDS, NATHAN & Co. have a temporary possession of the building. This troupe includes all the best artists in the country, and we need scarcely remind our readers that the Broadway is the best place in the City for seeing an entertainment of the kind provided by manager EDDY.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.—The ever excellent RAVELS give "Punchinello" and "Helene" to-night. YRCA MATHIAS and ZANFRETTA have also their specialties in the programme.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM.—ZAVISTOWSKI'S Juvenile Ballet and Pantomimic Troupe open here to-day, and will appear every afternoon and evening in their pleasing and astonishing performances. Two pieces will be given by them to-day—the "Pet of the Village," and "Jealousy in the Kitchen"—the infant ALICE and her sister, *La Petite* EMELINE, in the principal characters. The WREN family of Juvenile comedians appear in conjunction with the Zavistowski troupe.

NATIONAL THEATRE.—The new local drama by R. JOHNSTON, Esq., called "The Rag-picker of New-York," will be played here to-night, together with a new sensation drama called "The Tree of Death; or, The Fair Lass of Woolwich."

BOWERY THEATRE.—"Uncle Tom," with the original cast; the "Wizard Skiff" and a pantomime, are the liberal items offered by Messrs. FOX & LINGARD to their patrons to-night.

MINSTRELS.—See the programmes issued by Woods and Campbells—two of the best companies in America. An admirable entertainment is certain at either place.

ONE MORE UNFORTUNATE.—The body of a young lady was found at an early hour on Saturday morning, floating in the East River, near the foot of Twenty-sixth-street. Two men with a small boat brought the body to the shore. Several bruises about the face, head and shoulders, and the torn condition of the garments, at once incited suspicion that the young lady had been murdered, and the body thrown into the river. The case is still involved in mystery. Being near Bellevue Hospital, where the body was found, the remains were removed to the dead-house of that institution to await the Coroner's inquisition, which was commenced yesterday. The skull is fractured, and the face and shoulders covered with black and blue spots. Only the waist of the dress remains, and some of the under-garments are missing—a linen skirt and hoop comprising the only under-clothing. The hoop, which is of whalebone, is broken in nearly fifty places. The deceased appears to have been about 18 years of age, and when discovered had not been in the water but a short time. The only evidence taken yesterday—Coroner PERRY is the examining Coroner—was the testimony of Dr. BOUTON, following a *post mortem* examination of the body. He stated that all the wounds found upon the person could have been produced by the paddle-wheel of a ferry or other steamboat—leaving but little doubt that she is the young lady who jumped from one of the Hamilton-avenue ferry boats, on Thursday evening last, as noticed in Friday's TIMES. The description given of the personal appearance and dress of the unfortunate female who threw herself from the ferry-boat corresponds entirely with the appearance and dress of the deceased. None of the witnesses in attendance, yesterday, were able to identify her, and the inquest was accordingly postponed until to-day, when it is hoped she may be recognized.

FIRE IN BEEKMAN-STREET, CORNER OF GOLD.—The alarm of fire for the Seventh District, at twenty minutes before 10 o'clock last night, was caused by a fire in the basement of the building No. 60 Beekman-street, corner of Gold, occupied by JOHN C. SPATZ as a lager-bier saloon and restaurant. The fire originated in a sub-cellar used as a kitchen. The damage to stock and fixtures will amount to about $600; insured for $1,200 in the Pacific Insurance Company. The building is damaged to the amount of $500. The first floor is occupied by BENJAMIN BRADLEY as a paper warehouse. The stock in it was damaged to the amount of $150. There was no fire on this floor, but the firemen put on a stream of water before they discovered their mistake. The fire was discovered by PETER CORNWELL, one of the Assistant Engineers.

ARREST OF BOGUS CHECK MAKERS.—For some time past the Wall-street Brokers have been victimized by parties who have sold checks on which the makers had no deposits. On Saturday Detective EUSTACE arrested a man named GEORGE DUNLAP, who is charged with the above fraud. One of the parties victimized identified him as the person who in October, ult., lost $50 by the fraud.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Mexican Affairs—The Pacific Mail Steamship Company and the Mail Contract—The President's Message—Secretary Cobb and the Tariff, &c.

Special dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, Nov. 28.

The President's message will take such bold and vigorous ground with reference to our Mexican relations as to throw upon Congress the responsibility of further continuance of their present condition. It is to be hoped that Mr. BUCHANAN will not fail to express the sympathy which himself and the country feel for the Liberals, in emphatic terms. If this slight amount of moral force may have the effect, as supposed, of turning the scale in behalf of JUAREZ and his party, and so of ending the present struggle, surely it should not be withheld.

The *States* publishes the following interesting facts, communicated by Mr. WORRELL, who was recently expelled from Mexico, and has just arrived in this city:

"Gen. ROBLES has been too long absent to expect to be raised to power. He was at Jalapa and ZULOAGA talked of arresting him."

[It will be remembered that ROBLES left his position as Mexican Minister at Washington some time since, with a view of pursuing the Presidency of his unfortunate country.]

"Gen. MIRAMON, it is stated, will probably succeed ZULOAGA as head of the Conservative Party."

"Three Spanish men-of-war had arrived at Vera Cruz, and the number expected was seven. France had officially notified Mexico of her intention to redress by force the wrongs of her citizens. The British flag was represented in force; and the only flag of the four nations having most interesting relations with Mexico, not represented on her coast, was that of the United States."

"JUAREZ and the Liberal Party will oppose foreign aggression, but the central powers and population are apathetic, or rather approving, under the impression that the coast will catch the worst of it."

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company are making a vigorous effort to have their mail contract, which will end in November next, renewed. The Company is unpopular here. A new contract may be authorized, and if so, Postmaster-General BROWN will draw out the keenest competition by advertising for proposals. He thinks he can have the mails carried from New-York to San Francisco for $350,000. The Pacific Company alone now receive $400,000.

The Cabinet was in special session yesterday to consider that portion of the President's Message relating to Foreign Affairs—that being the only portion yet completed.

As members of Congress arrive, they are anxious to learn the views of the Administration on the finance question. Secretary COBB expresses himself as opposed to any increase of duties, but does not object to withdrawing the free list for a time.

The Secretary of the Interior, having to attend the special Cabinet meeting yesterday, did not act on the contracts for Indian goods.

JOHN MITCHEL, of Baltimore, has been appointed Express Route Agent from Baltimore to Cincinnati, in place of A. H. Davis, who was accidentally killed a few days since.

The letter of Commodore STEWART to the Navy Department, asking to be relieved from command of the Philadelphia Navy Yard, declares that if the Government does not remove the stain placed upon his name by the action of the celebrated Naval Retiring Board, he will not only reign, but return to the Department all the tokens of appreciation of former services which have been bestowed upon him at different times.

Mr. ROGER A. PRYOR, late of the Richmond *South*, has been here and completed his arrangements for entering upon his new field of labor as editor of the *States*, on the 1st proximo.

It is supposed by many that the Senate will elect an entire new set of officers this Winter, from Secretary down, and the city accordingly is filling up with candidates. This sort of reorganization has been agitated every year for some time past without success; but those who desire it think that the vacancy made by the death of the late door-keeper, opens the way for a general sweep.

ASBURY DICKENS, the Secretary of the Senate, has filled that position for many years, and will be ejected with difficulty so long as he is able to fulfill its duties, unless there should be overwhelming necessity for giving the place to some needy ex-member of Congress.

Among the candidates for the door-keepership are Messrs. BASSETT and JONES, who have long filled subordinate situations in the service of the Senate, and between whom a warm rivalry has sprung up, which may lead to the election of some outside party not yet named.

Information has been received here that Lord GLADSTONE has been appointed by the Government of Great Britain to be Lord High Commissioner for the Ionian Islands, under the Protectorate established under the general treaty of 1804.

[FROM THE REPORTER FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

WASHINGTON, Saturday, Nov. 27.

There is no truth in the report circulated throughout the South that Secretary COBB has accepted the position of Minister to France.

A Kansas letter, from an authentic source, mentions that Captain MONTGOMERY and his associates had been indicted, but were trying to evade the process of law.

Affairs in South Carolina.

THE CASE OF THE SLAVER ECHO—BALLOTING IN THE LEGISLATURE FOR U. S. SENATOR, &C.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Friday, Nov. 26.

The United States Circuit Court met in this city to-day, Judges WAYNE, of Washington, and MCGRAW, of South Carolina, presiding. The charges to the Grand Jury were delivered by both Judges, strongly impressing upon the Jury the duty of impartially discharging their oaths of office, and while avoiding unfounded accusations, to suffer no personal sentiments or private feelings to deter them from presenting for investigation every case where reasonable evidence of guilt exists.

These charges, it is understood, were designed to meet the efforts which are being made by certain parties to induce the Grand Jury to refuse to bring in a bill against the mate and crew of the slaver brig *Echo*. Some delay has occurred in this case, through the difficulty of getting a full Jury together. The probability now is, that the action of the Grand Jury in this case will be made known on Monday.

The subject of the selection of a candidate for the seat in the Senate of the United States, left vacant by the death of Mr. EVANS, is now a prominent question for discussion in our political circles. Ex-Governor MCADAM is the favorite of all those who desire to agitate in favor of reopening the African Slave-trade; but R. BURNWELL RHETT, or ex-Governor MANNING, or General MCQUEEN will most likely be the choice of the Legislature.

Resolutions were introduced into the Senate, to-day, declaring that the Constitution of the United States contains no grant or power to interfere with the commerce of foreign nations; therefore, that all acts of Congress purporting to prohibit the Slave-trade between foreign countries are unconstitutional, null and void. Also, that the act of Congress declaring the Slave-trade piracy, in as much as it purports to convert into piracy what is not so in the nature of things, or in the sense of the Constitution, is unconstitutional, null and void.

Senator MASKICK made a strong speech in favor of the resolutions, declaring Congress might just as well make the trade in coffee piracy as the trade in slaves, and disputing the right of the United States vessels to interfere with the Slave-trade between foreign nations. The resolutions were referred to a Committee on Federal Relations by a vote of 25 to 13, which is considered fatal to them.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Saturday, Nov. 27.

The Legislature commenced balloting to-day for a United States Senator for the full term. Two ballots were taken, but no choice was made. On the first ballot, Ex-Governor J. H. ADAMS received 36 votes; Ex-Governor Manning, 24; R. Barnwell Rhett, 23; C. G. Memminger, 23; John McQueen, 22; and Mr. Chesnut, 21; scattering, 9. On the second ballot, C. G. Memminger received 30; Ex-Governor Adams, 37; R. Baenwell Rhett, 24; John McQueen, 22; Ex-Governor Manning, 21; and Mr. Chesnut, 21.

Mr. RHETT is considered as likely to be successful, as he is more acceptable to the Conservatives than Ex-Governor ADAMS.

Fire at Mauch Chunk.

MAUCH CHUNK, Penn., Saturday, Nov. 27.

The Lehigh Coal Navigation Company's warehouse in this place was destroyed by [illegible], together with a large quantity of goods and [illegible]er. Loss, $6,000.

The Southern Pacific Railroad.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Saturday, Nov. 27.

The stockholders of the Southern Pacific Railroad met again to-day, and adopted the report of President FOWLKES and the report of the Business Committee. A resolution was then passed requiring a payment of fifty cents on each share, when the Convention adjourned to meet again in New-Orleans on the 20th December, for the election of officers, &c. The meetings have been highly satisfactory, evincing a determination to push forward the road rapidly.

Steamboat Eclipse Sunk.

MOBILE, Saturday, Nov. 27.

The steamboat *Eclipse*, from Mobile to Montgomery, struck a snag and sunk, on the morning of the 17th, a few miles below Cahawba. After stopping the hole, she was raised, and proceeded to Montgomery. The water at one time was about three feet over her deck. Her cargo is badly damaged.

The Missouri State Railway Bonds.

ST. LOUIS, Saturday, Nov. 27.

The State Treasurer, of Missouri, has given notice that the semi-annual interest on the State Railway Bonds, due on the 1st of January, will be [illegible] maturity at the Bank of Commerce, [illegible].

The Weather in Boston.

BOSTON, Sunday, Nov. 28.

Snow has been falling steadily since 2 o'clock. The weather this evening is mild, with indications of rain.

Wreck of Brig Amanda.

NORFOLK, Saturday, Nov. 27.

The brig *Amanda*, from Providence, bound to Wilmington, is ashore on North Beach, N. C., and a total loss.

The British Steamer Scotia.

SAVANNAH, Saturday, Nov. 27.

The British steamer *Scotia*, from Havana, formerly engaged in the Coolie-trade, is here seeking a freight to Liverpool.

Southern Ocean Steamer Movements.

CHARLESTON, Saturday, Nov. 27.

The United States Mail steamship *James Adger*, Capt. R. ADAMS, from New-York, arrived here at 11 o'clock Friday night.

SAVANNAH, Saturday, Nov. 27.

The United States Mail steamship *Star* arrived here from New-York in 64 hours. All well,

The United States Mail steamship *Florida* leaves for New-York at 2 o'clock.

The Late Mr. Dickens.

We learn that there is reason to believe that, instead of having committed suicide as was at first reported, Mr. E. J. DICKENS, whose sudden death at Jersey City has been already noticed, was accidentally poisoned. We stated, in our notice of his death in the TIMES of Saturday, that he mentioned having twice narrowly escaped death from the use of potassium, which he had been taking to relieve an ailment from which he suffered. The British Vice-Consul, Mr. PIERREPONT EDWARDS, previous to the interment of his remains, caused a *post mortem* examination to be made, of which the attending physician has given the following report:

NEW-YORK, Saturday, Nov. 27, 1858.

I have this day made a *post mortem* examination, at the request of the British Consul, on the body of EDWIN J. DICKENS, at No. 6 Prospect-street, Jersey City, in the presence of PIERREPONT EDWARDS, Esq., H. B. M.'s Vice-Consul, and Mr. MCGUIRE, medical student.

The body was not decomposed in the slightest degree, and no wounds were discovered upon it, except a slight abrasion on the left cheek-bone, and at the edges of each lip. On first opening the abdomen and other cavities, a very faint odor of bitter almonds was perceptible. The left lung was quite healthy, while the right had been the seat of severe pleurisy, the whole surface being strongly adherent to the ribs. The heart healthy, except two of the valves, one of which was abnormally thickened, and the other contracted from inflammation, but these were not sufficiently affected to influence the general health, unless under great exertion or excitement. The blood throughout the body was fluid—none was found coagulated anywhere. The stomach externally was healthy; but, internally, contained only ropy mucus, (no food of any kind,) the lining membrane was somewhat softened, covered with this thick tenacious mucus, and highly injected in all its extent, but not corroded; other organs perfectly healthy, and showing no effects of intemperance, vice or sickness.

That the deceased died of an overdose of cyanide of potassium I have no doubt; but that he intentionally poisoned himself, I do not believe. He was suffering from a chronic cough, from his pleurisy, a kind of cough which a sedative would relieve. Cyanide of potassium is used for this purpose, and the dose evidently came from one of the bottles containing the weakest solution, while a suicide would have chosen the strongest. Only a small quantity could have been taken, or more effect would have been perceived, and a greater odor of Prussic acid been detected. The stomach being entirely empty, (he had arrived at the hotel too late for dinner, and had not appeared at supper,) and there being neither food nor fluid to dilute the quantity of medicine taken, it was at once absorbed, and the full effect—a total loss of muscular power—immediately produced, which would probably not have been the case had the stomach contained food.

The fact of the body having been still warm when found at ten o'clock the next morning, proves conclusively that the medicine was either taken in small quantities during the night, and at last produced death by accumulation, (as Cyanide of Potassium will do,) or that, if but one dose was taken, it was not until a late hour in the morning.

My conviction is, that he accidentally took an overdose of Cyanide of Potassium, which he was using as a medicine.

F. S. EDWARDS, M. D.,
No 137 West Twenty-second-street.

Mr. DICKENS reached the hotel at about 5 o'clock, and finding that dinner was over, sat down upon the sofa in the sitting-room, and spent some time in reading a newspaper which he had sent a lad to purchase. He soon afterwards retired to his room, and did not come down to supper. He had placed his shoes outside the door to be brushed, placed the two clean shirts which he had brought with him upon a chair, and folded up his clothes which he had taken off on going to bed. When found in the morning, he was lying upon the floor, with a wash-basin near him—the effect of cyanide of potassium being to produce nausea. He had with him three bottles of this preparation, one of which undiluted was found in the pocket of his coat undisturbed, and the other two corked upon a stand near the bed, both having been partially used. The door of his room had been left unbolted.

We understand that the father of Mr. D. is a wealthy gentleman living in London, retired from business, and that he has a brother extensively engaged in the silk manufacture in Manchester. His family connections are highly respectable. He was unmarried, and had led a literary life. The charges of the funeral and of the examination were defrayed by the British Consulate.

LAUNCH OF THE CHINESE STEAMER FIRE-WITCH.—A fine light-draft steamer of 1,250 tons burthen, intended for the navigation of the Chinese rivers, was launched on Saturday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from the ship-yard of THOMAS COLLYER, Forty-third-street, E. R. This vessel has been constructed under the supervision of Captain M. L. PORTER, whose business has long been connected with the navigation of the Yank-tse-Kiang and other Chinese rivers, for which the present steamer is intended. She will draw only 8 feet of water with her machinery and coal all on board. Her model is also adapted to swift sailing. She is to be a side-wheel steamer, with two oscillating marine engines, each of 52 inches diameter and 8 feet stroke, built unusually heavy. The entire machinery is to be made at the Morgan Iron Works, where the steamer was towed to receive it on board as soon as it is ready. Her frame is composed of white-oak, locust and red cedar, diagonally braced with heavy iron straps, the outside fastening being of copper, and locust trenails. This is the fourth vessel built by Mr. COLLYER for use in China, and the success of his vessels incites to the expectation that other contracts may come from the same direction.

NEW-YORK HOSPITAL.—Weekly Report to Nov. 26, 1858:

	Surgical.	Medical.	Total.
Remaining on Nov. 19	135	78	213
Admitted to Nov. 26	23	19	42
Discharged, cured or reliev'd	16	13	29
Died	5	6	11
Remaining at date	137	78	215

Males, 191; Females, 24.

J. DANACH, Superintendent.

OBITUARY.

Mr. THOMAS O. LARKIN, a California pioneer, died in San Francisco, Oct. 27. He was a native of Charlestown, Mass., born in 1802; went to California in 1832, was appointed U. S. Consul at Monterey in 1844, and since the admission of the State into the Union had lived in retirement.

The Bury (Eng.) *Press* says: The death of Mr. RUSDALE affords a sad example of the vicissitudes of sporting men. Years ago he had a hundred horses and was worth thousands; he died with only 3d. in his pocket, and a subscription saved him from a pauper's funeral.

The Countess, (Dowager,) of Clonmel died recently at St. Leonards-on-Sea. The late Countess was second daughter of GEORGE, second Earl of Warwick, father of the late Earl.

Mr. DAVID SMITH, of the well-known Liverpool firm of WILLMER & SMITH, has just died in London. He had been a member of the firm for forty years.

Mr. T. W. BOOKER BLAKEMORE, a leading member of the Protectionist Party in the House of Commons, has just died in England, aged 57.

The Hon. JONATHAN KNIGHT died at Washington, Pa., Nov. 23. He was a member of Congress in 1854 from the Twentieth District of Pennsylvania.

Count JOSEPH MASTAI, a relative of the Pope, died at Pesaro on the 2d of November.

Our Correspondence by the Illinois.

CENTRAL AMERICA.

General Summary of News.

Panama, Friday, Nov. 19, 1858.

The Panama Railroad Company's steamship *Columbus* arrived here on the 4th. Her dates are from Guatemala to the 25th, from Salvador to the 27th, Nicaragua to the 29th, and Costa Rica to the 31st October.

From Honduras and Guatemala there is nothing new of any importance. The tobacco tax has been restored in the latter country.

SALVADOR.

The Republic was perfectly tranquil under its able ruler, President Santin, and the business of the country, as well as its agriculture, was in a prosperous condition. The annual fair at San Miguel was to commence on the 17th November and last to the 25th. A great quantity of goods were on hand for the fair, both from Valparaiso and Europe, so that it was generally believed the indigo there would command a higher price than it did last year.

From the single port of La Union, this year, the exports will amount to nearly as large a sum as they did from all the ports of the Republic in 1856. The regular steamship trade, established by the Panama Railroad Company between Panama and Central American ports, has given an immense impetus to agriculture, not only in Salvador, but in all the Republics, with the exception of Nicaragua.

NICARAGUA.

The Legislative Assembly of this turbulent State, having refused to approve of Mr. Martinez' project to establish a Council, under the name of "Consejo Consultivo," he has resigned the office of President, but it is thought he would be induced to reconsider his determination.

The road from San Juan del Sur to Virgin Bay is said to have been made passable for mules with passengers and baggage, and undoubtedly is so.

The United States sloop-of-war *Decatur*, Commander Thatcher, had arrived at Realejo from Callao, and would stay on the Nicaraguan Coast until some action had been taken in Nicaragua affairs by the United States Congress. The United States steam flag-ship *Merrimac*, Admiral Long, was expected to arrive at Realejo from the Sandwich Islands in December.

COSTA RICA.

I wrote you, some time since, that General Lamar, United States Minister Resident to Nicaragua and Costa Rica, had made large claims on the latter Republic, in favor of fillibusters styling themselves "American citizens." Although the claims made by General Lamar are not by a great deal so large as reported, yet they are sufficiently onerous, and as abundantly unjust as I represented them to be. I am in receipt of a letter from a gentleman of high official position in San Jose, and who has had access to the papers, for the following information in regard to these absurd demands:

* * * "San Jose, Oct. 29, 1858.

"There men (the Filibusters) have done us much evil, for which we might justly enforce redress against the United States, were we as powerful as they are. Nevertheless, I hope the Cabinet at Washington will be satisfied, when the documents are carefully examined, that the aforesaid reclamations have no just foundation. I will briefly enumerate some of them:

"1st. The United States claim indemnification for the families of two Americans who were at Virgin Bay at the time the Costa Rica forces assaulted that place. These Americans were merely civic soldiers of Walker, as were all the foreigners residing there at the time. But be that as it may, no Government can be made responsible for lives casually lost in the midst of a combat.

"2d. The United States claim $34,000, said to have been stolen from an American by the forces of Costa Rica in San Juan del Sur. This charge is entirely false. On the contrary, Gen. Canas detailed one hundred men to guard private property and prevent robberies, and any losses that accrued could only have been after the Costa Rican forces had left the place.

"3. A certain fillibuster demands $10,000 for the reason that he was not allowed to pass down the River San Juan when it was in a state of blockade.

"4. Another claim of many thousands of dollars is made for one barrel of beef and two bags of rice, which 'an American' charges was taken from him by force: when, in fact, he sold the articles in question to the Costa Rican force for $100, and for which payment the officer in command took his receipt.

"There are many other demands, but they are still more impertinent and groundless."

Gen. Lamar is expected to leave Costa Rica for Nicaragua in the *Columbus* about the 26th inst.

Coffee, the great staple of Costa Rica, will yield abundantly this year.

The *Columbus*, on her next trip, will bring one or two tons of the silver ore, lately discovered near Atenas, in Costa Rica, to be sent to Boston, in order to ascertain its richness.

The *Columbus* brought down nine Jesuit teachers and priests, from Guatemala for Bogota. F. W. R.

NEW-GRANADA.

The Steamship Hermann at Panama—The War Between Peru and Ecuador—Panama News, &c.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Panama, Friday, Nov. 19, 1858.

The American steamship *Hermann*, Capt. Cavendy, with between 600 and 700 passengers for San Francisco, arrived at the island of Taboga, nine miles from this port, on the 9th, where she anchored. The *Hermann* made the passage from New-York to Rio Janeiro in 26 days. She remained at Rio six days, taking in coal and provisions. From Rio to Lota, Chili, where she took in 900 tons of coal, she was 26 days, six of which were occupied in getting through the Straits of Magellan. At Valparaiso, the *Hermann* took [illegible] tons more of coal, but only remained there two days, as some scrub lawyers on board had induced several passengers to bring suits against Capt. Cavendy for alleged ill treatment, &c., and he was afraid of a long detention if he allowed summonses to be served on him. She left Valparaiso with 1,400 tons of coal on board, drawing 24 feet of water, and arrived at Taboga in 13 days. No deaths have occurred on board, and no serious sickness. When Captain C. reached here he had 800 to 900 tons of coal on board, which he considered sufficient to take him to San Francisco. Three hundred tons were sent out from New-York, across the Isthmus, but is held here for freight and charges.

Captain Cavendy, on his arrival at Panama, not liking the looks of things in New-York, he having an interest in the other ship, the *Washington*, placed the *Hermann* under command of his first officer, Mr. Patterson, and goes home himself on this steamer. He determined not to send the vessel to San Juan del Sur to look for the passengers of the *Washington*, considering it exceedingly doubtful if the latter ship would be sent out at all, and having no confidence, if she was, that her passengers would get over the Nicaragua Isthmus—so if the *Washington did not break a piece of her machinery* off Sandy Hook and put back, there will be a nice time at Aspinwall in a day or two, with her deceived passengers, who will find no way to get to California.

A debt of $15,000, for supplies for the *Hermann* in New-York, was secured on her here. A debt of $22,000, for coals and supplies, was secured on her at Rio Janeiro, and another of $12,000 for coals and supplies at Lota and Valparaiso. So the attempt to open the Nicaragua route has again proved a complete failure, for lack of funds.

The *Hermann* brought dates from Valparaiso to the 27th October, 11 days later than those brought by the regular British mail vessel. Not much of interest had transpired in Chili in the interim. A number of prominent gentlemen in Santiago, wishing to show their disapprobation of the administration of President Montt, proposed a public dinner on the 19th October with that object, but the only speech of the evening worth notice—much to the chagrin of the managers—was one in favor of President Montt. There were only about 300 persons present. The next day a civil and military officer was foolishly arrested for having been present. Señor Mira, the intendente of Copiapo—who had the editor of the *Copiapino* and a couple of others flogged for publishing abusive articles against him and his family—had been sentenced to two years' banishment, and to pay a fine of $100—the severity of the sentence being enhanced from the fact that he addressed an insulting letter in his own defence to his judges.

William L. Hobson, Esq., late Acting United States Consul at Valparaiso, and a prominent merchant, was a passenger on board the *Hermann*. I am happy to learn that our Minister to Chili, the Hon. John Bigler, enjoys an enviable popularity in that Republic, as well among his own countrymen as among the native population.

Our dates from Bogota are to the 28th October, but there is not a word of news. The Confederacy is tranquil in all its parts, if we except a little fermentation in the Magdalena districts on account of the forced recruiting of soldiers for Panama. Some of the men who were seized and yoked together like cattle, to be shipped, had got away, and experienced great hazards rather than be taken.

Under the South American head, you will find a succinct account of the progress of the imbroglio and war between Peru and Ecuador. You will recollect that I gave you a very full history of the events that originated this trouble, in a former letter.

The war just commenced between Peru and Ecuador, is generally laid in Callao and Lima, at the door of Echenique, who was revolutionized out of the office of President by Castilla, in 1855. He expects to keep Castilla, with his main disposable force, occupied in the north of Peru, which will be invaded by Ecuador, while he, assisted by Bolivia, shall invade Peru in the south. It remains to be seen whether the Bolivian Government will take a hand in the game. But that the war between Ecuador and Peru will sooner or later extend to Bolivia, and also to New-Granada, is quite possible and even probable. Echenique is now in Bolivia, using every means in his power to create an ill-feeling between Castilla and Linares, and getting promises of men and money to overthrow the present Government of Peru, and the latter power will, therefore, be very apt to hold Bolivia responsible for his proceedings.

As regards New-Granada, it is conceded that she will not allow Flores to take possession of the Government of Ecuador, as he would be to her rather an unpleasant neighbor. And Flores, partly for whose benefit and for that of Echenique, the war was begun, it is plain will take a very active part in it, as much to forward his plan of regaining his lost power as to revenge himself on the men who have been instrumental in confiscating his property, and in depriving his friend Alvarez, the Venezuelean Minister, of his *exequatur*, for the reason that he too strenuously insisted that Ecuador should indemnify the General for these alleged losses and confiscations. And as the main cause of the war is alleged to be the possession of the territory of the Amazon, which was the common inheritance of the Columbian Confederacy, it can scarcely be expected New-Granada, even if she could suffer Flores to rule in Ecuador, could look coldly on while her territory was being appropriated by Peru.

The probable results of this foolish war may be stated as follows: Peru, having quite a respectable steam-navy, and Ecuador having no serviceable vessels of war, will at the outset take possession of the City of Guayaquil, which Ecuador will allow her to hold for the time being. The Ecuadorian force will attack Peru in the north, by marching overland in a body. Peru, which is in such a state of discord, will suffer much from Vivanco and his adherents in the north, as he will have the support of the Ecuadorian forces. Echenique will look upon his own success as certain when the struggle between Presidents Robles and Castilla shall have commenced. He will then enter the defenceless and discontented Southern Provinces and take possession of them with but little trouble. Peru must raise not only 15,000 but 30,000 men if she expects to come out of this war with success.

As to the rights of the question, Peru has shown but little prudence and evidenced but little respect for the principles of justice, in her action. Ecuador had an undoubted right to dismiss Cavero, especially after becoming cognizant of the threats against her contained in his letter to the Consul-General of New-Granada. The United States dismissed Mr. Crampton for a lesser cause, and England did not find it even a ground for complaint, much less for war. The Cabinet at Washington has lately demanded from Nicaragua an apology for language impugning the honor of the United States, contained in an agreement between Presidents Martinez and Mora, and the Minister of the former has acceded to the demand. "Whom the gods would destroy, they first make mad"—and President Castilla bids fair shortly to illustrate the apothegm.

I received by the last British mail from Guayaquil the following letter, from a leading member of the Ecuadorian Government, dated

Quito, Tuesday, Oct. 19, 1858.

* * * * "The public press has kept you informed of the Cavero question. But you are ignorant as the point to which the ambition of the Government of Peru has led it. From a circular, a copy of which was addressed to the British Government, we have learned that its pretensions embrace nothing less than the two banks of the Amazon, from the Santiago to the Yapura; so that Peru actually claims two-thirds of the territory of Ecuador, and a great extent of the New-Granadian territory. * * * I call your attention to this great danger, because I do not wish that New-Granada should suffer from her ignorance of the facts, or that she should suddenly find herself misled, and involved by the perfidy of these American Carthagenians. Peru maintains a legation at Bogota, solely that she may still the suspicions of New-Granada, and surprise her when she should least expect it. Castilla believes, if he can estrange Ecuador from her friends, he can conquer and rob her; and she once conquered, extend his limits to Tabatinga, despoiling New-Granada of all she possesses between the Caquete and the Yapura. If the Conservatives of New-Granada shut their ears to the truth, the Liberals ought to expose their criminal security before the nations, and see that the accomplices of Peru are punished for aiding her in her attempt to seize upon the eastern territories of Columbia, in order to close the Amazon to the intelligent commercial nations of the world."

It is altogether probable that the first action of the Congress of Bogota, which meets on the 1st of February, will be in relation to this South American imbroglio.

In Panama, nothing of any great interest has transpired the past fortnight. Governor Obaldia has appointed his officers, his selections having the approval generally of the community.

Señorita Josefa Hurtado, a beautiful and accomplished lady of only twenty years, sister of the Intendente General, died on the 4th.

The health of the city is good. The rainy season has about closed. The United States frigate *Saranac* remains in port, and also the British frigates *Alert* and *Vixen*. The crews and officers are in the enjoyment of general good health. F. W. R.

The Late Violent Gale—Damage at Aspinwall.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Aspinwall, Saturday, Nov. 20, 1858.

The most violent gale that ever visited Aspinwall since its foundation commenced on the evening of the 11th, and did not cease until the evening of the 15th. On the 12th the Boston ship *Telassar* went ashore in the harbor, with 600 tons of coals in her, and both ship and cargo are a total loss. The ship was discharging at the fine wharf of the United States Mail Steamship Company, when it was found necessary to let her drop out in the stream. But the wind blowing directly in and some of her lines parting, she went stern on several times to the wharf, tearing away about 80 feet of it. Sail was finally got on her in time to save the greatest portion of the wharf, and she was run ashore, having previously nearly filled with water. The loss of the ship and cargo probably amounts to $20,000. The damage to the wharf is about $15,000. One or two small vessels were slightly damaged, the schooner *H. P. Russell* having lost her rudder. At one time four vessels had signals of distress flying. The United States steam-frigate *Roanoke* kept steam up, and the British mail steamship went to sea. Had it not been for the efforts of the officers and men of the *Roanoke*, *Saratoga* and *Relief*, several fine vessels would undoubtedly have been lost. Their boats and men for two days were constantly and courageously employed. Great credit is also due to John W. Bourne, Esq., agent of the United States Mail Company, who, by his constant and intelligent labor during the worst part of the gale, saved the great part of the wharf, with its steam engines, water pipes, houses, and the $40,000 worth of coals stored on it. No man better fitted in every way for the position he occupies could be named.

The *Illinois* arrived at her wharf on the evening of the 15th, and the *Granada* not till the next morning, the latter vessel having been detained two or three days at Havana awaiting the New-York steamer. But the small streams that everywhere empty into the Chagres had so swollen that river that its waters overflowed the track of the railroad in two or three places, so that the engines, in trying to pass over, had their fires put out. The passengers, consequently, could not cross until the 17th, when the transit of four or five long trains was made in about three hours, with comfort.

Three negro servants of the wardroom of the *Saratoga* were drowned in this port this morning, by the swamping of one of the ship's boats.

Señor Justo Arosemena, first Governor of the *State* of Panama, and several years Senator in the Congress of New-Granada, visited the *Roanoke* yesterday, with his American bride, by invitation of Admiral McIntosh and Captain Gardner. He was complimented with a salute of fifteen guns, in honor, as the Admiral said, of the "annexation."

The British mail steamship arrived at Aspinwall this morning, having left San Juan del Norte yesterday morning. The *Valorous*, with Sir William Gore Ouseley and wife, his Secretary and wife, etc., arrived at San Juan the day before. The *Jamestown* and *Savannah* were at San Juan, also the British frigates *Leopard* and *Basilisk*. The *Washington* had not arrived when the steamer left.

IMPORTANT FROM SOUTH AMERICA.

War between Peru and Ecuador.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Panama, Friday, Nov. 19, 1858.

The new British steam propeller *Cloda* arrived here on the 6th inst., with dates from Valparaiso to Oct. 15, Lima and Callao to the 27th, Quito to the 21st, and Guayaquil to the 1st November. The news from Peru and Ecuador is of great importance, war having been commenced between these two Republics. I gave you, a month ago, in an extended form, the causes that have led to this result, and will now give you the facts as they have transpired since.

On the 20th October, the Peruvian war-steamer *Trembes* arrived at Callao, bringing from Ecuador the Peruvian messengers who bore the *ultimatum* of Peru to Quito. Peru demanded, under date of Oct. 6, as a preliminary to any further negotiations with Ecuador, that "the *exequatur* of Señor Cavero, revoked by the Government, should be restored to him, and that he be reinstated in the full exercise of his diplomatic functions." This demand was peremptorily refused.

On the 21st, Señor Francisco P. Icaza, Minister from Ecuador to Lima, demanded his passports, stating that as he had not been able to effect a peaceful solution of the difficulties, which was the special object of his mission to Peru, his Government had recalled him.

On the 22d, the Secretary of State of Peru answered Señor Icaza that as his Government had recalled him, and as he had informed the Department of State that there could no longer be any object in his remaining in Lima, the Council of Ministers had instructed him to grant him his passport.

On the 26th, Gen. Castilla, having been formally declared President of Peru, issued a decree:

"That from facts communicated to him by his Secretary of State, it appeared Ecuador, far from apologizing for the insults to Peru, in the person of her Minister, and instead of acceding to our just demands in regard to territorial limits, had placed herself in a hostile attitude, augmented considerably her army, had ordered out her National Guard, and asked Congress to grant power to her President to declare war against Peru. Therefore the Republic, being menaced by a foreign war, has granted the President power to put in the field fifteen thousand men whenever circumstances might require it, and to call to active service all who belonged to the army; and also to raise and appropriate the necessary funds for the support of the same."

On the 27th, all the Government war-vessels then in the port of Callao including the steam-frigate '*Amazonas*, of 22 guns, were ordered to Guayaquil, to blockade that port. On the same day officers started for Pisura, Huaraz and Huanchaco to raise men for the army. The whole number indicated in the decree was ordered to be enrolled. When the mail steamer left, on the evening of the 27th, it was reported that a proclamation, formally declaring war against Ecuador, had been issued.

Ecuador, though without the means for war that Peru possesses, is making the most active preparations for the war. Regiments are being put on a war-footing; the National Guard has been ordered out, and it obeys the summons with enthusiasm. The whole nation is in favor of the war, as the part which Peru has played is considered as a taunt and flagrant wrong.

A great number of American rifles and much ammunition have just arrived at Guayaquil. Troops were moving towards Cuanca and Loja with great haste. The plan seems to be to occupy the north of Peru, while Echenique will raise a revolutionary force against Castilla in the south, as has undoubtedly been agreed on.

Castilla received 432,000 out of the 560,000 votes cast for President, and has been formally installed by the Congress.

A proposition to remove the army ten leagues from Lima during the session of Congress has been rejected.

I translate the following, in regard to the question of seizure of United States merchant vessels by the Government of Gen. Castilla, for loading guano under the revolutionary charters granted by Gen. Vivanco, when he held possession of the Province of Arequipa, and the ports of Arica, Iquique and Islay. It will be recollected that Mr. Clay, our Minister to Lima, demanded a large indemnity to the owners of the ships indicated, and an apology to the United States for the violation of her flag, and it was confidently stated, only three months since, that Mr. Clay's demands would be fully enforced by our Government:

"With the object to prevent the unlawful and criminal exportation of guano, which was being practiced, and the working of the deposits of which was forbidden by the laws of the Republic, and considering the foreign speculators, who were engaged in such illegal traffic, while doing an illicit trade, violated the neutrality they were bound to observe, by furnishing means and elements of war to a faction who had raised the standard of revolt against the Constitution of the State and the legitimate Government, dispatched the national war-vessel *Tumbes*, with orders to pursue and capture the contraband vessels. This steamer encountered, in lat. 20° 30' S., and lon. 79° 20' W., the American ship *Dorcas C. Yeaton*, making for the port of Iquique, occupied by the seditionists. Having spoken her, the Commander of the *Tumbes* sent a boat with an officer and four unarmed men, to board her, in order to arrive at the facts.

The circumstances connected with this act, and the incidents which followed, were scandalously and falsely disfigured in a protest which the master of the *Dorcas C. Yeaton* made to his Minister, giving rise to the claims made by said Minister to the Department under my charge, as follows:

1. That the Government of Peru should give complete and ample satisfaction for the insult and offence offered to the flag of the United States, in such form as might be determined upon by that nation.

2. That Lieutenant Ignatio Dueñas should be suspended from the command of the *Tombes* and from service to Peru, for such time as the Government of the United States may consider necessary.

3. That the Government of Peru accord full and ample compensation to the owners of the *Dorcas C. Yeaton* for all the damages and losses which may result from the said detention by the officer of the *Tombes*, and from her subsequently being taken into the port of Callao.

The justificatory documents, and the communications exchanged, as well in Lima as in Washington, which accompany this report, will inform Congress of the progress and conclusion of the negotiations relative to this grave affair, and of the care taken by the Government to sustain the dignity and the justice of its proceedings. This justice on our part has been acknowledged with great frankness and impartiality on the part of the Government of the United States, which, in a definite solution of the question, has declared: "That the United States has nothing to ask of the Government of Peru, either as satisfaction for the act, or in the way of punishment to the officer under whose orders it was committed, nor has it any complaint to make or the detention of one of its vessels."

The capture made by the *Tumbes*, in Punta de Lobos and Pahellon de Pica, of the American ships *Lizzie Thompson* and *Georgiana*, for the double crime of having anchored in ports that were not open to foreign commerce, and for having been surprised in the act of taking guano from deposits forbidden to be worked by law, and without the competent papers exacted by the laws and regulations of the republic, has given rise to a protest on the part of the Minister of the United States, and to a correspondence had in this capital and in Washington, which accompanies this report; and since the Congress of the United States has acted upon this matter, and part of the aforesaid correspondence has been published there by the press, there is no obstacle to the same course being pursued by the Government of Peru.

Notwithstanding that the conclusion of the note directed by the Secretary of State to our Minister, on the 22d of May last, contains certain reservations that the Government of Peru cannot and should not accept, the assurance in this document has been received with extreme pleasure, that if Mr. Clay has been justly culpable of the charge of *lack of impartiality and of a friendly disposition* in his proceedings, he has failed to interpret correctly the sentiments of his Government, and adopted a line it cannot approve, because the United States entertain the most friendly sentiments for the Peruvian people and their Government, and feel the greatest interest in the progress of this most beautiful country.

This assurance, united to the constant proofs of good will and sympathy which the Peruvian Government has received from the Government of the Union, and the justice and dignity of the policy of that Government inspires great confidence that an immediate arrangement of the question at issue will be had of a satisfactory nature. There are also other good reasons to hope for such a result.

The report of the Secretary goes largely into the question at issue between Peru and Ecuador, charging the latter country with many unneighborly acts against Peru, and among them with harboring Don Manuel Vicente Morote, who was engaged with Lomer in the contemplated fillibuster expedition against Peru from New-York.

BOLIVIA.

President Linares seems to have somewhat intimidated the unquiet revolutionary spirits of this country, by his late execution of a dozen or so of the rebels. Tranquillity is said to reign throughout the Republic.

CHILI.

Chili seems to be somewhat disturbed by rumors of revolution, or at least the Government does. In Santiago, the capital, and at Concepcion several arrests had been made, but it appears on very trivial grounds. A Frenchman was arrested in the former place, charged with having made one hundred revolver balls for a revolutionist, and in Concepcion three men, among whom was an Englishman, were arrested for "some seditious toasts" at a dinner. The officers of the Government are much blamed by the public press for their silly fears. Pasquins appear in the papers of armorers offering their business for sale, or proposing to change their shops into manufactories of crinoline. Rumors existed that the Government had received notice that a vast conspiracy against the public order existed, but the matter is generally ridiculed by the Press and the people. At Valparaiso two or three sergeants were arrested as conspirators, and military proceedings were instituted against them—but nothing came out of it.

A fire in Calle San Juan de Dios, Valparaiso, had destroyed $60,000 worth of property.

The English, Americans, and other foreigners at Valparaiso, had united in a public dinner to celebrate the laying of the "busted up" Atlantic Cable. Much enthusiasm was exhibited on the occasion.

Lieut. Gillis, who was sent out by the Smithsonian Institute to observe the solar eclipse at Paita, in Peru, was at Santiago.

Silver coin was becoming so scarce in Chili, on account of the great export, that an export duty was talked of to prevent the country becoming completely drained. Two million dollars had been sent away in nine months. Silver change bore a premium of 2 per cent.

The terms on which the Government had agreed to take the private shares of the 33 miles of Railroad already built between Valparaiso and Santiago are: The shares to be received at their par value, 30 per cent. to be paid down, and the balance in five equal installments, the first in two years, and the other four at intervals of one year each, with 6 per cent. interest.

An extra session of Congress will soon be called, as the budget for 1859 has not yet been acted on.

The Government has issued a circular to the Intendentes, recommending to them a strict observance of the laws for the protection of the property and persons of foreigners in Chili.

The crops would be very plentiful, and the copper mines of Cepiapo and Coquimbo were in a highly prosperous state.

A census of the merchant marine of Chili makes it 38 ships, 92 barks, 52 brigs, 58 brigantines and schooners, 17 sloops, and 7 steamers; in all, 260 vessels, amounting to 60,410 tons, and carrying 2,500 men.

The Pacific Navigation Company's steamer *Lima*, which has been running between Panama and Valparaiso, sailed for Liverpool, to make some changes in her machinery, on the 12th of October. She took 30 passengers.

The Baltimore bark *Isabella C. Jones* had had another contact in the bay, this time with the British ship *Gladiator*, in which both vessels were considerably injured.

A new mutual fire insurance company at Valparaiso, called the "Union Chilena," had insured upwards of $1,000,000 on property the first three days after it was instituted.

Greater activity had prevailed in business the fortnight ending Oct. 15, although not so great as usual at that season. The depreciation in the price of home products had acted favorably on shipments, particularly in Copper. Flour averaged about $4 per quintal Carolina Rice, $6 50; American Refined Sugar, $4 to $4 20 per aroba; actual stock of all kinds of Sugars on hand, 82,500 arobas; Bolivian Guano, $22; Bar Copper, $18 75, cash; Nitrate of Soda, $2 50, cash. Freights to Europe—£2 to Liverpool, £2 15s. to Antwerp; to Baltimore, $10.

ARGENTINE CONFEDERATION.

Dates from Parana are to Sept. 9, and from Mendoza to Oct. 1. The Chambers continued in session. In Tucuman, a military mutiny, headed by a Señor Lopez, was promptly put down by Governor Paz. In San Juan a revolution on a great scale, headed by General Benavides was spoken of. Arms and ammunition were found in his house. The General had been arrested, and placed in irons in solitary confinement.

In the Province of San Luis, about 70 leagues to the northward of Mendoza, at a place called Cañada Honda, very rich gold fields had been discovered. One man is said to have extracted six ounces per day, and nuggets of two ounces in weight had been found. The standard of the gold is 21 carats.

BUENOS AYRES.

Dates are to Sept. 7. Colonel Frias had repulsed an attack of savages, and rescued female captives, cattle, &c., and routed the Indians.

According to the budget, the expenses will amount to ninety millions, and the income to eighty-five millions.

ORIENTAL REPUBLIC.

The Government has resumed the management of the Customs, which had been farmed out. No yellow fever prevailed at Montevideo.

PARAGUAY.

Dates are only up to Aug. 21. A railroad was about to be commenced from Asuncion to Villa Rica. The French Government had approved of the arrangement made by its Consul in regard to the difficulties at New-Bordeaux. F. W. R.

City Politics.

DECLINATION OF MR. LEVERIDGE—NOMINATION OF MESSRS. HAWS AND WAGNER BY THE PEOPLE'S PARTY.

The "People's City Convention," called for the purpose of nominating People's candidates for Comptroller and Governor of the Almshouse, held its final meeting at Thorp's, corner of Broadway and Ninth-street, on Saturday evening. The attendance was not large. A communication was received from Mr. John P. Leveridge, declining to accept the nomination for Comptroller tendered him by the Convention. After some debate a ballot was taken for candidate for Comptroller, which resulted in the selection of Mr. Robert T. Haws, the Republican and American candidate—the vote standing 27 for Haws to 7 opposition.

Mr. Frederick C. Wagner, the American nominee, was then indorsed by acclamation for Governor of the Almshouse.

THE AMERICANS AND MR HAWS.

The Committee appointed on Friday night to inform Mr. R. T. Haws of his nomination for Comptroller by the American City Convention, waited upon that gentleman on Saturday evening, and were by him invited to the La Pierre House in Broadway, where, with a number of other gentlemen, they sat down to a comfortable supper.

Before enjoying the pleasures of the table, Mr. Snyder, Chairman of the American Convention, tendered Mr. Haws the nomination in a brief and appropriate speech, to which the latter replied as follows:

Gentlemen: I am deeply sensible of the honor conferred upon me by the nomination you have just tendered to me; and I am the more grateful from the fact that the resolutions adopted by the Convention you represent, declared that it was independent of all party considerations. The charter of 1857, as you are aware, separated our Municipal from the general election, for the express purpose of divorcing local interests from the embarrassments attendant on a general canvass. This was regarded as an urgent necessity in consideration of the vast interests of this metropolis, which not unfrequently had been wholly overlooked. In the excitement of the moment, bad men obtruded themselves into places of responsibility, and wasted the People's moneys in flagrant corruptions. It was therefore deemed expedient that candidates for municipal favor should be presented in such manner that their qualifications should be placed more directly in view. For myself I feel that your Convention has done me a double honor. Accepting, as I already have, a nomination from the Republican Convention, I regard your action in the light of a magnanimity as patriotic as it is complimentary to myself.

If elected to the high position to which, in the partiality of my fellow-citizens, I am designated, I can only promise to devote to it all my energies, to the end that order may be restored where chaos now reigns—that the Treasury may be no longer at the mercy of swindlers, and that the taxes of our City, in which all of every class are interested, may be speedily reduced.

I therefore accept your nomination in the spirit with which it has been tendered to me, with my thanks to you, gentlemen, and to the Association which you represent, for this manifestation of your confidence.

The party shortly afterward sat down to supper, and passed the evening in social enjoyment.

☞ Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing-Machines. They are the favorites for families.—*New-York Times.*
New style, price $50.
Office No. 343 Broadway, New-York.

☞ Singer's Sewing Machines.—The great reduction in the price of these indispensable machines has brought a rush of customers. Though the prices have been put down, the machines are made better than ever. Now is the time to buy.
I. M. SINGER & CO., 458 Broadway, New-York.

☞ The New-England Society of Jersey-City will hold a special meeting at Franklin Hall, corner of Montgomery and Warren sts., Jersey-City, on TUESDAY EVENING, 30th instant, at 7½ o'clock, to make arrangements for their annual dinner on the 22d of December, and for the election of new members. All persons of New-England birth or origin are cordially invited to attend.
D. GOULD, President.

☞ United States Court—E Pluribus Unum Justice.—Meerschaum *vs.* American Smoker—Hans Hamburger for plaintiff; Brother Jonathan for defendant.—This case was ably argued by the learned counsel, and decided upon the merits in favor of defendant by his Honor the Judge. A full report of this interesting case can be had at Nos. 22 and 24 Frankfort-st.

☞ The Eau Lustrale Hair Restorative of JULES HAUEL has an unprecedented reputation for imparting health, strength and beauty to the hair; its use renders scraggy, wiry hair luxuriantly soft and glossy, and inclines it to curl. Sold by all druggists, and by JULES HAUEL & CO., No. 704 Chesnut-st., Philadelphia.

☞ Boys' Overcoats, French Styles,
Superbly finished and
In great variety,
At GENIN'S BAZAAR,
No. 513 Broadway,
St. Nicholas Hotel.

☞ Batchelor's Hair Dye, Wigs and Toupees.—This celebrated establishment is at No. 233 Broadway. Twelve private rooms for the application of his famous Hair Dye, the best extant. BATCHELOR'S Wigs and Toupees have improvements over all; this is the only place where these are properly understood and made.

☞ Heavy Silk, Merino, Cotton and Shaker Flannel Shirts and Drawers, 5 per cent. below wholesale prices, at the Shirt and Collar depôt, Nos. 87 and 89 William-st., one door north of Maiden-lane.
GEO. M. TRACY, Agent.

☞ The Celebrated Scotch Wool and Shaker knit undershirts and drawers, also undergarments for men, women and children, Winter gloves of every description, knit jackets, comforters, scarfs, &c., at McLAUGHLIN'S Shirt and Furnishing Depôt, corner of Murray and Greenwich sts.

☞ Cure your Cough.—Use Campbell's Syrup of Tar and Wild Cherry; 25 cents a bottle. To be had only of the inventor and proprietor, SAMUEL CAMPBELL, Chemist and Apothecary, southwest corner 8th-av. and 28th-st.

☞ Rupture Cured by Marsh's Radical Cure Truss.—Reference to all the principal surgeons and physicians of this City. Call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere. Also, Elastic Stockings, Shoulder Braces, Supporters, &c. No. 2 Vesey-st., Astor House.

☞ Ladd, Webster & Co.,
TIGHT-STICH SEWING-MACHINE,
For all manufacturing purposes and family use, preferable to any other machine. No. 469 Broadway.

☞ At Dempsey & Fargis', No. 603 Broadway, WEDDING CARDS,
VISITING CARDS,
WEDDING STATIONERY, &c.

☞ Grover & Baker's
NEW
FAMILY SEWING MACHINE,
PRICE, $50.
NO. 495 BROADWAY.

This Machine sews from two spools, as purchased from the store, requiring no rewinding of thread; it Hems, Fells, Gathers, and Stitches in a superior style, finishing each seam by its own operation, without recourse to the hand-needle, as is required by other machines. It will do better and cheaper sewing than a seamstress can, even if she works for *one cent an hour*. Send for a Circular.

$50. $50.
☞ Singer's New Family Sewing Machine.—A reliable Sewing Machine for family purposes at a low price, bearing the impress of the names of the most successful manufacturers in the world, has long been wanted. It can now be had. Price, complete for use, only FIFTY DOLLARS.
I. M. SINGER & CO.,
No. 458 Broadway, New-York.

☞ Boys' Winter Clothing.
Parents will please take notice that
ROGERS & RAYMOND,
Corner of Fulton and Nassau sts., have made large and novel additions to their
WINTER STYLES
of School and Dress Clothing for Boys, and have THIS WEEK introduced
SIX ENTIRELY NEW STYLES
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BOYS' OVERCOATS.
ROGERS & RAYMOND'S is the Cheapest Clothing House in the United States.

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THE
GREAT FIRE-PROOF SAFE OF THE WORLD.
WARRANTED FREE FROM DAMPNESS.
B. G. WILDER & CO.,
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COCOINE,
PREPARED FROM
COCOA-NUT OIL.
The best and cheapest oil for dressing, curling and preserving the hair. Sold at Nos. 517, 497 and 197 Broadway, and all druggists. Large size 50 cents, small 30 cents.

☞ Barry's Tricopherous
is the
BEST AND CHEAPEST ARTICLE
For DRESSING, BEAUTIFYING, CLEANING, CURLING, PRESERVING and RESTORING THE HAIR. Ladies, try it. For sale by all druggists and perfumers.

☞ Men's, Youths' and Boys' Overcoats and Clothing. Wholesale Stock clearing out at wholesale and retail.
N. A. KNAPP, No. 19 Cortland-st.

☞ Gloves, Undershirts, &c.,
At the old-established stand, No. 61 Nassau-st. A large assortment at usual low prices wholesale or retail.
IRA PEREGO & SON, No. 61 Nassau-st.

MARRIED.

Neilson—Foulke.—On Friday, Nov. 26, by the Rev. Dr. W. F. Morgan, John Neilson to Kate B., daughter of Joseph Foulke.

McWilliam—Kernochan.—At Searsville, Orange Co., N. Y., on Wednesday, Nov. 24, by the Rev. John Forsyth, D. D., the Rev. Alexander McWilliam to Miss Margaret, daughter of Andrew Kernochan, Esq.

Farber—Platt.—In this City, on Thursday, Nov. 25, at the residence of the bride's mother, by the Rev. L. W. Peck, Mr. William Farber to Miss Maria N. Platt, all of this City.

Smedberg—Auchincloss.—In this City, on Friday, Nov. 26, by the Rev. Dr. James W. Alexander, John G. Smedberg to Harriet Romeyn, daughter of the late Hugh Auchincloss.

DIED

Esty.—In this City, on Sunday morning, Nov. 28, Frank, only son of Francis A. and Sarah A. Esty, aged 2 years and 8 months.

Funeral this day, (Monday,) at 3 o'clock, from No. 7 Hammond-st. Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend. He will be taken to Hudson, N. Y., for interment.

Quigley.—In this City, on Saturday, Nov. 27, after a short illness, in the 67th year of his age, Patrick Quigley.

His friends, and those of his sons, Michael and John Quigley, are invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, Nov. 33 Greenwich-st., this (Monday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

Leggett.—In this City, on Saturday evening, Nov. 27, John H. Leggett, Secretary of the Eagle Fire Insurance Company, in the 34th year of his age.

Notice of the funeral will be given in the morning papers of Tuesday.

Wright.—In this City, on Saturday, Nov. 27, Delilah, wife of Charles S. Wright, in the 56th year of her age.

Due notice will be given of her funeral, through the papers.

Hatch.—In this City, on Friday evening, Nov. 25, after a painful illness of five years, which was borne with Christian fortitude, William T. Hatch, in the 70th year of his age.

His remains were on Sunday, 25th, taken to Westchester Village for interment.

Lott.—In this City, on Friday, Nov. 26, Uriah Lott, aged 40 years, 5 months and 13 days.

The relatives and friends of the family, also the members of the Bedford st. M. E. Church, and of the Eighth Ward Police, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from the Bedford-st. Church, this (Monday) afternoon, at 1 o'clock, without further invitation. His remains will be taken to Greenwood for interment.

Nicholson.—In this City, on Sunday morning, Nov. 28, Eleanor Brasher Berrien, wife of Lieut. J. W. A. Nicholson, United States Navy, and youngest daughter of the late Daniel Berrien.

Notice of her funeral will be given to-morrow.

McArdle.—On Saturday, Nov. 27, of apoplexy, Frederick C. McArdle, son of Joseph McArdle, aged 19 years and 9 months.

Notice of funeral in future papers.

Cappers.—On Wednesday, Nov. 24, George Cappers, in the 32d year of his age, and on Sunday, Nov. 21, Georgiana, the only child of Jane Cappers, aged 1 year and 7 months.

The remains were interred at Greenwood.

McDonald.—In Brooklyn, on Saturday morning, Nov. 27, Mrs. Caroline W., wife of James McDonald, aged 43 years, 5 months and 3 days.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Monday) afternoon, at 1 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 57 Summit-st.

Swan.—In Brooklyn, on Saturday evening, Nov. 27, of congestion of the lungs, Alfred Francis, only child of Charles H. and Emma Josephine Swan, aged 6 months and 20 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, this day, (Monday,) at 2 o'clock P. M., from the residence of his parents, Fulton, near Washington-av., Brooklyn, L. I.

The great Jehovah, full of love,
An angel bright did send,
And took our little baby boy
To joys that never end.

Brady.—At Harlem, on Saturday, Nov. 27, of consumption, John Brady, youngest son of the late William Brady.

The relatives and friends of the family, and those of his brothers, William V., Warren, Walter, and Howard, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, without further notice, at St. Andrew's Church, corner 4th-av. and 127th-st., this day, (Monday,) at 3 o'clock.

Waddy.—At West Farms, on Saturday, Nov. 27, Mrs. Sallie Waddy, in the 73d year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her son in law, Thomas Gooch, Prospect-av., Woodstock, this day, (Monday,) at 11 o'clock A. M.

Round.—At Bergen, N. J., on Saturday, Nov. 27, at the residence of Matthew Armstrong, Mrs. Mary Round, widow of George Round, late of Mobile, Ala.

The funeral will take place this (Monday) afternoon, at 1 o'clock, from the residence of Matthew Armstrong.

☞ Mobile papers please copy.

Hopps.—At Shawangunk, Ulster C., N. Y., on Friday, Nov. 26, Alonzo Hopps, late of this City, aged 28 years.

Funeral at the Reformed Dutch Church, Mt. Vernon, N. Y., this day, (Monday,) at 2 o'clock P. M. The 12:45 New-Haven train from 27th-st. arrives there in time for the funeral.

Pattee.—At Newton Corners, Mass., on Saturday, Nov. 27, after a short illness, William B. Pattee, late of this City.

Lee.—At Syracuse, on Friday morning, Nov. 26, very suddenly, William Elliott Lee, Esq., late of this City, in the 74th year of his age.

MESSRS. WILLIAMS, STEVENS, WILLIAMS & CO., having just received, per *City of Baltimore*, the first copies of the
"FAC SIMILE" OF NIAGARA,
Have extreme pleasure in announcing their entire success in the production of this beautiful repetition of
MR. CHURCH'S GREAT PAINTING.
The public are invited to view the same at their Galleries, NO. 353 BROADWAY.
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Subscriptions still received upon the terms of Prospectus.

GAS ON A WALK!
On Monday next, Nov. 29, and following days, (except Sunday,) the Gas-Generating-and-Cooking-Range Company will start one of their Hendrick Bro.' patented apparatus from the dépôt, No. 512 Broadway, at 5½ o'clock P. M., to be conveyed in a blaze of triumph to Union-square, 14th-st., 5th-av., and all the principal streets, returning at 7½ o'clock P. M. The Gas will be made on the wagon, and be consumed from 10 large burners. Citizens, be wide awake! Look out for Gas on a walk!!

PIPPIN APPLES FOR SALE.
The last shipment for the season, in barrels and half-barrels, will be made Dec. 2, per *City of Baltimore*. Price per barrel, $8; half barrel, $5. Apply to ROBERT L. PELL, Pelham Farm, Esopus, Ulster County, North River.

GEO. B. SLOAT & CO.
ELLIPTIC LOCK STITCH
AND IMPROVED SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINES.
THE CHEAPEST AND BEST.
C. W. THOMAS & CO., Agents, No. 480 Broadway.

HOW CHEERING IS THAT SOUND!
Your Magnetic Salve has saved my life, my child, my husband. For sale by Dr. S. B. SMITH, No. 322 Canal-st., near Church, and by Druggists; also, by F. C. WELLS & CO., No. 115 Franklin-st.

MINER'S CHEAP RURAL PUBLICATIONS, UTICA, N. Y.—T. B. MINER, author of the "American Bee Keeper's Manual," and "Miner's Domestic Poultry Book," is publishing the cheapest and best agricultural papers in the United States. His *Rural American* will commence its fourth volume Jan. 1, 1859, in large eight-page quarto form, beautifully illustrated with fine engravings. It will be a first-class weekly agricultural and general family newspaper, at only $1 a year, in clubs, with a very valuable 50 cent work on the "Cures of the Diseases of Domestic Animals," free. Also, a variety of choice seeds to every subscriber! He will also publish the NORTHERN FARMER monthly, in 16-page quarto form, at 30 cents a year, and THE YOUNG FOLKS' ADVOCATE at 25 cents. Samples of all sent free to applicants. A local agent is wanted in every town in the United States, who will be liberally paid in larger premiums than ever before offered by any publisher. Traveling agents are also wanted, who are paid in extraordinary commissions. Address
T. B. MINER, Clinton, Oneida Co., N. Y.

SCULPTURE AND PICTURES—AT PRIVATE sale, comprising works by Palmer, Church Kensett, Durand, Cropsey, Mount, Weir, Hart, Darley, and other eminent artists. May be seen for one week longer, every day, from 9 till 4 o'clock, at Room No. 12, second floor, Appleton's Building, No. 348 Broadway.

A NEW CONTRIBUTION TO SCIENCE.
THE GREAT GRAND DISCOVERY.
R. R. R.
(No. 3)
RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS.
Dr. RADWAY & CO. have recently discovered a method for extracting from roots, herbs, plants, and gums a nutricious extract of such wonderful nourishing power—which they have combined with Radway's Regulating Pills—that six of these Pills will supply the blood with the same amount of nutrition as the one ounce of ordinary bread; so that, while the system is undergoing a thorough physicing and regulating process, it daily becomes strengthened.

Persons afflicted with Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Heart Diseases, Fullness of Blood, and all Females who are subject to irregularities, hysteria, &c., are particularly recommended to use these Pills. They are pleasant to take—elegantly coated with gum—free from taste, and will not gripe, sicken, or weaken the system, or leave the bowels costive. Mothers nursing should likewise take one or two of these Pills once or twice per week. They will not only keep your system healthy and regular, but will protect your infants against cramp and pains in the stomach, and insure not only a healthy child, but will invest every child thus suckled with a sweet disposition.
RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS
regulate each and every organ of the system, and correct all derangements of the Liver, Bowels, Stomach, Heart and Kidneys. They cure
Costiveness,
Heartburn,
Biliousness,
Dropsy,
Palpitation of the Heart,
Indigestion,
Dyspepsia,
Constipation,
Headache,
Congestion,
&c., &c.
They are entirely vegetable and harmless; an infant at the breast can take them with safety, and persons who are subject to fits of Apoplexy, Epileptic, Heart Diseases, &c., should always keep a box on hand.
PRICE 25 CENTS.
Ask for Radway's Regulators or Regulating Pills.
RADWAY & CO.'S Principal Office, No. 162 Fulton-st., opposite St. Paul's Church, New-York. Brooklyn—Mrs. Hays, No. 175 Fulton-st.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.
DE FOREST, ARMSTRONG & CO.
Are now opening at their Warerooms,
NOS. 80 AND 82 CHAMBERS-ST.,
390 cases Warren Madder Prints.
85 cases new-style American Delaines.
30 cases Bay State and Waterloo
LONG AND SQUARE SHAWLS.
50 cases All-Wool Long Shawls,
FIRST QUALITY AND LARGEST SIZE,
At a reduction of over 30 per cent.
They are not at liberty to state the make, but the trade will find them
FIFTEEN PER CENT. CHEAPER THAN ANY
SHAWL IN MARKET.
35 cases Poil de Chevers, Crossovers and Ducals,
AT A GREAT BARGAIN.
Also, a large line of Clinton and Lancaster Ginghams.
The above-mentioned goods have been purchased in large lines at a great reduction
TO CLOSE THE FALL STOCK.
And they ask the particular attention of the trade to these goods.
N. B.—A full line of all makes
WOOL BLANKETS.

FIVE-POINTS HOUSE OF INDUSTRY.

A CARD.

We are frequently called to account in the following manner: Some one calls at the Institution and says, "We sent you, Sir, a donation of provisions, (or money,) on such a day, but you did not acknowledge it." Our explanation, in most cases, is this: There are two mission houses at the Five Points—one building is called House of Industry, (Mr. Pease's;) the other building is called Five-Points Mission, (Methodist.) If our friend, when about to send us a contribution, should direct it to "Five-Points Mission, New-York," it would not reach Mr. Pease's Institution, but would go to the Methodist Institution, and of course we could not acknowledge its reception, because the two houses have no connection. Donations intended for us should be directed, "L. M. Pease, or B. R. Barlow, House of Industry, Five Points, New-York." Grateful for the liberality of our friends, we feel bound, in justice to them and to ourselves, to make this statement.

B. R. BARLOW, Superintendent.
L. M. PEASE, General Agent.

New-York, Nov. 24, 1858.

AUTUMN AND WINTER GOODS
FOR
MEN'S WEAR,
NEWLY IMPORTED, AND FOR SALE BY
MORTIMER, WALTON & DEBOST,
No. 106 Duane-st.,
COMPRISING THE LATEST NOVELTIES IN
PARIS AND LONDON
CASIMERES AND VESTINGS.
Also, President, Clarendon, Esquimaux, Havelock, Saratoga, Lucknow and Melton Coatings.
Superfine West-of-England and French Beavers and Whitneys.
Black and Colored Cloths and Doeskins, Satin de Chines, Serges, Italian Cloths, and
every variety of Trimmings suitable for the Merchant Tailoring and fine Clothing Trade.
MORTIMER, WALTON & DEBOST.

FIRST GUN FOR THE HOLIDAYS!
BANCROFT, REDFIELD & RICE,
No. 177 Broadway, opposite Howard House,
Manufacturers of
RICH SILVER-PLATED GOODS.
A splendid assortment of
GIFT GOODS, well made and warranted.
TEA SETS, CASTORS,
BASKETS, SALVERS, PITCHERS, &c., &c.
A NEW STYLE OF URN, the size of a large coffee pot, with lamp and faucet. It saves the labor of raising the coffee at arm's length for every cup poured; is stylish, and the price low.

CARPETING—FALL IMPORTATIONS.
AN EXTENSIVE STOCK AT REDUCED PRICES.

Elegant Medallion, new styles	13s. to 15s. per yd.
Elegant Velvet, new styles	10s. to 13s. per yd.
English Tapestry and Brussels, new	7s. to 10s. per yd.
English and Domestic 3-ply, new styles	7s. to 9s. per yd.
English and Domestic Ingrain, new	4s. to 6s. per yd.

With a large stock of OIL-CLOTHS and other goods at equally low prices. SMITH & LOUNSBERY,
No. 456 Broadway, near Grand-st.

SEVEN PREMIUMS IN SIXTY DAYS.
HOWE'S IMPROVED WEIGHING SCALES,
Warranted superior to any in use—this to be left to the judgment of the purchaser. Call and examine a large stock of all sizes. FRANK E. HOWE,
No. 438 Broome-st., first door from Broadway.

THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE
DR. S. P. TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA,
Wholesale and retail. Dépôt No. 212 Broadway, corner of Fulton-st., office No. 2, opposite St. Paul's Church, New-York.

KNAPP'S INDIAN STRENGTHENING PLASTERS.—For Pain or Weakness in the Back, Breast, Side or Limbs, Rheumatism, Bruises, Sprains, Asthma and Diseases of the Lungs, Liver and Kidneys, these Plasters stand unrivaled; and for cheapness, ease and durability they far surpass all others. Sold by all Druggists. General Dépôt, No. 362 Hudson-st., New-York.

CHAPPED HANDS, CHAPPED LIPS, &c., —Certain cure. HEGEMAN & CO.'S Camphor Ice with Glycerine. Cheap, safe and agreeable. HEGEMAN & CO., Nos. 165, 273, 511 and 756 Broadway.

WORDS OF WARNING.—THE SEASON OF COLDS and COUGHS is now approaching. The weak and delicate should therefore beware. As a preventive of these common and insidious complaints, no medicinal compound or discovery has proved so effectual as the use of a good Strengthening Plaster. Every practical physician knows this fact, and every man and woman should be aware of it. If all those who are subject to exposure, or who are naturally delicate and predisposed to pulmonary complaints, would habitually wear a proper Plaster during the Fall and Winter months, the annual deaths by Consumption in the United States would be decreased one thousandfold. Until this is done, our National Scourge will continue its destructive march, desolating households, and numbering among its victims the best and the fairest of all ages, classes, and conditions.

It is surely most strange when so *cheap*, so *simple* and so *certain* a means is at hand, that it is not embraced by all whom it would benefit. Any good Plaster will answer a good purpose, but the peculiar properties of MOREHEAD'S MAGNETIC PLASTER must recommend it as the *very best*. Its application is warm and soothing; its effects are immediate and permanent, and it imparts strength while it subdues pain. It is, therefore, almost a positive antidote to Pulmonary attacks while worn, and as a prompt remedy for these dangerous affections a single box is worth all the Balms, Balsams, Syrups, Elixirs and Pectorals which modern philanthropists extol so highly in the newspapers. Many a tear is shed over an early grave in direct consequence of these "wonderful remedies." The truth is that in matters relating to our health we seldom use our common sense. How can a bottle, or a hundred bottles, of sweetened water, with a little laudanum and ipecac, cure a cold or stop a cough? How can it protect a weak chest and delicate lungs? How can it do any good whatever? Thousands of sad hearts are now grieving in response. It is abominable wickedness to recommend such absurdities in such cases. If a cold led to nothing but a cough, and a cough led to a recovery, we should say to the "dear people," spend your money as you please, no serious harm can result. But great letters spelling CONSUMPTION stare every one in the face who has a cold, and neglects it or ill-treats it. This we all know or should know; but each one hopes that he will be an exception. Look at the weekly lists of mortality, or number your own friends and relatives who have *not* been exceptions!

We have no desire to frighten any one into the unimportant matter of buying the MAGNETIC PLASTER, but we have a desire to speak plainly. The Plaster which we recommend is a common-sense article, destitute of any elements of deceit or humbug. We believe its extended and universal employment as a shield against the influences of our changeable climate will prove a benefit and a blessing to our fellow-men, and we therefore take means to tell them so. No delicate person, at this season, should be any hour without the MAGNETIC PLASTER. Its cheapness is not the least of its recommendations. A single box will last the whole Winter. Price 25 cents. D. C. MOREHEAD, M. D.,
No. 19 Walker-st., New-York.
MOREHEAD'S MAGNETIC PLASTER is sold by all Druggists in town and country everywhere.

LYON'S MAGNETIC POWDER—IS WARRANTED to destroy anything in the shape of Cockroaches, Ants, Bugs or Vermin. This is a family necessity. A trial is easy—the expense nothing. Refers to Astor and St. Nicholas Hotels, Barnes & Park, Nos. 13 and 15 Park-row and No. 424 Broadway. Sold by all Druggists and Grocers.

DRY GOODS.

CHARLES STREET & CO.,
No. 475 BROADWAY.
GREAT DISPLAY OF ELEGANT
WINTER CLOAKS,
LAST NOVELTIES of THE SEASON,
Our Stock of
PLAIN and RIBBED BEAVER, CASTOR and ESQUIMAUX
CLOTH CLOAKS
Has now reached the
CLIMAX OF SUPERIOR EXCELLENCE.

Ladies will find in our Establishment an assortment of BEAVER CLOAKS in STYLE, MATERIAL and QUALITY to be seen in no other store in the City.

In consequence of our immense sales, we are enabled to present to the Public a selection of
OVER FIVE THOUSAND GARMENTS,
ALL ENTIRELY NEW,
None having been manufactured more than a few days.
The CLOAKS in our Establishment are
EXCLUSIVE IN STYLE,
UNIQUE IN MANUFACTURE, and
POPULAR IN PRICE.

We, therefore, solicit all who are interested freely to visit our extensive store-room, satisfied that the impression created by our unrivaled
DISPLAY OF CLOAKS
Will be of ADVANTAGE to our customers, as well as a source of popularity and profit to ourselves.
We have now prepared and shall offer,
On MONDAY, the 29th inst.,
A large quantity of
RICH LYONS VELVET SLEEVE CLOAKS,
With Crochet Berthas,
At from $30 to $40—each worth from $45 to $60.
CHARLES STREET & CO.,
No. 475 BROADWAY.

In consequence of numerous mistakes which have forced themselves on our notice, made by the Ladies who had desired to visit our Establishment, but been deceived by the similar OUTSIDE appearance of others, we are thus compelled publicly to announce that during the Winter months our Store is distinguished by the
LARGE WHITE POLAR BEAR
Exhibited in one of our Windows.
CHARLES STREET & CO.

DOUBLE WIDTH POPLINS
FOR
$1 per yard,
VERY CHEAP AND BEAUTIFUL GOODS,
Will be opened on
MONDAY, 29th instant,
AT THE
NEW RETAIL STORE,
No. 335 Broadway,
Corner of Worth-st.
EDWARD LAMBERT & CO.

CARPETINGS AT LORD & TAYLOR'S,

Superfine Ingrains	at 70 cents per yard.
Three Ply	at 95 cents per yard.
English Brussels	at 90 cents per yard.

ALSO, RICH CARPETINGS,
Medallions, Velvets, Tapestry, &c., and
A LARGE ASSORTMENT
Of Oil-cloths, Rugs, Mats, Rods, &c., &c.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 Grand-st.

FRENCH NEEDLE-WORK COLLARS,
NEWEST STYLES.
Will open, MONDAY, Nov. 29, 1858,
A LARGE VARIETY OF FRENCH WORKED COLLARS,
For the low price of $2.
Also a lot of French, EMBROIDERED SETS,
For $1 and $1 25.
BEEKMAN & CO., No. 473 Broadway.

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS IN LADIES' CLOAKING CLOTHS,
BROADCLOTHS,
BEAVERS, AND CASTOR BEAVERS,
LION SKINS AND SEAL SKINS,
AT CRANFORD'S,
NO. 304 BROADWAY, COR. OF DUANE-ST.
Also, just received, several cases of
SUPERIOR BLANKETS FROM AUCTION.

MOURNING DRY GOODS.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF THE ABOVE GOODS
ALWAYS ON HAND.
N. B.—NOVELTIES by every steamer.
ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.,
Canal-st., corner Mercer-st.

BROCHE SHAWLS, STELLA SHAWLS,
CASHMERE, PRINTED WOOL, PLAID and FIGURED WOOL SHAWLS, together with every other description of
FASHIONABLE WINTER SHAWLS.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 Grand-st.,
And Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

CLOAKS, TALMAS AND CIRCULARS.
A full assortment of fashionable shapes, in every variety of material and trimmings,
MUCH BELOW USUAL PRICES.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 259 Grand-st.
And Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

GENTS' COLORED BORDERED HANDKERCHIEFS, ALL LINEN,
Only $2 25 per dozen.
Gents' Plain All Linen Hdkfs., $1 50 per dozen.
BEEKMAN & CO., No. 473 Broadway.
Ladies' Hem-stitched Tape-bordered
and Embroidered Hdkfs., at quite Low Prices.

G. M. BODINE,
No. 481 BROADWAY.
Will offer on MONDAY, Nov. 29,
Auction lot of
RICH PARIS PRINTED DELAINES,
At 1s. 6d. per yard.

BLANKETS.
C. G. HOOK,
Having purchased the entire stock of Dry Goods for cash from Mr. W. S. Bond, (who is retiring from business,) now offers 1,000 pairs of the best English and American Blankets at the cost of production. Nos. 108 and 110 6th-av.

BLANKETS, BLANKETS, BLANKETS,
At BEEKMAN & CO.'S,
No. 473 Broadway.
An immense stock of Blankets,
Selling off cheap.

RIBBONS OF THE NEWEST STYLES,
At a great reduction in prices, from auction, at Nos. 108 and 110 6th-av., (late W. S. Bond.)
C. G. HOOK.

CLOAKS, CLOAKS, CLOAKS.
The largest and best
Selected assortment of
CLOAKS, RAGLANS AND MANTILLAS
In the City.
FINE CLOTH RAGLANS AT $3 50.
FINE BEAVER RAGLANS AT $4 50.
CASTOR BEAVER RAGLANS AT $6.
FINE CASTOR BEAVER
SLEEVE CLOAKS,
CROCHET TRIMMINGS,
From $10 to $16—worth from $16 to $25.
MISSES' RAGLANS, CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS.
We invite the ladies of New-York and vicinity to examine our present large stock. Our garments will compare with those in any house in the city, and at much lower prices.
W. K. PEYTON, Cloak Manufacturer,
No. 264 Bowery, near Houston-st.

POPULAR TRADE.
A. T. STEWART & CO. have made large additions to their popular Stocks of
SILKS,
DRESS GOODS,
SHAWLS,
CLOAKS,
EMBROIDERIES,
LACE GOODS,
HOSIERY,
GLOVES,
BLANKETS,
FLANNELS,
LINENS,
CARPETS AND CURTAIN MATERIALS,
Received per recent Steamer.
Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts.

ANOTHER FASHIONABLE EVENT!
OPENING EXPOSITION
OF
FRENCH SACQUES.
The ladies are invited to examine a new and beautiful assortment of these
CONVENIENT, GRACEFUL, COMFORTABLE AND FASHIONABLE WINTER FABRICS.
To be opened
MONDAY, Nov. 29, at
GENIN'S NEW STORE,
No. 507 Broadway,
St. Nicholas Hotel.
N. B.—Among the other recommendations of the FRENCH SACQUES are the moderate prices.

IMMENSE REDUCTION.
The Entire Stock of Laces and Embroideries selling at a reduction of 40 per cent.
GENIN'S Bazaar, No. 513 Broadway.

IMMENSE REDUCTION.
2,000 Embroidered Cambric Collars, at 4s., worth $1 25.
GENIN'S Bazaar, No. 513 Broadway.

IMMENSE REDUCTION.
1,000 pairs Gauntlett Sleeves at 5s. actual price $1 50.
GENIN'S Bazaar, No. 513 Broadway.

IMMENSE REDUCTION.
1,000 French Embroidered Sets at $3, worth $15.
GENIN'S Bazaar, No. 513 Broadway.

IMMENSE REDUCTION.
[illegible] Gauntlet Sets at $7, worth $10 50.
GENIN'S Bazaar, No. 513 Broadway.

IMMENSE REDUCTION.
[illegible] Bagones and Muslin Collars, saved from the wreck of the steamer *New-York*, will be sold at 50 cents.
GENIN'S Bazaar, No. 513 Broadway.

LACES.
Just received 100 pieces of Valenciennes Edging, at [illegible] cents per yard. GENIN'S BAZAAR,
No. 513 Broadway.

SKIRTS.—WE OFFER A LARGE STOCK OF skeleton skirts of our own make at retail, at cost. An inspection of goods and prices solicited. Children's [illegible] 25 cents. [illegible] The quality [illegible] our goods [illegible] with any in [illegible] FROST & Co., No. [illegible] Broadway, over C. P. Fox's.

DRY GOODS.

A GREAT REDUCTION
ON
SILKS AND DRESS GOODS
Of every description,
AT RETAIL ON MONDAY, NOV. 29,
At No. 355 Broadway.
SILK AND VELVET ROBES,
DOUBLE JUPE,
Two flounces.
ROBES A LEZ,
Three flounces.
RICH BROCADE,
BAYADERE,
CHENE PLAID.
PLAIN AND
FANCY SILKS
In great variety.
300 PIECES CHENE PLAID AND FANCY SILK,
At $1, worth $1 50 per yard.
PLAIN PLAID
AND FANCY POPLINS.
FRENCH MERINOES, ALL COLORS
At 60c., 75c., 85c. and $1, worth from 80c. to $1 40 per yard.
Our plaid stock comprises
AN IMMENSE VARIETY OF STYLES,
Not to be found in any other house.
MERINO AND SAXONY PLAIDS,
OTTOMAN AND VALENTIA PLAIDS,
OTTOMAN AND VALENTIA STRIPES,
POIL DE CHEVRE STRIPES,
ARABIAN CLOTH AND CHALLY.
DOUBLE WIDTH SAXONY PLAIDS,
At 20 cents—worth 40 cents per yard.
BAYADERE CHALLY—New styles, very desirable,
At 20 cents, 25 cents and 30 cents—worth 35 cents, 45 cents and 50 cents.
CHILDREN'S ROBES,
In great variety.
Our stock of
RICH PRINTED MERINOES,
CASHMERE and DE LAINES
Embraces all the late styles.
DOUBLE JUPE
And ROBES A LEZ.
Rich printed Robes de Chambre, for $6.
Children's rich printed De Laine Robes.
French all-wool printed De Laines,
At 25 cents—worth 50 cents.
French, English and Domestic
PRINTED CALICOES,
TURKEY CALICOES, &c., &c.
STRANG, ADRIANCE & CO.,
No. 355 BROADWAY.

NO. 355 BROADWAY.
STRANG, ADRIANCE & CO.
Will offer
AT RETAIL, ON MONDAY, Nov. 29,
GREAT BARGAINS IN
FALL SHAWLS.
Also their stock of
BLACK SILK VELVETS,
Suitable for cloaks or dresses.

CHEAP HOUSEKEEPING GOODS
AT RETAIL,
On MONDAY, Nov. 29,
BLANKETS,
SHEETINGS,
DAMASKS,
CURTAINS,
TOWELINGS, &c.
STRANG, ADRIANCE & CO.,
No. 355 BROADWAY.

REDUCTIONS IN
SILKS,
SHAWLS, AND
DRESS GOODS,
In order to close the
Balance of our importations
On MONDAY, Nov. 29.
Also,
Ladies', Gentlemen's and Misses'
BAJOU GLOVES,
Of exclusive shades,
Just landed,
At the
NEW RETAIL STORE,
No 335 BROADWAY,
Corner of Worth-st.
EDWARD LAMBERT & CO.

CHEAP WINTER DRESS GOODS,
MUSLIN DE LAINES, CROSSOVERS, LUSTRES, POPLINS, VALENCIAS, PARAMATTAS, CASHMERES, MERINOS, &c., &c. Also,
A cheap lot of entirely new Winter styles POIL DE CHEVRE, a beautiful article for Dresses.
1,000 pieces at 20 cents per yard, worth 31 cents.
1,000 pieces extra at 25 cents, worth 37½ cents.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 Grand-st.
And Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

RECEIVED, THIS DAY, AT CRANFORD'S,
NO. 304 BROADWAY, COR. OF DUANE-ST.,
A large invoice of
SUPERIOR CASSIMERE BUSINESS COATS,
For sale at from $3 50 to $7 50.
Also; Overcoats, Frock-Coats, Pants and Vests,
At surprisingly low prices.

BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED
SHEETINGS, CANTON FLANNELS, DRILLINGS, TICKINGS, and DOMESTIC GOODS of every kind.
Also,
SHAKER and EBENEZER FLANNELS
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 Grand-st.,
And Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

LACE AND MUSLIN CURTAINS.
2,000 PAIRS,
FROM AUCTION.
For sale at 40 per cent. below the cost of importation.
ALSO,
DRAPERY MUSLIN—a fine assortment.
ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.,
Canal-st., corner Mercer-st.

G. M. BODINE,
No. 481 BROADWAY,
Just received, per steamer,
100 TWO-FLOUNCED BLACK SILK ROBES,
At $30 a piece.

LACE CURTAINS CHEAP.
BEEKMAN & COMPANY,
No. 473 Broadway,
Have just opened
100 pairs RICH LACE CURTAINS,
AT A VERY REDUCED PRICE.

NEW DRESS GOODS
At a great reduction in price, bought for cash, in the stock of W. S. Bond, and from recent auction sales, by
C. G. HOOK,
No. 108 and 110 6th-av.

POPULAR TRADE IN CURTAIN MATERIALS.
A. T. STEWART & CO. will exhibit on
MONDAY, Nov. 29,
Single Width Paris Quality Brocatels,
$1 50 per yard.
Triple Width Brocatels,
$5 per yard.
And all other Curtain Materials at
proportionally low prices.
Also,
Embroidered Lace and Muslin Curtains
in every style.
Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts.

AUCTION DRY GOODS,
From 25 to 40 per cent. below
REGULAR PRICES.
We are receiving daily,
Silks, Shawls, French Merinos, Paramattas, Alpaccas, De Laines, Flannels, Blankets, Counterpanes, Lace and Muslin Curtains, Linens, &c., to which we invite the attention of housekeepers. W. K. PEYTON,
No. 264 Bowery, near Houston-st.

A. T. STEWART & CO,
Will open on Tuesday, Nov. 30, a magnificent assortment of
RICH SILK ROBES,
IN TWO FLOUNCES AND DOUBLE SKIRTS,
just received per steamer *Africa*.
Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts.

BLACK CLOAKS!
BLACK CLOAKS!!
SIBERIAN BEAVERS, very heavy and warm......$16.
W. JACKSON'S Mourning Store,
No. 551 Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.
N. B.—Opposite Tiffany & Co.'s.

RICH LACES AND EMBROIDERIES.
MILLER & GRANT, No. 703 Broadway, would call the attention of ladies to their stock of Chantilly laces, flouncings, veils, &c.: also, Point Aquille sets and collars, unsurpassed in style.
Paris Embroidered
collars, sets, capes, infants' caps, robes, edgings, insertions, bands, handkerchiefs and mourning articles.

A FACT INTERESTING TO THE MILLION.—We quote our
PARIS ROSE-BUDS, 50c. per gross.
PARIS ROSE-BUDS, 75c. per gross.
PARIS ROSE-BUDS, $1 per gross.
JESSAMINE, 75c. per gross.
LILY OF THE VALLEY, 75c. per gross.
OSTRICH TIPS, $3 per dozen, and upwards.
WHITE COIFFURES, with pearls, $16 per dozen.
JAMES TUCKER,
No. 361 Broadway,
Next door to Thompson's Saloon.

EAST INDIA, CANTON, MANILA, JAPANESE and AMERICAN INDIAN FANCY GOODS, at
FOUNTAIN'S INDIA STORE, NO. 653 BROADWAY.
Our large assortment of the above varieties includes very many articles that cannot be found elsewhere, and especially commends it to the inspection of those who are desirous of obtaining some RARE, CURIOUS or VALUABLE article for a present.

INDIA-RUBBER GLOVES ARE MUCH used for softening and bleaching the hands; as a speedy and effectual cure for chapped or rough hands, salt rheum, &c., they have no equal; are very useful while engaged in sweeping, dusting, house-cleaning, &c., and are invaluable in attending to coal fires. For sale by Rubber Dealers, and at No. 36 John-st., up stairs.

DRY GOODS, MERINOES, BLANKETS, broadcloths, satinets, jeans, muslins, prints, ginghams, damasks, table cloths, handkerchiefs, flannels, diaper, &c., for sale by WM. MATTHEWS, No. 54 Catharine-st.

DRY GOODS.

CHARLES STREET & CO.,
NO. 475 BROADWAY.
MILLINERY GOODS RETAILED
AT
WHOLESALE PRICES.
EXQUISITE FLOWERS, FEATHERS and PLUMES.
VELVETS
In all rare and beautiful shades of color.
RICH PARIS FLOWERS, HEAD-DRESSES AND BOUQUETS,
Just Imported,
WILL BE EXHIBITED ON MONDAY,
Nov. 28, and
MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES;
CHEAP FOR THE HOLIDAYS!
RIBBONS ON OUR TABLES AT HALF PRICE!
The balance of our newly-imported and extensive Stock of
PARIS AND OTHER BONNETS,
Will be offered for the balance of the season
AT LESS THAN COST OF MANUFACTURE.
CHARLES STREET & CO.,
NO. 475 BROADWAY.

AT EMBERSON'S,
NOS. 285 AND 353 8TH-AV.,
Large lots of cheap goods from Auction, consisting of laces, embroideries, ribbons, bonnets, ronchies, flowers, feathers, gloves, hosiery, furs, trimmings, fancy goods, and numerous other articles, all of which have been bought at the recent large auction sales for cash, and will be sold at ruinously low prices. Large lots of embroidered sets, bands, flouncings; also, a fine assortment of gents', ladies' and children's gloves and hosiery, suitable for the present season, very cheap. A lot of children's cloth leggings at 25 cents per pair. Furs in great variety from auction daily. Large lots of woolen hoods, comforters, &c. Please to call and be convinced.
WM. EMBERSON.
N. B.—All the goods in store No. 285, purchased of John Farrell, will be sold at cost, some of which are very cheap.
W. EMBERSON.

PARIS ROBES AND RICH SILKS
in great variety. Also.
LOW-PRICED DRESS SILKS,
A large assortment of Plaids, Bayaderes, Stripes, &c.,
From 5 shillings to $1 per yard.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 Grand-st.,
And Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

AUCTION LOT OF FRENCH EMBROIDERIES,
At No. 481 Broadway.
Will open on MONDAY, Nov. 29,
A large invoice of
FRENCH EMBROIDERIES PURCHASED AT
the late AUCTION SALES,
and will be sold 40 per cent. less than
IMPORTER'S PRICES.
G. M. BODINE,
No. 481 Broadway.

WOOLEN BLANKETS,
TOILET QUILTS,
Heavy LINEN and COTTON SHEETINGS, and a large assortment of
HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS
at very low prices.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 Grand-st.
And Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

CLOAKS! CLOAKS! CLOAKS!
RAGLANS! RAGLANS! RAGLANS!
HEAVY BEAVER, and handsome..........$8 and $10.
At W. JACKSON'S Mourning Store,
No. 551 Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.
N. B.—Opposite Tiffany & Co.'s.

FURS.

FURS! FURS! FURS!
Ladies are respectfully invited to examine our
SUPERB STOCK
OF
THOROUGHLY SEASONED FURS.
Our stock comprises every desirable article in
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S FURS.
We can probably show a greater variety than any other House in the Trade. Our skins were bought when they ruled much lower than at present, the advantage of which we cheerfully offer to our customer.
Being
PRACTICAL MANUFACTURERS,
we can guarantee every article sold.
Our establishment contains no OLD FURS nor DYED FURS, but is replete with genuine well-seasoned
FURS AT LOW PRICES.
LARGE WHITE POPLAR BEAR IN THE WINDOW.
CHARLES STREET & CO.,
No. 475 Broadway.

LADIES' FANCY FURS.
BACKUS, NICHOLS & CO.,
NO. 51 MAIDEN-LANE, NEW-YORK,
Offer, AT WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, a new and large assortment of Fancy Furs, manufactured by them the PRESENT SEASON, after the latest styles and most approved patterns, comprising articles for both ladies' and gentlemen's wear, of every variety and quality, as well of the finest as of the more ordinary kinds of skins.

FANCY FURS AT WHOLESALE.
BALLARD, SHUTE & CO.,
45 BROADWAY, N. Y.,
WOULD RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO JOBBERS and RETAILERS accustomed to purchase FURS in this market, that, notwithstanding the very general, if not quite universal, practice adopted by the Wholesale Manufacturers of this City within the last twelve months, of throwing their stocks open for RETAILING PURPOSES just so soon as the season for consumption arrives, and still expecting the REGULAR RETAILER and even the JOBBER to continue their custom,—*they cannot believe either in the*
NECESSITY, JUSTICE OR POLICY
of the same, but, on the contrary, do still believe in the ABILITY OF THE TRADE IN THIS CITY to support at least
ONE STRICTLY WHOLESALE HOUSE.
To this end they now invite the attention of all those in any way interested, to their very complete stock of
LADIES' FANCY FURS,
embracing the richest as well as the most common varieties,
GENTS' MUFFLERS, CAPS, COATS,
GLOVES AND FANCY ROBES,
all of which they will sell to such buyers as are in favor of *fair competition and legitimate business*.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF
ELEGANT MADE-UP FURS,
ROBES, CLOAKS, MANTILLAS, &c.
At No. 198 Broadway, between Fulton and John-sts.
HERTS & MOSS, Auctioneers, will hold a continuation sale of the above elegant stock of made-up furs on TUESDAY, Nov. 30, at 10½ o'clock, when a splendid assortment will be offered, comprising real Russian sable, Hudson's Bay sable, Russian mink, Grecian stone marten, French and Siberian squirrel, French sable and other Raglans, cloaks, large capes, mantelets, tippets, victorines, muffs, cuffs, &c.
Also,
An elegant assortment of gentleman's furs, collars, gloves, caps, mufflers, cuffs, &c.
Also,
A large assortment of rich Hudson's Bay wolf, badger, raccoon, gray fox, genet, black bear and buffalo sleigh and lap robes. Goods on view on Monday. Catalogues at sale.

FURS! FURS! FURS!
BOUGHTON & RANDALL,
No. 53 Broadway, (up stairs,) block below Trinity Church, Wholesale Dealers, Manufacturers and Importers of
FINE FURS,
Having determined to offer their stock at RETAIL, would invite the attention of the Ladies to their Extensive Assortment of FANCY FURS, consisting of
RUSSIA AND HUDSON'S BAY SABLE,
MINK, FITCH, STONE-MARTEN, &c.
IN CLOAKS, CAPES, HALF-CAPES, VICTORINES,
MUFFS, CUFFS, &c.
Also, Hudson's Bay Wolf, Prairie Wolf, Bear, Fox, Genet
SLEIGH ROBES.
We call special attention to our White Arctic Fox—a beautiful artible for Carriage Lap Robes.
Our Stock being the Finest and most Extensive in the City, we feel confident that every one can be suited.

FURS! FURS! FURS!—A LARGE AND SUPERIOR assortment in their variety. Beautiful French mink sets, $12 to $15. KELLOGG, No. 381 Canal st.

POLITICAL.

TWENTY-SECOND WARD.
REPUBLICAN UNION NOMINATION.
For Alderman of the Thirteenth District,
CHARLES WILLMOT.

NINETEENTH WARD REPUBLICAN RALLY!—HONESTY AND ECONOMY IN OUR CITY AFFAIRS!—A Mass Meeting will be held at Dingledein's, 3d-av., corner of 59th-st., on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Dec. 1, at 7½ o'clock. The following nominations will be submitted for ratification:

For Comptroller,	For School Commissioner,
ROBERT T. HAWS.	MICHAEL A. REED.
Governor of the Almshouse,	School Inspector,
CH. BRUENINGHAUSEN.	LAWRENCE R. KERR.
Councilmen,	School Trustees,
HAMLIN BABCOCK,	JOHN TURNER,
CHAS. N. DECKER,	ADDISON BROWN.
DAN'L TOWNSEND,	Constables,
JAS. G. McADAM,	CORNELIUS J. GROVES,
WM. H. VALENTINE,	HERRMANN ROCKE.
IRA A. ALLEN.	

Several eminent speakers will address the meeting, which will be preceded by a volunteer salute and bonfires. By order of the Association.
ROBERT L. HILL, Secretary.

TO THE PUBLIC OF NEW-YORK.—I shall address [illegible] from the steps of the Merchants' Exchange, in Wall-st., on WEDNESDAY next, at 3 o'clock, and scourge the public scoundrels of these times, shall anatomatise some of the greedy candidates for the enormous spoils at the approaching election, and may Pluto have mercy on them, when my knife penetrates their hides. I shall adduce their startling antecedents as public men, and with my exhaustless ammunition to sustain my batteries, I will hurl shafts of annihilation
At every scamp
In either camp.
Citizens: The Goths are at the doors and throats of your wives and daughters, and little children, and parents tottering in age.
Arise then
And smite them,
Or, down you'll go,
To vales of wo!
STEPHEN H. BRANCH.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE TWELFTH Ward Republican Association will be held THIS EVENING at 7½ o'clock, in Farrington's Hall, corner 128th-st. and 3d-av. JACOB FISHER, President. W. E. PABST, Secretary.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

LADIES' AMERICAN MAGAZINE.
(Incorporated with Graham's Monthly.)
TERMS:

One copy, one year	$2
Two copies, one year	3

Office No. 7 Beekman-st., New-York.
HENRY WHITE, Publisher.

THE "GREAT REPUBLIC" MONTHLY.

TO THE PUBLIC, THE BOOK AND PERIODICAL TRADE AND THE PRESS: We have the honor to announce that we shall issue, on or about the 1st of December next, so as to be in season to command the early attention of the public and the periodical trade, the FIRST NUMBER OF A NEW ILLUSTRATED MAGAZINE, to be called THE "GREAT REPUBLIC" MONTHLY. It is intended to make this Magazine superior in every respect to anything ever before issued in this country. The general scope of its character can best be understood by its name. IT WILL BE THOROUGHLY NATIONAL—IN NO WISE SECTIONAL OR SECTARIAN, AND WHOLLY IMPERSONAL. It will offer to the writers and thinkers of this Union a common field, where they can meet on the highest ground of contemporary literature. It will aim to gather about it every variety of intellect. The range of articles will be a wide one, covering, among other grounds, Essays, Sketches, Humorous Tales, Stories, Historical Incidents, Reviews, Critiques, Biographies, Scientific Articles, Travels, Table-Talk, Dramas, Incidents, Politics, Poems, Ballads, Stanzas, Sonnets, Music, Correspondence, Gossip, etc., etc. The Magazine will be profusely illustrated in the highest style of wood engraving.

The Literary department will present greater variety, combined with more thorough excellence, it is believed, than ever before offered to the American public in a single periodical. The following authors and popular writers are included in the list of contributors engaged:

Geo. D. Prentiss,
Chas. Swain,
Fitz Gr'n Halleck,
Chas. J. Ingersoll,
O. A. Brownson,
Gen. G. P. Morris,
Nathaniel Deering,
Hon. C. Gayarre,
Wm. G. Simms,
Park Benjamin,
Hon. Albert Pike, of Arkansas.
Abbe A. Rouquette,
Hon. R. T. Conrad,
Rev. Ralph Hoyt,
Seba Smith, (Jack Downing,)
J. T. Headley,
John G. Saxe,
Lt. M. F. Maury,
Edward S. Gould,
Chas. F. Briggs,
C. P. Cranch,
W. H. C. Hosmer,
Geo. W. Peck,
R. H. Stoddard,
John R. Thompson,
F. S. Cozzens,
A. J. Requier,
Maj. J. H. Eaton, U. S. A.
Levi Reuben,
Thos. D. English,
Duncan Kennedy,
Rev. N. A. Prince,
Henry B. Hirst,
Henry W. Pettit,
Thos. Mackellar.
H. J. Brent, (Stirrup.)
F. W. Hunt, M. D.,
Edmund Flagg,
Fayette Hurd,
Hannah F. Gould,
Sarah H. Whitman,
C. M. Kirkland,
Elizabeth F. Ellet,
Jane E. Locke.
Alice Cary,
Phebe Cary,
Mme. Le Vert,
Mary Forrest,
Mary E. Stebbins, (Mrs. Hewett.)
E. Oakes Smith,
Anna C. Botta, (Miss Lynch.)
Louisa S. McCord,
Maria J. McIntosh,
Alice B. Haven,
Pamelia S. Vining,
Mary A. Rice,
Ada M. Kennicott,
Eliz. K. Churchill,
Clara Doty,
Abbie W. Crocker,
Nellie Burchfield,
Ann E. Porter,
Lucy N. Godfrey,
Lav. S. Goodwin,
Jane G. Austin.

In addition to the foregoing brilliant array of American authors, there are a large number of first-class writers engaged, (among them some of the most distinguished of the day,) who are compelled, from preexisting engagements, or other causes, to withhold their names for the present, but who will, nevertheless, contribute frequently to our pages. We would also announce that we shall add to our list of contributors the names of other distinguished authors, as soon as satisfactory arrangements can be completed.

Each number will contain an original piece of music, composed expressly for this work.

Of the superior excellence of the Magazine in every respect, and of the certainty of its permanent success, very little more need be said.

The terms and general conditions of the Magazine will be as follows:

TERMS.

VOLUMES.—There will be two volumes a year, of about 700 royal octavo pages each, commencing in January and July, and ending in June and December, respectively, making six numbers to each volume, and twelve numbers to each year. Subscriptions may commence at any time.

PRICES.		PRICES.	
Single copies	25c.	CLUBS, 3 copies, one year	$7
Subscription, 1 copy one year, sent by mail	$3	4 copies, one year	9
CLUBS, 2 copies, one year	5	5 copies, one year	10

And all additional copies, over five, at the rate of $2 each, if sent to the same Club. Clubs may be formed at different Post-Offices. All subscriptions must be paid in advance.

PREMIUM SUBSCRIPTIONS.—Entitling the subscriber to the Magazine for one year, and to their choice of either of our two great steel engravings, entitled,
"THE LAST SUPPER," AND "THE CITY OF THE GREAT KING."
FOUR DOLLARS.

The engraving will be sent on rollers by mail, prepaid.

AGENTS AND CANVASSERS can make liberal and satisfactory arrangements upon application, stating the territory required.

All Postmasters and Clergymen are authorized to receive subscriptions, which they may forward to us, giving name and address of subscriber, and deducting 25 per cent. for their trouble.

POSTAGE AND POST OFFICE REGULATIONS.—The rate of postage will not exceed 3 cents for each number, to be paid in all cases at the office where it is received.

CANADIAN SUBSCRIBERS will remit 36 cents each, in addition to subscription, to prepay postage to the line.

All communications, to be entitled to answer, must contain return stamps.

Subscribers must in all cases write Names, Town, County, and State in full, as legibly as possible.

There is little risk in sending money by mail. Large sums should be remitted by draft, if possible, or registered letter.
OAKSMITH & CO.,
Publishers of the "Great Republic" Monthly,
Nos. 112 and 114 William-st., New-York.

N. B.—THE GREAT REPUBLIC MONTHLY will be for sale by the entire trade and all news dealers in the United States and Canadas. Send your subscriptions early to the Publishers.

ATTRACTIVE NEW JUVENILE BOOK.
STANFORD & DELISSER publish this day
ORIENTAL TALES OF FAIRY LAND.
Translated from the German,
16mo., cloth, price 63 cents.
A choice collection of tales adapted for youth, having a tendency to instruct and interest the heart and mind.
Recently Published,
BETHLEHEM AND THE BETHLEHEM SCHOOL,
By C. B. MORTIMER;
16mo., cloth, price 63 cents.
From the Commercial Times.
Its simple and truthful pages contain incidents sufficiently thrilling to engage the attention, not only of the young, but others of older growth.

APPLETONS'
RAILWAY GUIDE
FOR
DECEMBER (WITH SUPPLEMENT.)
Price 25 cents.
Ready at 12 o'clock—with a Supplement containing the changes of the 29th of November.
D. APPLETON & CO., Publishers,
Nos. 346 and 348 Broadway.

THE GREATEST COUNTRY OF THE Greatest Age has produced the Greatest Galaxy of Great Things which the World has ever Seen. The Greatest yet is
"THE GREAT REPUBLIC MONTHLY,"
which will be given to the people early in December.

THE AMERICAN SUNDAY-SCHOOL UNION publishes more than one thousand choice illustrated books for children and youth, being the largest collection in the country. They are now publishing a new book every Saturday morning. Elegantly illustrated Catalogues may be had without charge, by addressing THE AMERICAN SUNDAY-SCHOOL UNION, No. 1,122 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia, or No. 375 Broadway, New-York, where may also be found a large assortment of Bibles and the devotional books used in the various Evangelical Churches.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.—THE ANNIVERSARY Festival of the St. Andrew's Society, of the State of New-York, will be celebrated on TUESDAY, Nov. 30 instant. The members will dine together at the Metropolitan Hotel, at 6 o'clock, and they are requested to assemble at 5 o'clock, for the transaction of the usual business. The following gentlemen were elected managers at the preparatory meeting on the 11th inst.:
ALEX. McKENZIE, No. 5 Pine-st.
WILLIAM PATON, No. 341 Broadway.
ROBERT GORDON, No. 46 Exchange-place.
MONCRIEFF MITCHELL, No. 78 Murray-st.
GEORGE CRUICKSHANK, No. 69 Wall-st.
ALLAN HAY, No. 44 Broad-st.
Persons interested in the Society or its associations, and wishing to unite with their countrymen in celebrating the day, can procure tickets of any of the managers.
ROBT. DINWIDDIE, Secretary.

THE ANNIVERSARY DINNER OF THE Saint Nicholas Society of the City of New-York, will take place, at the Saint Nicholas Hotel, on MONDAY, Dec. 6, at 6 o'clock.
Members are respectfully requested to make early application for their tickets to either of the undersigned:
JOHN VAN BUREN, No. 9 Nassau-st.,
JAMES H. PINCKNEY, No. 8 Wall-st.,
AARON B. HAYS, North River Bank,
JOHN D. VAN BUREN, No. 245 Water-st.,
CHARLES ROOME, No. 4 Irving-place.
WM. H. JOHNSON, No. 37 Nassau-st.,
JOHN GROSHON, No. 73 6th-av., Stewards.
The Society will meet for the transaction of business at 5 o'clock P. M.

THE BIBLE IN THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.—The Bible having already been excluded from Thirteen of the Public Schools of our City, and the Board of Education, in refusing to take measures to have it restored in those Schools, are exercising a power which is gradually undermining the foundations of a system on which rests the best hopes of this Commonwealth. In view of these facts, a mass meeting of the citizens of New-York, irrespective of Party or Creed, who are in favor of preserving this standard of moral virtue in our Public Schools, will be held at the Cooper Institute, on Monday evening, Nov. 29, at 7½ o'clock.
Committee of Arrangements.—George H. Raymond, Samuel Hotaling, John R. Voorhis, N. S. Husted, S. R. Thorne, Ed. R. Sproul, B. E. Hancock, John W. Heape.
SIMEON BALDWIN, President.
C. B. COTTEN, Secretary.

A FAREWELL MISSIONARY MEETING will be held on MONDAY EVENING, Nov. 29, in the Fourth-av. Presbyterian Church, corner of 22d-st. Addresses will be delivered by the Rev. EDWARD CHESTER and the Rev. WM. SCUDDER, who are to leave in a few days for India; also, by the Rev. JOEL PARKER, D. D., and the Rev. GEORGE W. WOOD, Secretary A. B. C. F. M. Services to commence at 7½ o'clock.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S
DANCING ACADEMIES,
No. 806 Broadway, New-York,
No. 137 Montague-place, Brooklyn,
NOW OPEN FOR THE SEASON.
TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS in Brooklyn,
WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS in New-York.
Afternoons for ladies and children.
Evenings for gentlemen.
Pupils may commence at any time.

A. DODWORTH'S BROOKLYN DANCING ACADEMY.—The classes for children on Tuesday and Friday afternoons are at present so full that it is deemed advisable not to receive any more for the present term on those days.
On MONDAY, Nov. 15, classes for children will be commenced, to meet on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, having the same advantages of attention, music, &c., as the others.

CHARRUAUD'S DANCING ACADEMY—No. 54 East 13th-st. New classes are forming. Pupils can commence at any time; on Wednesday and Saturday at 12 o'clock noon, at 3½ P. M. for ladies, misses and masters. Tuesday and Friday, at 8 in the evening, for gentlemen. Circulars may be had as above.

PERSONAL.

I AM ANXIOUS TO HEAR FROM YOU—You know my address. Can't call until I see you. "TOM."

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN, as chambermaid and seamstress, or to assist in the washing, or laundress, in a small family; thoroughly understands doing up fine muslins and French fluting; has the best of references from her last places; no objection to the country or to travel with a lady. Call, for two days, at No. 49 Bank-st., first floor, back room, between Bleecker and 4th-st.

WANTED—BY A MOST EXPERIENCED GIRL, a situation as waitress and chambermaid, or fine washer and parlor maid; does up fine linen in style; wages $7. Also, her niece, as seamstress and nurse; takes charge of a baby or growing children; is quick at the needle; wages $7, City or Brooklyn. Call or address No. 216 East 23d-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS, BY TWO YOUNG girls, one an English Protestant, as first-class waitress; can produce the best of City reference; the other as nurse, or to do light chamberwork and plain sewing; has the best of City reference, and lived with her last employer four years. Can be seen at No. 111 West 22d-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as nurse; has been in that capacity for the last fourteen years, and can take the entire charge of an infant from its birth. Can be seen, for two days, at the St. Denis Hotel, corner of 11th-st. and Broadway. Inquire at the office for Mrs. CLARKE'S room.

WANTED—A SITUATION WANTED BY A COMpetent girl, as waitress in a private family; no objection to chamberwork, and waiting in a small family; would assist with the care of children if required; is willing and obliging; can be highly recommended. Can be seen till engaged at No. 61 West 32d-st. near 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT woman, a situation as nurse; she is capable of taking charge of an infant, and raise it with either bottle or spoon; very fond of children, and has a most excellent temper; best of City reference. For further particulars, call at No. 74 Charles-st., near Bleecker.

WANTED—BY A NEAT AMERICAN PROTESTant girl, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or nurse and neat sewer; understands her business well. Also, a first-rate Protestant cook, who understands pastry and preserves of all kinds; has the highest City reference. Call at No. 127 Waverly-place.

WANTED—BY A MOST RESPECTABLE ENGlish Protestant young girl, a situation, as chambermaid and waitress; would assist in the washing and ironing; has no objection to the country or City. Call at No. 190 West 11th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as seamstress; can cut and fit ladies and children's dresses; can operate on a machine; no objection to assist in the care of children. Can be seen at No. 111 West 31st-st., until suited.

WANTED.—A MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN WISHES a situation in a private family as cook; is willing to assist in washing and ironing. Refers to No. 25 West 20th-st. where she has lived for 18 months. She may be found daily at No. 325 6th-av., from 10 to 1 o'clock.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman, as chambermaid and waitress, or to take care of children. No objection to the country, or a private boarding-house. Is a first-rate washer and ironer. Apply at No. 163 Varick-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN to do chamberwork and sew, or would be willing to assist with washing and ironing; is a neat sewer, and can be well recommended by her last employer, where she can be seen until suited. Apply at No. 56 West 11th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS LADIES' MAID OR seamstress, by a young woman who is a good dressmaker; understands family sewing, also hair-dressing and embroidery; has good City reference. Can be seen for 2 days at No. 246 east 10th-st., in the paper store.

WANTED—BY A GIRL, A SITUATION IN A REspectable family, as an excellent waitress, good chambermaid, and understands fine washing; can give first-class City reference. Inquire at No. 91 25th st., between 6th and 7th avs., in the candy store.

WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTABLE PROTESTant girls, situations; one as chambermaid and waitress, the other as chambermaid and plain sewer; have got the best of City reference. Call at No. 372 8th-av., between 29th and 30th sts., fourth floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as cook; she is willing to assist in washing. May be seen at No. 325 6th-av. Refers to No. 25 West 20th-st, where she has lived the past 18 months.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as chambermaid and laundress; understands her business perfectly; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 73 West 15th-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation, to cook, wash, and iron. Call at No. 158 9th-st., between 3d and 4th avs. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—A HOUSEKEEPER'S SITUATION BY an American lady of experience, who is a good seamstress and is willing to make herself generally useful. References given. Apply at No. 679 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant girl in a private family, as chambermaid and waitress, or as seamstress. Can give good City reference, and can be seen at No. 35 Butler-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH GIRL, 18 YEARS old, a situation as child's nurse; is very fond of children, and willing to make herself generally useful. Apply at No. 200 Grand-st., near Mott.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as nurse and seamstress. Best of reference given from her late situation. Can be seen for two days at No. No. 156 West 17th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN WOMAN, A situation as seamstress; can cut and fit children's clothes and ladies' dresses, and do all kinds of family sewing; best of references given. Apply at No. 679 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL as chambermaid, waiter and plain sewer. Apply at No. 26 West 37th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

AS HOUSEKEEPER, GOVERNESS OR COMPANION.—A young widow lady, 24 years of age, well educated, of a cheerful disposition and pleasing address; would make an engagement with some respectable party where she would find a permanent and pleasant home. She is qualified for the discharge of the duties of either capacity, and would make herself generally useful and companionable. Address, with return postage, AMELIA, Box No 3 Post-office, Easton, Penn.

CALIFORNIA.—A WOMAN OF MIDDLE AGE, who has had a large experience as nurse and seamstress, and who is not liable to sea-sickness, is desirous of obtaining a situation with a lady or family going to California. The payment of expenses will be considered sufficient remuneration. Apply at the store No. 719 8th-av., near 50th-st.; the cars pass the door.

LAUNDRESS.—SHE TAKES IN WASHING AND ironing, at her residence, No. 82 17th-st., in the rear, near the 6th-av.; will give satisfaction to all who favor her with their calls. CLARA HUTTON.

MRS. GREEN'S AGENCY FOR DOMESTICS, No. 820 Broadway, east side, near 12th-st., where the best of household help is promptly and faithfully supplied at moderate charges. No. 820 Broadway.

SERVANTS.—GOOD DOMESTICS, WHOSE CHARacter and qualifications have been thoroughly investigated; also, a number of German and French girls can be obtained at the rooms of the Employment Society, Nos. 13 and 14 Bible House, 8th-st., between 3d and 4th avs. A lady, speaking the German and French languages, in attendance.

FAMILIES WANTING GOOD SERVANTS.—German, Scotch, English, Swiss, &c., call at the large Institute and Home of Domestics, No. 138 11th-st., corner of 6th-av. This extensive place has abundance of civil, capable help to suit all, at moderate wages. Conducted by a respectable American lady. Call and see.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CLERK IN A wholesale Hardware store, by a young man who has had five years' experience in the business. Address HARDWARE, Box No. 201 New-York *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY AN INDUSTRIOUS, SOBER, SINgle man, a situation to take care of a gentleman's place, his horse and carriage; is a skillful driver, and also a good gardener; can take care of a cow, and is a good milker; also can take care of a furnace if required; City and country; 18 years' experience; wages moderate for the Winter, and willing to make himself generally useful; can produce the best of reference. Address D. S., Box No. 157 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION FOR A FAITHFUL and competent engineer. The undersigned feel constrained to seek a situation for Mr. William Kirk as an engineer. Mr. Kirk has been in our employ for three years. He has our confidence and respect and we regret to part with him. Mr. Kirk may be found at his residence in North 8th-st., between 1st and 2d sts., Williamsburg. ISAAC SMITH'S SONS & CO., No. 77 Warren-st., formerly No. 257 Pearl-st.

WANTED—BY A STEADY AND TRUSTWORTHY Scotch Protestant young man a situation; he is a good coachman and groom; understands the care and management of horses thoroughly; is also a good vegetable gardener and farmer; is willing to work and to make himself useful. Wages not so much an object as a good place; has the very best of reference, or his last employer can be seen in the City. Call at No. 275 Bowery.

WANTED—BY A MARRIED PROTESTANT Scotchman, without incumbrance, a situation, as coachman; can take care of a garden, if required; can produce the best of reference as to honesty, sobriety and carefulness; has no objection to any part of the country; would be willing to make himself generally useful. Address R. R., Box No. 129 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young man as waiter in a private family; he understands his business in all its branches, and can give the best of City reference from his last place. Address H. T., at Mr. Morriss' grocery store, corner of University-place and 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION FOR A BOOK-KEEPER whose present engagement is about to close; is thoroughly experienced; would accept a situation requiring physical as well as mental ability. Very satisfactory City references can be given. Parties desiring an interview will address M. A. B., Box No. 164 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A COMMISSION office, for a boy, 15 years old, who lives with his parents; understands French, writes a good hand, and is a good accountant; salary no object compared with a permanent situation. Direct Box, No. 3,008 New-York Post-Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, THIRTY years of age, a situation as clerk in a mercantile house, or any respectable business; is a good correspondent; can furnish City reference, and will serve faithfully at a small salary. Address G. C., Box No. 135 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as coachman or groom, or porter in a store; he is willing and obliging, and will make himself generally useful, seven years' reference from his last place. Call for two days at No. 79 Bleecker-st., in the harness store.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER, IN A PRIvate family, by a German, having excellent German, French, and American testimonials. Apply at No. 51 Avenue B, corner of 4th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY A respectable Protestant man; has no objections to the country; can produce first-rate City references. Address J. O., Box No. 118 *Times* Office.

AT EVERDELL'S—WEDDING CARDS.—THESE celebrated Cards, splendidly engraved, can only be had Broadway, corner Duane-st. Orders by mail solicited, and specimens sent on application.

INSTRUCTION

RUTGER'S FEMALE INSTITUTE,
Nos. 262, 264 and 266 Madison-st.
The 79th term opens Nov. 29. Pupils received into the family of the Principal. The Institute stages convey pupils residing in distant sections of the City to and from school. HENRY M. PIERCE, A. M., Principal.
JOHN M. KREBS, D. D., President.

AMENIA SEMINARY.—THE REV. DENNISON GAGE, A. M., Principal. Male and female. A first-class institution with an able corps of teachers and low terms, offers unusual inducements to students. Winter term begins Dec. 16. Circulars or information may be obtained of the Rev. B. M. Adams, No. 176 Duane-st., the Rev. A. K. Sanford, Five Points Mission, No. 61 Park-st., J. A. Gilbert, No. 22 Liberty-st., Thomas Hoyt & Co., No. 258 Front-st., New-York, or of George W. Curtis, Amenia, N. Y.

BOOK-KEEPING, WRITING AND ARITHMETIC.—Mr. DOLBEAR, No. 609 Broadway keeps the largest Commercial Academy in New-York, and prepares gentlemen and boys practically for business. Gentlemen entering now may be so qualified as to keep books by double entry by the 1st of May. Writing is taught on scientific principles, and stiffness positively removed from every hand.

AMERICAN SCHOOL INSTITUTE, NO. 346 BROADWAY—Supplies schools and families with teachers, schools with pupils, parents with school circulars, (gratuitously,) and teachers with positions. Teachers wanted. References—Faculty of Amherst College, Dr. Lowell Mason, Prof. A. Greenleaf and others.
SMITH, WOODMAN & CO.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS.—The 43d semi-annual session will commence on Wednesday, Nov. 3. Circulars may be obtained of WM. W. ROSE, Esq., No. 68 Cedar-st.; S. P. YORK, Esq., No. 57 Liberty-st., or by addressing the Principal. D. S. ROWE, A. M.

CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL, NO. 20 East 31st-st., JAMES WEIR MASON. Term begins Sept. 13. Personal instruction by the Principal, and thorough drilling in the English branches. Circulars and further information at Carter's bookstore, and after Sept. 1 at the school.

GEO. C. ANTHON'S CLASSICAL, FRENCH and English School, No. 873 Broadway, corner 18th-st., reopens Sept. 6. Circulars at the school and at RANDOLPH'S, No. 683 Broadway. Further particulars in advertisement in New-York *Tribune*.

FERRIS FEMALE INSTITUTE—BOARDING AND DAY—Nos. 61 and 63 Madison-av., New-York. Winter term opens Nov. 29.
The Rev. Dr. FERRIS, Rector.
C. H. GARDNER, A. M., Principal.

GEORGE S. PARKER AND DR. F. BERTHET will open their united Classical, French and English School, with a Primary Department and Gymnasium, at No. 920 Broadway, on Sept. 13. Circulars may be had at Lockwood's bookstore, or Crowen's.

ACADEMY OF LANGUAGES—No. 229 BROADWAY.—F. MARTINELLI, Principal. Instruction given in English, French, German, Spanish and Italian. Classes are formed day and evening. Circulars and further information as above.

$130 PER YEAR.—ASHLAND COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE AND MUSICAL ACADEMY, Greene county, New-York—male and Female. Students received any time. Address the Rev. H. J. FOX, Principal, or call No. 122 Nassau-st., up stairs, or 239 Water-st.

M. NOEL BERGIER, AN EXPERIENCED Professor, continues to give private instruction in the French language and literature, at the residence of families, or at his own, No. 132 Madison-av.

A. FLACK, A. M., PRINCIPAL OF THE Hudson River Institute, Claverack, Columbia County, N. Y., furnishes board and tuition (common English) at $3 per week. Students received Nov. 8.

CLASSICAL FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL, NO. 809 BROADWAY.—The number of pupils is limited. The education imparted is thorough and under the best influences. R. B. WIGGINS, M. A.

TEACHERS.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A LADY EXPERIenced in teaching, as resident governess. Advertiser is competent to instruct in English, French and Music. Terms moderate. Address GOVERNESS, No. 53 Remsen-st., Brooklyn Heights.

AN ACCOMPLISHED TEACHER, EDUcated at Yale, desires a residence in a family where a few hours' daily instruction in the Classics or English branches would be an equivalent. References unexceptionable. Address T. K., Box No. 104 *Times* Office.

A LADY OF EXPERIENCE IN TEACHING the English branches, music and French, would wish to form an engagement to instruct for some time, daily, in consideration for her board. Address TEACHER, Brooklyn Post-Office.

WANTED.—A GRADUATE OF SEVERAL YEARS' experience in teaching, having good testimonials and references, is now awaiting an engagement. Address SIGMA, Box No. 104, *Times* Office.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

CHICKERING & SONS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS,
Warerooms No. 694 Broadway.
C. & SONS have been awarded 35 prize medals for the superiority of their manufacture for the past 35 years.
ALSO FOR SALE
MASON & HAMLIN'S SUPERIOR
MELODEONS AND HARMONIUMS,
For parlors, churches, vestries and lodges,
At wholesale and retail.
PIANOS TO RENT.

PIANOS AND MELODEONS.
FIRST-CLASS PIANOS with IRON FRAMES, fully warranted, plain or of most elegant designs, at LOWEST PRICES. PIANOS and MELODEONS TO LET or SOLD ON INSTALLMENTS. Pianos little used very low.
J. M. PELTON, Nos. 841 and 843 Broadway, N. Y.

AN ELABORATELY-CARVED SEVEN-octave rosewood piano forte for sale, at half-price; double round corners, carved legs, and finished with greatest magnificence; tone and powers cannot be excelled; made by celebrated makers of this City; two years warrantee; belonging to a gentleman having no further use for it. This piano cost $600 a few months ago, and will be sold for $325, including rich stool to match and packing case. Apply at No. 566 Hudson-st., between Christopher and Amos, day or evening. N. B. An object will be made to a cash purchaser.

PIANOS, MELODEONS AND ALEXANDRE ORgans of superior make, at great bargains. Second-hand pianos at extremely low prices, ranging from $25 to $150. One of the largest catalogues of music in the United States. Musical instruments and musical merchandise of all kinds, at the lowest possible rates. Pianos and melodeons for rent; monthly payments received for pianos and melodeons. HORACE WATERS, Agent, No. 333 Broadway.

FOR SALE—AT A DECIDED BARGAIN—A NEW and elegant double two-story and attic house and four lots of ground, on 89th-st., near the East River; a desirable locality. The house is modernly arranged, with furnace, gas and Croton water throughout. Seventy-five per cent. may remain on bond and mortgage. Apply to ADRIAN H. MULLER,
Auctioneer, No. 35 Wall-st.

A FINE PARLOR OR CHURCH ORGAN FOR SALE.—10 stops, pedals CC to G, splendidly decorated. Unrivaled in purity of tone, by Ferris & Co. Can be seen at the office of J. W. MOULD, No. 32 Bank of Commerce Buildings, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, after 6 P. M.; on other days before 3 P. M. Also, a handsome rosewood 7-octave piano-forte.

GOLD-MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS.—STEINWAY & SONS, Nos. 82 and 84 Walker-st., near Broadway, New-York, have always received the first premium where and whenever in competition with the best makers of Boston, New-York, Philadelphia and Baltimore. Every Piano warranted for three years. Prices moderate.

A BARGAIN.—A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL SELL a splendid-toned 7-octave rosewood Piano-Forte and Stool, nearly new; has large round corners, full iron frame, beautifully ornamented, &c., with all the latest improvements; reference to maker, with three years' guarantee. Call and examine before purchasing at No. 149 Wooster-st., near Houston.

A COSTLY 7-OCTAVE ROSEWOOD PIANO-FORTE for sale, at No. 66 High-st., near Pearl, Brooklyn, elegantly finished, with double carving and nearly new, celebrated City makers, fully warranted, beautiful rich tone; must be seen to be appreciated; cost $375; price $215, and boxed if required, and an object made to a cash purchaser.

HALLET, DAVIS AND CO.'S GRAND, parlor grand and square pianos, which have received 15 first prizes within 15 years. Also, New-York pianos of good make, very low; second-hand pianos from $60 to $200. Pianos to let. T. S. BERRY, No. 458 Broadway, corner of Grand-st., marble building.

LIGHTE, NEWTON & BRADBURYS, NO. 421 Broome-st., near Broadway, have a splendid assortment of the celebrated Piano-Fortes, in all styles, constructed with the patent Arch Wrest-Plank. Purchasers in want of a superior instrument will find it for their advantage to call.

A MOST EXCELLENT ROSEWOOD piano-forte, new, and of exceedingly fine tone and touch, fully warranted, will be sold at a very great bargain. A second-hand piano taken in exchange, by ALBERT WEBER, Manufacturer, No. 155 West Broadway.

RAVEN, BACON & CO., (SUCCESSORS TO Bacon & Raven,) piano-forte manufacturers. Wareroom No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway, where a full assortment of instruments may be found, exclusively of our own manufacture, warranted in every respect.

PIANO-FORTE.—WANTED TO PURCHASE FOR cash a 6¾ or 7-octave, rosewood Piano, but little used. Address P. F., Box No. 182 *Times* Office, with full description, maker's name, and lowest price; also, where to be seen.

HAZLETON BROTHERS, PIANO-FORTE Manufacturers, No. 209 Centre-st., offer a fine assortment of brilliant and full-toned Pianos at the lowest rates. Each Piano warranted to give satisfaction and guaranteed for three years.

GREAT CHANCE.—SPLENDID 7-OCTAVE ROSEwood grand diagonal piano, made by one of the best makers, and fully warranted; cost $500; been used a few months, and in perfect order. Will be sold for $300. Inquire at No. 141 9th-st.

A LARGE STOCK OF PIANO-FORTES IN plain and carved cases, at wholesale prices, for cash. All pianos fully guaranteed for two years. Second-hand pianos at $56 to $140. A. E. THOMPSON, 439 Broadway.

MUSICAL BOXES.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFER FOR SALE a very large and well-selected assortment of MUSICAL BOXES, expressly manufactured for them, by the best makers of Switzerland.
They have now on hand Boxes from the smallest to the largest size, and playing from 2 to 24 tunes.
Forte-piano,
Mandoline, and
Expressive Musical Boxes.
Also some fine Boxes with
BELLS, DRUMS AND CASTAGNETTES.
PAILLARD & MARTIN,
Importers of Watches and Musical Boxes,
No. 21 Maiden-lane, up stairs,
New-York.
Musical Boxes repaired.

$4 50 DOUBLE-SOLE WATER-PROOF Sewed Boots now ready at JONES', No. 10 Ann-st. Also, those $3 50 double sole Peg Boots, warranted to give satisfaction.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, OR one or two single gentlemen, can have very desirable accommodation in a private family; a fair price expected for superior rooms, with good board; centrally located in a good neighborhood, two blocks from Broadway. Address HAMILTON, Box No. 198 *Times* Office.

BOARDING.—TWO OR THREE PLEASANT rooms to let, furnished or unfurnished, with board, in less than two minutes' walk from Beecher's Church, where very few boarders are taken. Terms moderate. Dinner at 6. No. 70 Willow-st., Brooklyn.

BOARDING.—A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, OR two or three single gentlemen, can be accommodated with board and all the conveniences; dinner at 6 o'clock; location pleasant, and convenient to 4th-av., at No. 163 East 15th-st.

BOARDING.—A VERY DESIRABLE SUITE OF rooms for a gentleman and wife, and one suitable for a single gentleman can be obtained at No. 44 West 23d-st., near 5th-av. References exchanged.

BOARDING—AT NOS. 45, 47, AND 49 EAST Broadway, for families or single gentlemen.
E. BOUTON.

BOARD.—A GENTLEMAN AND HIS WIFE, OR one or two single gentlemen, can be accommodated with a front room on second floor, with board, in a small private family, (no other boarders,) at No. 9 Vestry-st., one door West of Hudson st.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—SINGLE GENTLEMEN will find comfortable rooms, with gas and grates, at moderate prices, in a first-class house, No. 59 State-st., opposite Garden-st. One room, on the first floor, suitable for a gentleman and wife. Very convenient to the South and Wall-st. Ferries. References exchanged.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—FINE SUITES OF rooms, with board, for families, may be obtained at No. 120 Montague-st., corner of Clinton, Brooklyn, (marble house.) Location near Wall-st. Ferry. References required. Dinner at 6 P. M.

WANTED—PERMANENT BOARD, BY A YOUNG man, in a respectable private family, where there are no other boarders preferred; location between Bleecker and 25th sts.; good, plain fare, in a sociable and kind family, more desirable than cold formality and lean French dishes in fashionable quarters. Terms must be reasonable. Address, for three days, H. A. HAMILTON, Box No. 4,226 Post-office.

TO BOARDERS.—A PRIVATE FAMILY, (FROM Connecticut,) without boarders, having recently taken the fine house No. 55 Willow-st., Brooklyn, offer a choice of rooms to one or two families, or to single gentlemen, for the Winter. A good New-England home is offered. Terms to those wishing to remain through the Winter will be reasonable. Apply as above.

NO. 135 EIGHTH-STREET, CONTINUATION of Clinton-place, opposite Merchants' Library, boarding, with large and small rooms, for families and single gentlemen; comfortable home for the Winter; immediate vicinity of principal hotels, amusements, libraries, &c. Terms reasonable.

PERMANENT BOARD WANTED BY A LA-dy, in a private family, where there are few or no boarders; will furnish her own room. Terms, with fire and gas, not to exceed $4 50 per week; location not below Bleecker-st. Address, immediately, Mrs. REYNOLDS, No. 52 William-st.

A FRENCH PROTESTANT FAMILY, residing in a very pleasant part of South Brooklyn, about half a mile from South or Wall-st. ferries, would let (to single gentlemen only) two rooms with full board; dinner at 6 o'clock; the best references required. Address Box No. 2,407 Post-Office, New-York.

SUITES OF ROOMS, FURNISHED OR UN-furnished, with or without board, at No. 19 Union-square; also, single rooms; house has been newly furnished, and has all the modern improvements; one of the most beautiful locations in the City. Best of references given and required.

A PRIVATE FAMILY, OCCUPYING A fine large house in 4th st., near Broadway, would rent, with first-class board, the second or third floor, in suite or singly; has all the modern conveniences. Unexceptionable references required. Address A. B. C., Box No. 114 *Times* Office.

A FAMILY OF THREE OR FIVE PER-SONS can be accommodated, in a French family, with board and handsome rooms (the second floor) by applying at No. 132 Madison-av. Dinner at 6 o'clock. Terms moderate.

HOBOKEN.—A GENTLEMAN DESIRES TO OB-tain a comfortable, good-sized and well-furnished bedroom; gas and fire-grate; with or without partial board; for which he will pay promptly, properly and permanently. Address XX., Box No. 3,114 Post-Office.

ROOMS TO LET.—A FINE ROOM AND TWO bedrooms, on the third floor of house No. 130 West 38th-st., will be let without board, and furnished or unfurnished, as desired. No convenience for cooking.

PLEASANT ROOMS—WITH OR WITHOUT board, at No. 863 Broadway, fourth house above Union-square, between 17th and 18th sts. References exchanged.

ROOMS WITH PARTIAL BOARD IN A central and pleasant house may be obtained by one or two single gentlemen of quiet habits, at No. 28 University-Place, northwest corner of 10th-st.

TWO PLEASANT ROOMS WITH BOARD at moderate terms, can be obtained at No. 10 Carroll Place, Bleeker-st. References exchanged.

ONE OR TWO SINGLE GENTLEMEN CAN be accommodated with furnished rooms, with or without board, at No. 5 Brevoort-place.

TO LET—A SUITE OF ROOMS, WITH BREAK-fast, to two or three gentlemen, in a private family, at No. 56 Clinton-place, 8th-st.

NO. 995 BROADWAY.—A PARTY OF SINGLE gentlemen can obtain a large, nicely furnished parlor, with full or partial board. References exchanged.

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOM, WITH BOARD, at No. 68 Murray-st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS.
J. P. PIRSSON, No. 7 Wall-st., New York.
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A PRACTICAL FAMILY SEWING MACHINE!
THE CHAMPION SEWER FOR $5.
Office No 385 Broadway.

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Stationers, Printers and Blank-Book Manufacturers,
No 93 Fulton-st. Orders respectfully solicited.

GOURAUD'S ITALIAN MEDICATED SOAP, it is well known, cures TAN, PIMPLES, FRECKLES, SALT RHEUM, BARBER'S ITCH, CHAPS, CHAFES, TENDER FLESH, &c., besides being the very best shaving compound ever invented. GOURAUD'S POUDRE SUBTILE uproots hair from low foreheads, upper lips, or any part of the body, safely and quickly—warranted. LIQUID ROUGE, for pale lips and cheeks. LILY WHITE, for flushed, red or heated faces. HAIR DYE, instantly converts red, gray or light hair to a beautiful black or brown, without staining the skin. HAIR RESTORATIVE for the hair to grow, and make stiff, wiry hair soft, glossy and silky. Found at Dr. GOURAUD'S old established dépôt, No 67 WALKER-ST., first store from Broadway; Mrs. HAYES, Brooklyn; CALLENDER, Philadelphia; BATES, No. 129 Washington-st., Boston; IVES, Salem; GREEN, Worcester, and druggists generally.

GAS CHANDELIERS, BRACKETS, HALL AND OTHER PENDANTS, &c., &c.—The subscribers, returning thanks to their friends and the public generally for the very liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on them, respectfully beg leave to say they are now fully prepared to furnish the above articles, in every variety at the shortest notice and most liberal terms. Being MANUFACTURERS, they are enabled to offer such inducements to purchasers as will WELL repay them for a call at their MANUFACTORY previous to purchasing elsewhere. N. B.—CHURCHES and PUBLIC BUILDINGS fitted with GAS PIPE, and FIXTURES throughout on the most moderate terms and with all possible dispatch. J. & T. DONALDSON, No. 85 Leonard-st., (near Broadway.)

NEW BRICK CHURCH—CORNER OF FIFTH-AVENUE AND THIRTY-SEVENTH-STREET.—The sale of pews will take place in the church TUESDAY EVENING, Nov. 30, at 7½ o'clock. The church will be open for inspection on Monday and Tuesday next. All persons entitled to scrip representing pews in the old church, can obtain the same by calling on AUGUSTUS WHITLOCK, Treasurer, No. 150 Nassau-st., second floor, on Saturday, Nov. 27, from 10 o'clock A. M. to 2 o'clock P. M.

TO CAPITALISTS.—A CHANCE SELDOM MET WITH.—Mr. ROBERT GRIFFITHS is now stopping at French's Hotel in this City, exhibiting a model of a machine for making horse-shoes, very much superior to anything yet for the purpose, capable of making forty shoes per minute, with only one attendant. Well secured; patent simple and of great power. Will remain there all next week.

SUBMARINE TELEGRAPH CABLE FOR SALE.—By the New-York, Newfoundland and London Telegraph Company, in lengths to suit purchasers about 38 miles of superior quality, large size Submarine Telegraph Cable, with three conducting wires, manufactured to order by Kuper and Company, of London. For particulars inquire of R. W. LOWBER, Secretary, No. 31 Wall-st.

$15 SETS OF TEETH, UNSURPASSED for elegance and utility by any $50 set in the world. Fine gold, $20; sterling silver electro-plated with pure gold, $8; single teeth, $1; teeth filled, warranted for life, 50 cents. Extracting without pain, astonishing all who witness it. FIELDING, Dentist, No. 134 Spring-st., 2 blocks west of Broadway.

JONES' ORIGINAL ITALIAN CHEMICAL Soap cures chapped, tender hands, flesh eruptions, salt-rheum, erisipelas, sores, pimples, freckles, tan. Jones' Coral Hair Restorative dresses, beautifies, darkens, cleanses, and forces the growth of hair. Price reduced to 25 cents each, at No. 100 Fulton-st.; Nos. 305, 539, and 688 Broadway; and No. 175 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

THE SUBSCRIBERS, HAVING POSSES-SION of the best seam of Cannel coal yet discovered in Kentucky, are open to make contracts for the delivery of crude coal oil of a superior quality, in quantities of not less than 10,000 gallons a month each.
J. & W. CAIRNS, Ashland, Ky.

TRAVELING TRUNKS.—VERY FINE FRENCH Traveling and Shopping Bags, for ladies' and gentlemen's use.
JOHN CATTNACH, Manufacturer and Importer,
Corner of Broadway and Wall st.

TEETH EXTRACTED BY ELECTRICITY, which can be applied in all cases without giving the slightest pain to the patient. No charge for extracting where Artificial Teeth are inserted. N. B. GRIFFIN, No. 257 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

FURNACE FOR SALE.—A GOOD SECOND-hand furnace, with pipe, Culver's make, suitable for store or dwelling. Apply to TIMPSON & WILKINS, No. 5 Pine-st.

STEAM-ENGINE AND BOILER OF 20-HORSE POWER FOR SALE CHEAP.—In perfect order; never used. Inquire of BALL, KNAPP & CO., No. 177 Broadway.

GOLD WATCHES FOR GENTLEMEN.—A very large assortment of all the best makers, for sale by G. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway.

GENTLEMEN'S GOLD VEST CHAINS.— Rich styles for sale by G. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway.

LADIES' WATCHES.—NEW AND BEAUTI-ful styles for sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

REAL ESTATE.

LAND WARRANTS
Purchased and for sale by
SEWELL, FERRIS & CO.,
No. 29 Wall-st.

FARM FOR SALE AT AUCTION.—THE FARM of the late William Williamson, in the town of Bedford, Westchester County, N. Y., one mile from Bedford station, on the Harlem Railroad, containing about 150 acres. Through the centre runs the beautiful stream Broad Brook; on the premises are a large new house, an excellent well of soft water near the door, a large new barn, carriage-house, &c.; also, three apple orchards. The above farm will be sold on the premises, Dec. 9, at 12 o'clock M. For particulars, inquire of T. Williamson No. 27 Chambers-st.; F. Lyon, near the farm; or of the undersigned, at Bedford.
A. WILLIAMSON, Executor.

FOR SALE—106 LOTS, TOGETHER, ON NINETY-seventh, 98th, 101st, 102d and 103d sts., between 4th and 5th avs.
Also,
Lots on 105th-st. and 5th av., and 115th-st. and 5th-av.
Also,
Lots on 87th-st. and 4th-av.
Also,
Lots on 53d-st. and 5th-av; on 38th-st., near 5th-av.
SAML. EDDY, No. 51 Liberty-st.

VALUABLE PROPERTY ON CHATHAM-SQUARE AND MOTT-STREET.—For sale, the northwest corner of Chatham-square and Mott-st., having a front of about 70 feet on Chatham-square and 81 feet on Mott-st. There is a good three-story brick building on it, with four stores and an extra-wide entrance to the large showroom on the second floor. The property can be easily improved so as to bring a large increase of rents. For plans, terms and full particulars, apply to
EDWARD H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 14 Pine-st.

FLOORS TO LET.—THE FIRST AND SECOND floors of that new and well-finished house, No. 107 West 41st-st., near 8th-av. Each floor is well adapted for the accommodation of a small respectable family, being fitted up with commodious pantries, drawers, bells, &c. Also, gas and water and water-closets, gasaliers, &c., marble mantels and grates, all in first-class order. None but small quiet families need apply. Unexceptionable references required. Inquire at the premises.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF 96 ACRES IN GEN-esee County, this State. 80 acres improved, 16 timber. A good farm dwelling, barn, and other out-buildings, occupied by the owner; well adapted to grain or grass; well watered and healthy. Two miles from station at Darien, on Buffalo, New-York and Erie Railroad, 25 miles from Buffalo. Most of the purchase money may remain on mortgage. Cash price $30 per acre. Apply to E. H. BROWN, No. 121 Nassau-st., from 1 to 3 P. M.

FOR SALE—THE SPLENDID FARM OF ABOUT 220 acres, situated about half a mile from Madison dépôt, Morris County, N. J., and one hours' ride from the City, and being a part of the estate of, and adjoining, the homestead of the late Wm. Gibbons, deceased, with farm-house, barns, dairy-house, &c., and an apple orchard of about 600 trees. Apply at No. 192 Broadway, from 11 to 12 o'clock, or at No. 93 East 27th-st, of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

TO MANUFACTURERS AND MACHINISTS.— For sale or to let, near the Atlantic Docks, a brick building 100 feet square, with a first-class engine complete, suitable for a brewery, paint factory, planing-mill, foundery, &c. The property will be sold low, to close an estate. Apply to E. R. KELLOGG, Executor, No. 90 Beaver-st., New-York.

HOUSES AND STORES TO LET IN BROOK-LYN.—House No. 188 Degraw, near Henry-st., three-story brick, in good order and pleasantly situated, rent $400 per annum. Also, stores and houses Nos. 198 and 200 Fulton av., suitable for any kind of business, and will at once command a good trade. Apply to GEORGE A. JARVIS, at Atlantic Fire Insurance Company, 14 Wall-st., from 12 to 2, or Henry corner Degraw-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A COUNTRY seat, or small farm, of about 20 to 40 acres of land, with house and out buildings complete, on the Hudson, on the Sound, or on New-York Bay preferred. Any person having a place of this description, which they wish to dispose of for cash, on reasonable terms, may address FARM, Box No. 2,094, New-York Post-office, giving description, location, terms, &c., &c.

LOTS NEAR THE CENTRAL PARK FOR SALE.—A plot of about 65 lots of ground for sale in one parcel, being advantageously located about four blocks below the Central Park, on and between 8th and 9th avs.; streets graded, and curb and gutter stones laid, suitable for immediate improvement. All the lots about the grade are free from rock. Title perfect, from an old estate. A map can be seen, and price and terms given, by applying to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 14 Pine-st.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE 3-STORY HOUSE No. 104 Bleecker-st., corner of Greene-st. The house is in complete order, and ready for immediate occupancy. It will be let as it is, or it will be altered for business purposes for a good tenant. It is believed that there are few places so desirable for a respectable tailoring or upholstering establishment as this.
ROE LOCKWOOD & SON, No. 411 Broadway.

A BARGAIN.—ANY PARTY INVESTING CAPI-tal, or desirous of purchasing for their own use a neat brick house, two-story and attic, containing ten rooms, good cellar, &c., all in first-rate order, for $3,000, can learn the full particulars by applying at RICHARD BARTLET'S Insurance Agency, No. 24 Merchants' Exchange, Hanover-st. Terms easy.

FOR SALE—TO CLOSE AN ESTATE—SEVERAL three-story brick and brown-stone houses in Brooklyn, at from $2,500 to $12,000 each. This property is offered very low, to close the estate, and a large portion of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage. Apply to E. R. KELLOGG, Executor, No. 90 Beaver-st., New-York.

TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS FURNISHED HOUSE, pleasantly located near Madison-av., to a desirable private family without small children; most of the rent will be taken in board by (the owner) a gentleman and wife, if desired. Those wishing the house for boarders need not apply. References exchanged. Address D., Box 138 *Times* Office, with real name, or no interview.

FARM FOR SALE IN NEW-JERSEY—CON-taining 100 acres, conveniently situated on the line of the New-Jersey Railroad, and within two hours' ride of either New-York or Philadelphia. For particulars inquire of the Receiving Teller, Bank of North America, No. 44 Wall-st.

TO LET—THE THREE STORY AND BASEMENT house No. 1 Ludlow-place, corner of Houston and Sullivan sts., with gas and Croton water. Rent $300 until May 1. Apply to F. S. TALLMADGE, No. 51 Macdougal-st., or No. 50 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF 140 ACRES, IN DUTCH-ess County, five miles from Dover Plains Dépôt; plenty of choice fruit; good buildings, fences, soil, &c. Apply to OGDEN SEELYE, No. 276 4th-av., or ELIAS HAIGHT, on the premises.

TO LET—WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION—THE three-story basement and sub-cellar house No. 84 Franklin-st., a good location for a boarding-house or a hotel. Apply on the premises from 1 to 5 P. M., or of Mr. GAZET, at No. 320 Broadway, at any time.

TO LET—THE DESIRABLE TWO-STORY AND attic house No. 3 Beach-st., containing gas fixtures, Croton water, &c. Possession immediately. For further particulars, apply to R. H. CUDLIPP, No. 121 Nassau-st.

TO LET—THE THIRD FLOOR AND THE BACK parlor, if desired, of the house No. 2 Mansfield-place, West 51st-st. For particulars, apply on the premises, or to R. B. C., *Home Journal* Office, No. 107 Fulton-st.

TO LEASE—A CORNER BUILDING IN BROAD-way, suitable for a wholesale clothing store. Apply to EDWARD H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 14 Pine-st.

DESK ROOM, OR PART OF A LARGE office on second floor to let, in Cedar, near William-st. For particulars, please address Box No. 4,663 Post-Office, with real name.

OFFICES TO LET.—GOOD OFFICES AT VERY reasonable rents in the Park Bank Building, Nos. 3 and 5 Beekman-st. Apply in the Bank.

TO LET—AN OFFICE IN THE TIMES BUILDING on the third floor, on Park-row. Apply at the *Times* office.

FOR SALE.—THE HOUSE AND LOT NO. 15 Horatio st., having all the modern conveniences; $3,500 can remain on mortgage. Inquire on the premises.

NORTH AMERICAN LAND AGENCY.— Taxes paid in all the Western States; Deeds recorded and Titles investigated. Address SYDNEY MYERS, Galesburg, Ill., or inquire of T. R. JACKSON, Architect, No. 229 Broadway, New-York.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

RETAIL HARDWARE AND HOUSE FUR-NISHING—A PARTNER WANTED.—A young man with some capital is desirous of establishing the above business in a desirable location in this City, and wishes to associate with a person who has a practical knowledge and thorough experience, and also must be reliable, energetic, prudent and industrious. With a right kind of a man the advertiser would make arrangements. Address HARDWARE, Box No. 103 *Times* Office.

BRAINS AND MONEY.—A PERSON WHO IS competent to take charge of the editorial department of a daily and weekly newspaper, and who has the means to become a proprietor to some extent, may hear of a good chance by applying as below. The paper has a job office connected with it, is located in one of the finest cities in New-England, and is doing a handsome business.
S. M. PETTINGILL & CO.,
No. 119 Nassau-st., New-York.

WANTED—A PARTNER, WITH A CASH CAPI-tal of $1 500 to $2,000, to join the advertiser in a business in which there is no risk, and no additional capital required. The business will pay a very handsome profit, and can be increased to any extent. Address Box No. 1,432 New-York Post-office. N. B.—Agents and brokers not noticed.

$2,000 TO $10,000 —THE PART OR ENTIRE interest in a manufacturing business, fully established, and protected by four separate patents. Western land or real estate, in any desirable locality, will be received in exchange if required. Call on MANUFACTURERS, No. 175 Centre-st., second floor.

FURNITURE.

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE, in all colors, of superior and warranted manufacture, finished in landscape, fresco, fruit and flowers, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 388 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established 1848.

ENAMELED CHAMBER SUITES OF FUR-niture, in all colors and styles, wholesale or retail,
At prices from $25 and upwards.
WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st., (old No. 36,)
Four doors east of Broadway, New-York.

FURNITURE BOUGHT FOR READY MONEY.—A fair value given in ready money for furniture, carpets, books, &c., &c., at No. 123 6th-av., between 9th and 10th sts.

PROFESSIONAL.

CANCERS REMOVED AND PERMANENT-LY cured, without the use of the knife, by Dr. E. WHITNEY, No. 169 West 36th st., New-York.

The remedy is purely vegetable, and excels all others. First, in the rapidity of its operation. Second, in the slight pain and inflammation produced. Third, in the completeness of its cure. Cancers, if cured at all, must be cured quickly. The time occupied in destroying the schirrous mass by this remedy varies from ten to forty-five minutes. After its removal the healing process is perfected, and a radical cure obtained in from two to six weeks. It produces little or no pain, causes no nervous or constitutional derangement, but, in fact, relieves pain, and is the only safe and perfect remedy known. Wens, tumors, moles and birth-marks are also removed in a few minutes.

AUCTION SALES.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

Will be sold at public auction on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 15, on the premises, between the hours of 12 and 3 P. M., a valuable country seat, 45 acres of choice land in the township of Franklin, Somerset County, N. J., in a fine state of cultivation, and well watered with never-failing streams.

On the premises is a two-story mansion house, 40 feet square, with basement; well built in modern style, with marble mantels, &c., and finished by days' work; also, a substantial tenant house; barn with cellar, novel, carriage house, and other necessary out-buildings; apple orchard, ornamental trees and fruit in variety.

The said farm is beautifully situated, near the Millstone River, one quarter of a mile from the pleasant village of Millstone, in the vicinity of good society, schools and churches.

Being but ten minutes' walk from the dépôt of the New Jersey and Millstone Railroad; it is easy of access, and a desirable residence for a gentleman of means and taste doing business in New-York.

One hundred acres of valuable land, parcel of said farm, will be sold on the same day.

REFERENCE—C. A. VAN DOREN, No. 82 Nassau-st.; M. D. VAN DOREN, No 260 5th-av.

TERMS—Ten per cent. on day of sale; 40 on delivery of deed; 50 on bond and mortgage for one year.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.
ELEGANT FANCY GOODS.
E. & F. H. SCHENCK,
Will sell on TUESDAY, Nov. 30, and WEDNESDAY, Dec 1,
At 12 o'clock each day,
At their salesroom No. 33 Nassau-st.,
One of the richest assortments of
FANCY GOODS
Ever offered in this City.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—BY E. & F. H. SCHENCK, on MONDAY, the 29th inst., at 10½ o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 33 Nassau-st., an elegant assortment of household furniture, removed for convenience of sale, consisting in part of a rosewood seven-octave piano-forte, with shell pearl keys, City makers, carved rosewood parlor suites, in brocade, brocatel, reps, and hair-cloth, carved rosewood and mahogany sofas, tête-à-têtes, Voltaire, easy and parlor chairs, rosewood, mahogany, oak and enameled chamber suites, rosewood corner and side étagères, rosewood and mahogany bookcases and wardrobes, solid oak dining-room furniture, walnut, mahogany and oak extension tables, Turkish easy chairs, lounges, &c., &c. Sale peremptory for cash.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.
BY E. & F. H. SCHENCK—ON MONDAY, Nov. 29, at 1 o'clock, at their salesroom No. 33 Nassau-st., a bay horse six years old, 15 hands high, is warranted perfectly sound, kind and gentle in every way, and a very superior saddle horse.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.
BY E. & F. H. SCHENCK—ON MONDAY, Nov. 29, at 1 o'clock, at their salesroom No. 33 Nassau-st., a pony-built sorrel horse, 15¼ hands high, 8 years old, warranted perfectly sound, kind and gentle in every way. Also, top-wagon, and set of single harness.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.
BY E. & F. H. SCHENCK—ON TUESDAY, Nov 30 and WEDNESDAY, Dec. 1, at 11 o'clock each day, at their salesroom No. 33 Nassau-st., superb fancy goods, consisting in part of elegant marble, bronze, ormolu and China clocks; superb bronze figures and groups, magnificent Parian groups and statuettes, richly decorated, French China dinner and tea sets, French China vases and card receivers, Bohemian glass ware in great variety, superb silver-plated tea and coffee sets, waiters of all sizes, casters, cake baskets, music boxes, and a large assortment of other rich goods, making one of the finest sales of the season.

W. PELL, Auctioneer.
STEAM-TUG "UNDERWRITER" AT AUC-TION.—PELLS & CO. will sell at auction on SATURDAY, Dec. 4, at 1 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, the substantial and powerful steam tug-boat UNDERWRITER, built in New-York, in 1852, expressly for outside harbor and river towing; measures about 350 tons; length, 175 feet; breadth, 22 feet; draws 5½ to 6½ feet; depth of hold, 8 feet 10 inches; engine, 48 inch cylinder and 9 feet stroke, made in the best manner by Coffee, with double valves Stevens' cut-off; boilers, double return flue, and in first rate condition. The boat is well found with everything necessary, and is now lying at the Atlantic Dock, in complete order, and ready for immediate and active service. Terms—One-third cash, balance 3 and 4 months, interest added.

TO BOOK BUYERS.—TUESDAY, NOV. 30, AT 4 o'clock P. M., and continued on WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, at 9 o'clock each morning. Great five days
SALE OF BOOKS BY AUCTION.
Publishers' sale of English and American books, all new and fresh stock, direct from the publishers. Catalogues ready, and can be obtained of the auctioneers,
GEO. A. LEAVITT & CO.,
Nos. 377 and 379 Broadway, corner White-st.
Parties wishing to purchase books for libraries, or for gifts, will find this sale an opportunity seldom offered.

J. HUNT, Auctioneer.
WILL SELL THIS DAY, (MONDAY,) NOV. 29, at 11 o'clock, at the salesrooms, No. 85 Nassau st., a magnificent assortment of diamonds, watches, jewelry, sleeve buttons, rings, studs, breastpins, &c., &c. The attention of the trade and others is respectfully invited to this sale, as every article offered will be peremptorily sold. Catalogues now ready.

BARTLETT & COWEN, Auctioneers.
AUCTION NOTICE.—CROCKERY, GLASS, CHINA WARE, TOYS, &C.—TUESDAY, Nov. 30, at 10 o'clock, at No. 281 Pearl-st., by BARTLETT & COWEN, an extra large and choice stock, just received from ship *Robert Trail*. City and country dealers attend, No postponement or reserve. NOTICE.—Sale every Tuesday, rain or shine.

HENRY B. HERTS, Jr., Auctioneer.
WILL SELL, ON TUESDAY, NOV. 30, AT 10½ o'clock, at No. 142 Broadway, the entire contents of said saloon and restaurant. Fine wines, liquors, cigars, fruits, &c.; also, all the fixtures, counters, shelving, mirrors, crockery, glass-ware, cutlery, cooking ranges and utensils, &c., &c. Terms cash, in City funds.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer.
BY ALBERT H. NICOLAY, OFFICE NO. 4 BROAD-STREET.—Regular auction sales of Stocks and Bonds at the Merchants' Exchange, EVERY DAY. Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at private sale, and at the Board of Brokers.
Sale THIS DAY, at 12½ o'clock. See catalogue.

SIMEON DRAPER, Auctioneer.
BY SIMEON DRAPER, OFFICE NO. 36 PINE-STREET.—Regular Auction Sales at the Merchants' Exchange EVERY DAY. Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at private sale. Sales THIS DAY at 12½ o'clock. See catalogue.

THOMAS VEITCH, Auctioneer.
AUCTION NOTICE.—FRIDAY, DEC. 3, 1858, BY THOMAS VEITCH, at No. 10 Spruce-st., a lot of notes, book accounts, &c., assets of J. C. Brown, to close an assignment.
S. S. ROWLAND,
Attorney for Trustee.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

DON'T CONFOUND LOCALITIES.
At No. 27 Park-row, near Beekman-st.,
(*Not* Park-place.)
PATTERSON BROTHERS,
Offer for sale at wholesale or retail, an entirely new stock of Hardware.
Old stock destroyed by fire at No. 13 Bowery.

ESTABLISHED 1839.
GEORGE R. JACKSON & CO.,
EXCELSIOR IRON WORKS,
Nos. 199 and 201 Centre-st.,
Nos. 1, 3 and 5 Howard-st., and
Nos. 117, 119 and 121 Elm-st.,
New-York,
Manufacturers of iron railings of all kinds for dwellings, cemeteries, parks, stores, offices, &c.
Bank doors, safes and window shutters.
Patent Prismatic Lights for vaults, areas, skylights, &c.
Enameled grates and fenders.
Corrugated iron roofs.
Having added a foundry to our works, we are prepared to furnish
Iron columns beams, girders, and all kinds of castings for building purposes.
Specimens of our work can be seen at the *Times* Building, American Exchange Bank, Wilson G. Hunt's store, Park-place; Thomas Hunt's store, College-place.
United States Custom-houses at Buffalo, Oswego, Cleveland, Detroit, Newark, New Haven, Pensacola and Richmond; United States Marine Hospitals at Detroit and Portland, and United States Assay Office, New-York.

RELIANCE FIRE REGULATOR—FOR SAV-ing fuel in steam-boilers. The most sensitive and efficient instrument of the kind.
CHAS. W. COPELAND, No. 66 Broadway.

WHEELER'S MACHINE HORSE-SHOES, handsome shape, durable, much superior to any hand-made, and lower price. Dépôt at JOHN W. QUINCY & CO.'S, No. 98 William-st.

RUSSIA SHEET IRON—500 PACKS, AS-sorted numbers, for sale in lots to suit purchasers, at very low prices. ALEX. A. THOMSON, 215 Water-st.

TELEGRAPH WIRE—BEST QUALITY, ALL kinds, for sale by JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

THOMAS PIG IRON—SOFT, FREE, STRONG, and a warranted substitute for Scotch Pig.
JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

BANCA TIN, INGOT, COPPER, SPELTER, Antimony, &c., for sale by
JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

MOUNT-HOPE CUT NAILS, SUPERIOR quality; none better in market. Agents,
JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

O. AMES & SON'S SHOVELS AND SPADES. —For sale by
JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROD-MAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against GEORGE G. SHEPPARD, late of the city of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, the administrators, at the residence of Ann E. Sheppard, No. 171 Amity-street, in the city of Brooklyn, on or before the 22d day of January next.—Dated July 16, 1858.
ANN E. SHEPPARD,
WILLIAM P. SHEPPARD, } Administrators.
EDMUND G. SHEPPARD,
jy19-law6mM*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOHN N. WATERS, late of the City of New-York, bank clerk, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of Owen & Bellows, No. 68 Wall-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 3d day of December next.—Dated New-York, May 29, 1858.
SAMUEL B. WATERS, } Administrators.
JOSIAH BLACKWELL,
my31-law6mM*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JAMES JOURNEAY, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the residence of THOMAS E. CHARDAVOYNE, No. 107 Waverley-place, in the City of New-York, on or before the 30th day of March next. Dated—New-York, Sept. 25, 1858.
THOMAS C. CHARDAVOYNE, Executor.
s27-law6mM SUSAN M. JOURNEAY, Executrix.

COBURN'S EXTRA OIL.—VERY SUPERIOR for machinery and burning—none more desirable. Barrels, 30 to 40 gallons.
JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

FINANCIAL.

THE BALTIC MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.
NEW-YORK, Nov. 16, 1858.

Notice is hereby given that the books for subscription to the Capital Stock of the Baltic Marine Insurance Company are now open at No. 42 Pine-st.

Commissioners for receiving subscriptions.
JAMES DE PEYSTER OGDEN.
EBEN B. CROCKER, of the firm of CROCKER & WARREN.
HENRY A. SMYTHE, of the firm of SMYTHE, EVITT & COOPER.
L. GARCIA, of the firm of PETER HARMONY'S NEPHEWS & Co.
LLOYD ASPINWALL, of the firm of HOWLAND & ASPINWALL.

REMITTANCES.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
BANK OF LIVERPOOL.
BELFAST BANKING COMPANY, IRELAND.
NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND.
Drafts on the above Banks in sums to suit, from £1 upward, payable on presentation, and good everywhere in ENGLAND, SCOTLAND, IRELAND or WALES,
Issued by
TAYLOR BROTHERS,
No. 76 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

AUGUSTE BELMONT,
BANKER, NO. 76 BEAVER-ST.,
ISSUES LETTERS OF CREDIT, AVAILABLE TO TRAVELERS IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
CORNER PINE AND NASSAU STS., NEW-YORK.
ISSUE
CIRCULAR NOTES AND LETTERS OF CREDIT, for travelers, available in all the principal cities of the world.

OFFICE AMERICAN GUANO COMPANY,
(No. 65 William-st., corner of Cedar,)
NEW-YORK, Oct. 14, 1858.
THE HOLDERS OF THE SCRIP STOCK of the AMERICAN GUANO COMPANY are hereby notified that the fourth and last installment is called, and made payable on or before Dec. 1, ensuing. By the terms of subscription and the act of incorporation, all scrip stocks on which the installments are not paid in accordance with the call of the Board of Trustees, will be forfeited. This forfeiture will be enforced on the termination of the call for the fourth installment, previous to which the second installment will be received, with interest from Sept. 1, 1857, and the third installment with interest from Sept. 1, 1858. By order of the Board of Trustees. JAS. S. WYCKOFF, Secretary.

BILLS AND NOTES PAYABLE IN CANADA —where the Bank of British North America has Branches or Agencies, collected free of charge, when exchange thereon is provided for.
Drafts granted and bills purchased and collected on England, Scotland and Ireland, Australia and the British Provinces in North America.
R. C. FERGUSSON, } No. 29
F. H. GRAIN, } William-st.,
C. F. SMITH, } New-York.

UNITED STATES AND CANADA.—THE UNION BANK OF LONDON, as Agents for Messrs. DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., Bankers, New-York, hereby give notice that they will receive money on account of that firm, for which they will issue, free of charge, LETTERS OF CREDIT or CIRCULAR NOTES of £10 and upwards, similar to those in such extensive use on the Continent of Europe and elsewhere, payable at all the principal cities and towns in the United States, Canada, &c.

THE NEW-YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY—TREASURER'S OFFICE, ALBANY, NOV. 20.—The Transfer Books of this Company will be closed, at the close of business, on Saturday, Nov. 27, inst., preparatory to the annual election for Directors of the Company, appointed to be held on Dec. 8 next; and will be reopened on the morning of Thursday, Dec. 9 next.
GILBERT L. WILSON, Treasurer.

CLEVELAND AND TOLEDO RAILROAD CO.—TREASURER'S OFFICE.—CLEVELAND, Ohio, Nov. 24, 1858.—The December '58 Coupons of the Junction Railroad Company's 1st Mortgage, 2d Division Bonds, will be paid at maturity, on presentation at the counter of Messrs. Carpenter & Vermilye, No. 44 Wall-st., New-York. H. C. LUCE, Treas.

NOTICE.—A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Long Island Railroad Company will be held in Philadelphia, on MONDAY, Nov. 29, inst., at 3 P. M., in room No. 25, Exchange, to consider the subject of changing the terminus of said Road to Hunter's Point.
WM. L. S. RUSSELL, Secretary.
BROOKLYN, Nov. 22, 1858.

OFFICE OF THE TREVORTON COAL AND RAILROAD COMPANY—NEW-YORK, Nov. 29, 1858. —The Interest Coupons on the Bonds of this Company, due Dec. 1, prox., will be paid on presentation at the Leather Manufacturers' Bank on that day.
F. L. JOHNSON, Treasurer.

NEW-AMSTERDAM FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, }
NEW-YORK, Nov. 21, 1858. }
THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECT-ORS of this Company will be held at the office, No. 7 Wall st., on MONDAY, Dec. 6 proximo, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M. W. H. DUSENBERY.

OFFICE OF THE HOWARD INSURANCE COMPANY, }
NEW-YORK, Nov. 24, 1858. }
DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a dividend of fifteen per cent. on the capital stock, payable on and after Monday, Dec. 6, 1858. HENRY A. OAKLEY, Secretary.

THE INTEREST DUE 1ST DECEMBER on Bonds of the Second-avenue Railroad Company will be paid upon presentation of the coupons at the office of Messrs. Wm. & John O'Brien, No. 29 Wall-st.
JOHN O'BRIEN, Treasurer.
NEW-YORK, Nov. 27, 1858.

FULTON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.— NEW-YORK, Nov. 24, 1858.—The annual election for Directors of this Company will be held at the office, No. 40 Wall st., on MONDAY, Dec. 6, between the hours of 12 and 1 P. M. JAMES M. RANKIN, Secretary.

INTEREST ON CALIFORNIA STATE BONDS.—The Coupons for interest on California State Bonds due Jan. 1, 1859, will be collected or purchased by WM. T. COLEMAN & CO.,
No. 88 Wall-st.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CENTRAL PARK.
OFFICE OF THE ARCHITECT-IN-CHIEF, }
5th-av. at 79th st. }

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Sealed proposals will be received at this office until Friday, Dec. 10, 1858, at 1 o'clock, P. M., for grading 59th-st. adjoining the Central Park, between the 5th and 8th avs., to an additional width of 40 feet, the present grading being for about 60 feet in width, and the width, when completed, to be 100 feet.

The work will consist of about 5,000 cubic yards of rock excavation on the Park side of 59th-st., to be hauled into contiguous filling; the balance of the filling, 44,000 cubic yards, may probably be obtained from the grading of Hamilton-square by a haul of about 3,000 feet. The work to be commenced by the 1st day of January and completed by the 1st day of May, 1859.

Monthly estimates will be made as the work progresses, and 15 per cent. of the value of the same, at contract prices, will be retained until the whole is completed.

Specifications of the manner of performing the work, together with any other information desired, will be furnished at this office on and after Dec. 1, between the hours of 12 M. and 2 P. M.

Proposals should be accompanied by satisfactory references, to establish the ability of the bidder to perform the work.

The Commissioners of the Central Park reserve the right to reject any or all proposals if the terms are not, in their judgment, in accordance with the public interests.

Proposals to be indorsed "Proposals for widening 59th-st.," and addressed to the undersigned.
FRED LAW OLMSTED, Architect-in-Chief.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RE-CEIVED by the undersigned, School Officers of the XXIst Ward, at the Clerk's Office at the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts, until WEDNESDAY, Dec. 1, 1858, at 12 o'clock M., for building Ward School No. 14, in 27th-st., in said Ward, according to plans and specifications on file at the office of the Superintendent of School Buildings, No. 94 Crosby st.; said buildings to be constructed with fire-proof floors. Separate bids required for the several kinds of work, according to specifications.

The School Officers reserve the right to reject any or all proposals if deemed for the public interest to do so.
B. B. ATTERBURY,
JOHN STEPHENSON, } Building
JAMES DENNIS, } Committee.
JOHN DAVENPORT,
E. F. ROGERS,
NEW-YORK, Nov. 17, 1858.

OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF THE COM-MON COUNCIL—NEW-YORK, Nov. 19, 1858.—The Inspectors of the election, from the 1st to the XIth Wards inclusive, elected at the last election, are hereby notified to attend at the office of the County Clerk, Room No. 10 City Hall, on TUESDAY, the 30th inst. The Inspectors of Election from the XIIth to the XXIId Wards inclusive, are hereby notified to attend, at the same office, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of December. The District Canvassers from the 1st to the XIth Wards inclusive, are hereby notified to attend on THURSDAY, the 2d day of December, and the District Canvassers from the XIIth to the XXIId Wards inclusive, are hereby notified to attend on FRIDAY, the 3d day of December, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., to take the oath of office prescribed by law.
D. T. VALENTINE, Clerk Common Council.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 10, 1858.
THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the name of WARNER PLATT, KUCK & CO., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent; the business of the old firm will be settled by WARNER PLATT & BROTHER, who will continue the business.
WARNER PLATT,
A. C. KUCK,
EDGAR M. PLATT.
WARNER PLATT & BROTHER will continue the business of manufacturing the Coal Oil Lamps and wholesaling of Coal Oils, at the old stand, No. 290 Greenwich-st.
WARNER PLATT,
EDGAR M. PLATT.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

HORSE OWNERS WOULD DO WELL TO have always on hand a bottle of Dr. TOBIAS' Venetian Horse Liniment. It cures cholic, cuts, sprains, old sores, sore throats, &c., quicker than anything else, or no pay. In pint bottles at 50 cents. A single dose immediately revives over-driven horses, and often saves life. Sold by the druggists and sadler's. Dépôt, No. 56 Cortlandt-st.

CARRIAGE FOR SALE—MADE BY LAW-RENCE, and but little used; cost $950, will be sold at a bargain, as the owner has no use for it. Inquire at No. 35 Broad st., up stairs, or at CLEARY'S livery stable, East 18th-st., between Broadway and 5th-av., where it can be seen.

HORSES.—A FEW TAKEN TO BOARD FOR the Winter. For terms, &c., address E. J. HAND, Milburn, Essex County, N. J.

LIQUORS.

THE BEST PLACE IN THE CITY TO BUY liquors is at the Old Fifteenth-street Rectifying Distillery, for you can get the best quantities of Brandy, Gin, Rum, Malt, Whisky, Wine or Cordial there cheaper and better than elsewhere. CHARLES WHITE, Proprietor No. 175 West 15th-st., near 8th-av.

SHIPPING.

CALIFORNIA STEAMSHIP LINE,
VIA
NICARAGUA.
American, Atlantic and Pacific Ship Canal Co. Proprietors.

OPPOSITION LINE AT REDUCED RATES.
NEW-YORK TO SAN FRANCISCO.

First Cabin	$225	Upper Steerage	$100
Second Cabin	150	Lower Steerage	80

The transit of the Isthmus included.

The splendid steamship
WASHINGTON,
Of two thousand tons register, Capt. HENRY CHURCHILL, having been fitted up expressly for the California trade by the Nicaragua Route, will leave her Pier, North River, New-York, on MONDAY, Dec. 6, at 2 P. M., carrying passengers, mails and freight to San Juan del Norte, to connect at San Juan del Sur with the well-known and commodious steamship
HERMANN,
Captain CAVENDY,
FOR SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.
These splendid steamships offer unsurpassed accommodations for the comfort and safety of passengers.
The Isthmus Route is thoroughly repaired and in good order, and the country healthy.
For passage and freight, apply only at the office of the Company, to JOHN P. YELVERTON, Agent.
No. 3 Bowling-green, New-York.

COLEMAN'S LINE
FOR SAN FRANCISCO.
Clippers sailing regularly twice a month.
Clipper of SATURDAY, Dec. 4,
The famous A 1 extreme clipper ship
COMET,
TODD, Commander.
is now rapidly loading at Pier No. 15 East River foot of Wall-st. This elegant ship was built by Wm. H. Webb, Esq., expressly for the California trade, and is finished, in every respect, in the most superb manner. She has made the run to San Francisco in 102 days, returning in 76 days, and from Liverpool to Hong Kong in 82 days, which shows the fastest sailing on record. Having always carried and landed her cargoes in perfect order, the Underwriters are anxious to take risks on her at lowest rates.
For balance of freight apply to
WM. T. COLEMAN & CO.,
No. 88 Wall-st., Tontine Building.
Agents at San Francisco, Messrs. WM. T. COLEMAN & CO. Exchange on San Francisco for sale in sums to suit. Limited advances made on shipments of approved merchandise.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
ROSS, FALCONER & CO.'S LINE,
For San Francisco.
CLIPPER SHIP STARLIGHT,
HOWES, Master.
Loading at Pier No. 21, East River, (Fulton Ferry,) will take freight till WEDNESDAY, Dec. 1.
Shippers are requested to finish their engagements, and send in Bills of Lading to
ROSS, FALCONER & CO.,
No. 46 Pine-st., corner William.
Agents at San Francisco, Messrs. D. L. ROSS & CO.
P. S.—The famous Clipper Ship HURRICANE will follow the STARLIGHT, and be dispatched about Dec. 15.

FOR THE SOUTH.
VIA
CHARLESTON, S. C.
GREAT REDUCTION IN PASSAGE.
First class, cabin passage, $15 | Deck......$6
SEMI-WEEKLY UNITED STATES MAIL SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIP LINE.
The splendid steamship MARION, W. J. FOSTER, Commander, will leave Pier No. 4, North River, on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 1, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely.
Through tickets to the following places may be had:

Montgomery, Ala	$26	Columbia, S. C	$20
Atlanta, Ga	23	Jacksonville, Fla	21
Augusta, Ga	20	Pilatka, Fla	23

For freight or passage, apply to
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway,
The COLUMBIA will succeed, on SATURDAY, Dec. 4.

SPEED—COMFORT—ECONOMY.
FOR SAVANNAH AND FLORIDA.—U. S. MAIL LINE.—The favorite steamship ALABAMA, Captain GEO. R. SCHENCK, will leave on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 1, at 4 P. M., from Pier No. 4 North River. Through tickets can be had for the following places. Fare as low as by any other steamers from New-York to Savannah. Accommodations superior. New-York to New-Orleans, $39 50; Mobile, $35; Montgomery, Ala., $26; Atlanta, Ga., $23; Albany, Ga., $24. New-York to Columbus, Ga., $23; Macon, Ga., $21; Savannah, $15. N. B.—Persons wishing through tickets must apply one hour before departure of steamer. For freight or passage, apply to SAML. L. MITCHILL & SON, No. 13 Broadway. The FLORIDA, Capt. I. CROWELL, will succeed, and sail on SATURDAY, Dec. 4.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$130
Second Cabin Passage	75

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$110
Second Cabin Passage	60

The ships from Boston call at Halifax.
PERSIA, Capt. Judkins. CANADA, Capt. Lang.
ARABIA, Capt. J. Stone. AMERICA, Capt. Wickman.
ASIA, Capt. E. G. Lott. NIAGARA, Capt. Ryrie.
AFRICA, Capt. Shannon. EUROPA, Capt. J. Leitch.
These vessels carry a clear white light at mast-head; green on starboard bow; red on port bow.
CANADA, Lang, leaves Boston, Wednesday, Dec. 1.
AFRICA, Shannon, leaves New-York, Wed'day, Dec. 8.
EUROPA, Leitch, leaves Boston, Wednesday, Dec. 15.
PERSIA, Judkins, leaves New-York, Wed'day, Dec. 22.
ARABIA, Stone, leaves Boston, Wednesday, Dec. 29.
ASIA, Lott, leaves New-York, Wednesday, Jan 5
CANADA, Lang, leaves Boston, Wednesday, Jan. 12.
AFRICA, Shannon, leaves New-York, Wed'day, Jan. 19.
Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced Surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, precious stones or metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor and the value thereof therein expressed. For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

ATLANTIC ROYAL MAIL STEAM NAVI-GATION COMPANY'S NEW-YORK AND GALWAY LINE.—The next departure from New-York will be the steamship PRINCE ALBERT, Capt. T. J. WATERS, on THURSDAY, Dec. 2, next, touching at St. Johns, N. F., to receive the royal mails. Prices of passage: First class, $90; Second, $50; Third, $30, including free tickets to all the principal cities on railway routes in Great Britain. Third class must provide plate, knife, fork, &c., and bedding. Passage to St. Johns: First class, $35; Second, $25. For freight or passage, inquire of the American Express Company, No. 64 Hudson-st., and at their other advertised offices in the interior. Passage in the third class can be secured at any of the above offices to bring persons out from any of the principal cities on the lines of railway in Great Britain for $35, or from Galway for $30.
AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY,
ALEX. HOLLAND, Manager.
NEW-YORK, Nov. 13, 1858.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.—THE United States Mail steamer ARAGO, D. LINES, Commander, will leave for Havre, touching at Southampton to land the mails and passengers, on SATURDAY, Dec. 11, at 12 o'clock, from Pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beach-st. This ship has five water-tight compartments inclosing the engines, so that in the event of collision or stranding, the water could not reach them, and the pumps being free to work, the safety of the vessel and passengers would be secured. Baggage not wanted during the voyage should be sent on board the day before sailing, marked "below."
For freight or passage, apply to
W. S. DRAYTON, agent, No. 7 Broadway.
N. B.—The steamer FULTON will succeed the ARAGO, and sail Jan. 8, 1859.

FOR PORTSMOUTH, CITY POINT AND RICHMOND.—The United States Mail steamship ROANOKE, Capt. THOMAS SKINNER, will leave on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 1, at 3 o'clock P. M., from Pier No. 13, North River. She will arrive at Portsmouth the next afternoon, and at Petersburg the following morning. Passengers for the South will proceed by the great Southern mail line. Those for Richmond will arrive there early on Friday morning. Travelers will find this the cheapest, pleasantest, and most expeditious route. Passenger's fare, with stateroom, to Norfolk, $8; to Petersburg and Richmond, $10. Apply to HENRY LUDLAM, No. 32 Broadway.

GREAT UNITED STATES MAIL SOUTH-ERN STEAMSHIP LINES.—FOR HAVANA AND KEY WEST, FLA., VIA CHARLESTON, S. C.—The splendid and favorite steamship ISABEL, Captain WM. ROLLINS, will leave Charleston for Key West and Havana on the 4th and 19th of each month. The Charleston steamships will leave this port for Charleston every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M., from Pier No. 4, North River, connecting with the ISABEL for the above ports. Through tickets may be had on application to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.

FOR SAVANNAH, &C.—THE AMERICAN AT-LANTIC SCREW STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S new and elegant steamship MONTGOMERY, F. CROCKER, Commander, will leave Pier No. 12, North River, on SATURDAY, Dec. 4, at 3 o'clock P. M. Cabin passage, with unsurpassed accommodations, $15. Through tickets to New-Orleans, $39 50; Mobile, $35; Montgomery, $26; Albany, Ga., $24; Atlanta and Columbus, $23; Macon, $21. Freight, 10 cents per foot, and proportionate rates. Insurance, ½ per cent. Apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

STEAM TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, BELFAST, DUBLIN AND LONDONDERRY, without delay, for $30.—Return tickets to either of the above places good for six months, by any steamer of the line, $60.
FROM NEW-YORK.
EDINBURG, Cumming, Wednesday, Dec. 22, at 12, noon.
GLASGOW, Thomson, Saturday, Jan. 22, at 12, noon.
Rates of Passage—Cabin, $75; third class, found with cooked provisions, $30. For freight or passage, apply to ROBERT CRAIG, No. 17 Broadway.

TAPSCOTT'S LINE OF LIVERPOOL AND LONDON PACKETS.
Persons wishing to send for their friends, can have them brought out in any of the ships of these unequaled lines of packets at the lowest possible rates.
Sight drafts payable throughout England, Ireland, Scotland or Wales, for £1 and upwards, on application to TAPSCOTT & CO., No. 86 South-st., New-York.

UNITED STATES PASSPORTS ISSUED through J. B. NONES, Notary Public, No. 262 Broadway, corner of Warren-st. Naturalized citizens must produce certificates. Important Passport laws and instructions of France issued with each passport. Bounty lands, pensions and extra pay procured.

STEAMBOATS.

TO NEW-HAVEN, FARE ONE DOLLAR, berths free, by ELM CITY, at 3 P. M., from Peck slip. To Hartford, by the GRANITE STATE, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 4 P. M.
On and after Nov. 3, the CHAMPION will leave on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 11 P. M.

FOR BRIDGEPORT.—FARE ONLY 50 CENTS. The steamer BRIDGEPORT leaves Peck-slip, East River, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 10 o'clock, arriving in time to connect with Housatonic, Naugatuck, New-Haven, Hartford and Springfield Railroads. Freight taken.

FOR NORWALK AND ROCKY NECK, LANDING AT WHITE STONE.—The steamer CATILINE leaves Roosevelt-st., Pier No. 29, E.R., every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, at 12 o'clock, noon. Freight taken at low prices.

AMERICAN GUANO.

TO FARMERS AND DEALERS IN GUANO.
There being now on the way to this port, from Jarvis Island, about 5,000 tons of Guano, of which about 3,000 tons are expected to arrive in December, Farmers and Dealers are notified that orders will now be received for this Guano, to be supplied in regular rotation. Address C. S. MARSHALL, President of American Guano Co., No. 66 William-st., New-York.

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
On and after Monday, Nov. 8, 1858, trains will leave 26th-st., New-York, as follows:
8:20 A. M. for White Plains.
9:30 A. M. for Williams Bridge.
10 A. M. Mail Train for Albany.
11:30 A. M. White Plains.
2:30 P. M. Williams Bridge.
3 P. M. Millerton.
4 P. M. Croton Falls.
5 P. M. White Plains.
6:15 P. M. from White and Centre sts.
8:30 P. M. Williams Bridge.
RETURNING WILL LEAVE,
5 A. M. from White Plains.
6:40 A. M. Williams Bridge.
7 A. M. Croton Falls.
7 A. M. Millerton.
7:20 A. M. White Plains.
8:15 A. M. Mail Train for Albany.
10 30 A. M. from Williams Bridge.
12:30 P. M. from White Plains.
3 P. M. from White Plains.
5 P. M. from Williams Bridge.
WM. J. CAMPBELL, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.—ON and after MONDAY Nov. 29, 1858, and until further notice, passenger trains will leave Pier foot of Duane st., as follows, viz.: Dunkirk Express, at 8 A. M., for Dunkirk and principal intermediate stations. Mail West at 9 A. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo and intermediate stations. Rockland Passenger, at 3 P. M., from foot Murray-st., *via* Piermont, for Sufferns and intermediate stations. Way passenger at 3:30 P.M., for Newburg, Port Jervis and intermediate stations. Night Express, at 4:30 P. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo, and principal intermediate stations. Emigrant, at 6 P. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo and intermediate stations. The above trains run daily, Sundays excepted. These Express Trains connect at Elmira with the Elmira and Canandaigua Railroad for Niagara Falls; at Binghamton with the Syracuse and Binghamton Railroad for Syracuse; at Corning, with the Buffalo, New-York and Erie Railroad for Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls; at Great Bend, with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad for Scranton; at Buffalo and Dunkirk, with the Lake Shore Railroad for Cleveland, Cincinnati, Toledo, Detroit, Chicago, &c.
CHAS. MORAN, President.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY —Connecting at New-Hampton with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, and at Easton with the Lehigh Valley Railroad.
FALL ARRANGEMENTS—Commencing Oct. 1, 1858.—Leaves New-York for Easton and intermediate places from Pier No. 2 North River, at 7:30 A. M., 12 M., and at 4 P. M.; for Sommerville, by above trains, at 5 P. M. The above trains connect at Elizabeth with trains on the New-Jersey Railroad, which leave New-York from foot of Courtlandt-st. at 7:30 and 12 M., 4 and 5 P. M.
Passengers for the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad will leave at 7:30 A. M. only; for Lehigh Valley Railroad at 7:30 A. M. and 12 only.
JOHN O. STEARNS, Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—FROM NOV. 29, 1858, Trains will leave Chambers-st. Station as follows: Express Trains, 8 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.; Albany Mail Train, 11:30 A. M.; for Poughkeepsie, 6:45 A. M. and 3:20 P. M.; for Dobb's Ferry, 11:40 A. M., and 3:45 P. M.; for Sing Sing, 5 P. M.; for Peekskill, 6:30 P. M. The Poughkeepsie, Peekskill, Sing Sing, and Dobb's Ferry Trains stop at the Way Stations. Passengers taken at Chambers, Canal, Christopher and 31st sts. Trains for New-York leave Troy at 6:35 and 10:20 A. M., and 5:25 P. M., and Albany about 15 minutes later. On Sundays at 8 P. M. A. F. SMITH, Superintendent.

NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD—FOR PHILA-DELPHIA AND THE SOUTH AND WEST FROM JERSEY CITY—Mail and Express Line. Leave New-York at 8 and 11 A. M., and 4 and 6 P. M.; fare $3. New-Jersey Accommodation, 12 M., fare $2 25. Tickets sold for Cincinnati and West, and for Baltimore, Washington, Norfolk, &c., and through baggage checked to Washington in 8 A. M. and 6 P. M.
J. W. WOODRUFF, Assistant Superintendent.

FLUSHING RAILROAD—LEAVES FULTON Market Wharf, by steamer IOLAS, 6:35, 7:50 and 10 A. M., 1, 4 and 5:30 P. M. The cars leave Flushing at 6:45, 8 and 10 A. M., and 1, 4 and 5:30 P. M., exchanging passengers with the boat at Hunter's Point—through in 50 minutes. Fare 25 cents. WM. N. SMITH, Secretary.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD LEAVES SOUTH Ferry, Brooklyn, at 10 A. M. for Greenport; Syosset 3.30 (on Saturday nights only to Yaphank;) Hempstead 5; Jamaica 6.30 P.M.

MEDICAL.

NO. 70 NASSAU-ST. NO. 70 NASSAU-ST.
DELAYS ARE DANGEROUS.

The bold and dashing soldier who has returned from a successful war, has his brow entwined with the choicest laurels of glory for slaughtering thousands of his fellow beings upon the bloody field of battle; but STEINFELD, No. 70 Nassau-st., is gaining laurels, richly decked with the blessings of thousands, whom his Cognac Bitters have saved from an untimely grave and restored to health, usefulness and happiness.

At this season of the year, when colds and billious complaints are prevalent, a bottle of the Cognac Bitters should always be kept on hand, as not only a remedy, but a sure preventive.

MARTYRS TO DYSPEPSIA
suffer no more. The Cognac Bitters will render your miserable life happy. Dépôt No. 70 Nassau-st., New-York.

COGNAC BITTERS.
For all irregularities of the stomach, the Steinfeld's Cognac Bitters. Dépôt No. 70 Nassau-st., New-York.
BILLIOUS PERSONS
are advised by the faculty to use the Cognac Bitters.
HEALTH TO THE BUSINESS MAN IS WEALTH.
To prevent being prostrated by the weather, take the Cognac Bitters. A hint to the wise is sufficient.
To be obtained at the drug stores, fruit stores and groceries, and at the Dépôt, No. 70 Nassau-st., New-York.
Should the public doubt the efficacy of this celebrated medicine, they can refer to many of the leading physicians, as well as thousands of persons who have used it, with entire satisfaction.
Any number of certificates can be seen at the general Dépôt, No. 70 Nassau-st., New-York.

RICORD'S PRACTICE.

RICORD'S PRACTICE.—C. D. HAMMOND, M. D., pupil of RICORD, of Paris—who is the first Venereal Surgeon living—and of Professors CARNOCHAN and MOTT, of this City, continues the practice of this specialty, at No. 61 Bleecker-st., eighth house east of Broadway, New-York. All complicated disorders of the Sexual System effectually treated, including weaknesses, &c. Consultations in English, French, and by letter. Office hours from 9 to 1, and 5 to 8 in the evening.

TRIESEMAR PROTECTED BY ROYAL Letters-Patent of England, and secured by the Seals of the Ecole de Pharmacie de Paris, and the Imperial College of Medicine, Vienna. TRIESEMAR No. 1 is a remedy for relaxation, spermatorrhea, and exhaustion of the system. TRIESEMAR No. 2 effectually, in the short space of three days, completely and entirely eradicates all traces of those disorders which copaiva and cubebs have so long been thought an antidote for, to the ruin of the health of a vast portion of the population. TRIESEMAR No. 3 is a great Continental remedy for that class of disorders which, unfortunately, the English physician treats with mercury, to the inevitable destruction of the patient's constitution, and which all the sarsaparilla in the world cannot remove. TRIESEMAR Nos. 1, 2 and 3 are alike devoid of taste or smell, and of all nauseating qualities. They may lie on the toilet table without their use being suspected. Sold in tin cases, and divided in separate doses, as administered by Velpeau, Lalleman, Roux, Ricord, &c., &c. Price $3 each, or four cases in one for $9, which saves $3, and in $27 cases. Sold by Dr. H. A. BARROW, No. 157 Prince-st., a few blocks west of Broadway, New-York. Immediately on receipt of the amount, Dr B. will forward the $9 cases of TRIESEMAR, and the large sizes, carriage paid, thus insuring genuine European preparations. The $3 cases also sent, but not free of carriage. Consultations as usual, from 11 A. M. till 2 P. M., and from 4 till 8 P. M., at No. 157 Prince-st., a few blocks west of Broadway.

DR. LARMONT'S PARIS AND LONDON MEDICAL ADVISER AND MARRIAGE GUIDE.— Twentieth edition, nearly 400 pages, 100 electrotyped pictures. Cloth, $1. Sold and mailed also by J. W. Judd, No. 222 Broadway. Among its contents is the anatomy of the sexual organs of the male and female, all their diseases and weaknesses; latest discoveries in reproduction; quacks, their recipes and specifics; the author's unequaled Paris and London treatment of gonorrhœa, gleet, strictures, syphilis, primary and constitutional, emissions, impotency, &c., at No. 82 Mercer-st., corner of Spring, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel, New-York, from 10 A. M. till 9 evening Sundays excepted, unless by appointment. Address letters to Box No. 844 New-York Post-Office.

"We concur with other papers in recommending Dr. Larmont and his work."—Courier des Etats Unis, German Die Reform, Sunday Dispatch, Staats Zeitung, National Democrat, Day Book, Essex Standard, Rahway Advocate, Empire City, Police Gazette, New-York Pick, New-Brunswick Times, Mercury, Atlas, &c.

DR. WATSON HAS, FOR A LONG SERIES of years confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated a vast number of cases with a success which has won for him the confidence of the public. The remedies are mild, and there is no interruption to business. Dr. WATSON receives patients in separate consulting rooms from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M., at No. 459 Broome-st., second block west of Broadway.

Dr. WATSON'S Work, THE CAUSE AND CURE, issued simultaneously in London and New-York, is the only one which clearly explains the nature and mode of treatment of the VENEREAL DISEASE in all its different forms; but treats also in full of SPERMATORRHŒA, the result of early indiscretion, excess, or other causes. Anatomical plates of a superior kind, and drawings of every form of disease. Price $1, post paid. "Dr. WATSON'S Work has been written by a person of great practical knowledge, and we cordially recommend it."—*Medical Journal*. Sold by the Author, as above; also by J. W. JUDD, No. 222 Broadway, and by CHAS. MILLER, No. 436 Broadway, N. Y.

CONSTIPATION (COSTIVENESS) AND Dyspepsia completely cured without medicines, injections or baths, by DAVY'S ERVALENTA CRACKERS, an agreeable and nutritious vegetable food, manufactured from "Warton's Original Genuine Ervalenta." Their effect in speedily restoring the stomach and bowels to the normal condition astonishes all classes of unbelievers. Certificates and references of the most respectable and unanswerable character. Not a particle of a drug or medicine in the composition of these crackers, and their beneficent operation guaranteed as represented, or the purchase money returned. Manufactured and sold only by the subscriber, at his Cracker Bakery, No. 219 Forsyth-st. Price 30 cents per pound. Will keep for years in any climate. None genuine but those stamped "Davy's" ISAAC McGAY, No. 219 Forsyth-st., N. Y.

NO CHARGE UNLESS CURED.—DR. COR-BETT can be consulted with confidence on private diseases, at his old established office, No. 19 Duane-st., opposite Chatham Bank. Dr. C. has practised as above for over 27 years, and has treated with success cases which had been given up and considered incurable by Physicians of respectable standing in the profession. Stricture and nervous debility treated on an entirely new plan. N. B.—Dr. C. is a member of the New-York University and College of Surgeons, London. His diplomas from each of the above institutions may be seen in his office. The victims of misplaced confidence, or those who have been deceived by quack advertisements, nostrums, &c., &c., can call on him with the certainty of being honorably treated. Charges moderate. Hours, 8½ A.M. to 8 P.M.

DR. WARD, NO. 486 BROADWAY—PER-forms the only permanent and satisfactory cure of private diseases. Remember, all who have been lingering, that by consulting Dr. Ward, you may in a few days feel that "Richard is himself again." Sure cure. Dr. Ward's Unfortunate's Friend and other astonishing great remedies, price $1; cure guaranteed. Female diseases successfully treated; his monthly pills, $1 per box, never fail of effect intended. Office, No. 486 Broadway, corner of Broome-st., second floor, perfectly private, and so arranged that patients never meet. Afflicted, call without delay; no charge for consultation. Attendance till 10 P. M., daily.

DR. RALPH, AUTHOR OF THE PRACTI-CAL Private Treatise on venereal, gleet, stricture, weakness, &c., &c. Office No. 52 Bleecker-st., two blocks east of Broadway. Hours 10½ to 2, and 6 till 9 o'clock. Consultation by letter.

FOUR DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE

Arrival of the North Briton at Portland.

Marine Disasters on the English Coast.

Speech of the King of Portugal on the Affair of the Charles et Georges.

LATER FROM INDIA.

Cotton Firm—Breadstuffs Dull—Provisions Lower—Consols 98 1-8.

PORTLAND, Me., Sunday, Nov. 28.

The Canadian Steamship Company's screw steamer *North Briton*, Captain THOMAS JONES, from Liverpool at 4:15 P. M., on Wednesday, the 17th inst., arrived here at 3 o'clock this morning.

The *North Briton* has made the passage in ten days and a half. Her advices are four days later than those by the *Africa* at New-York.

The *North Briton* passed, on the 19th inst., a steamer bound east, supposed to be the *Anglo-Saxon*, from Quebec for Liverpool.

The Cunard steamship *Europa* put into Queenstown, on the 16th inst., for coal, and sailed again, on the morning of the 17th, for Liverpool, where it was expected she would arrive on the 18th. She had on board the crew of the Hamburg schooner *Bertha*, whom she picked up at sea.

No news had been received of the steamship *Indian Empire*, which left Halifax (where she put in for some repairs) for Galway on Oct. 29.

The steamship *Ariel*, from New-York, reached Southampton at noon on the 17th inst.

Heavy easterly gales had prevailed around the English coast, and numerous marine disasters, with loss of life, were reported. The French mail steamer at Dover broke from her moorings and ran over to Boulogne for safety, without the mails and passengers. No American vessels were among the sufferers.

Some anxiety is felt for the safety of the ship *Agincourt*, now one hundred and eighteen days out from Melbourne, with £283,000 sterling, in gold. Five guineas per cent. is asked for insurance on her.

The *Times*, in an editorial on the Atlantic Cable, says:

"Should any improvement take place when the shore-end is added, there are many who profess themselves confident of working through the whole wire for some time to come, at least. Foremost amongst those who express this opinion is Professor HUGHES, whose Printing Telegraph is now extensively used in the United States, and which will also, in the course of a few weeks more, be introduced into Australia, to work the first submarine telegraph in that colony between Tasmania and Melbourne.

Professor HUGHES states that he is confident of being able even now to signal through the Atlantic Cable, and is anxious to conduct all experiments upon the wire at his own expense. The Atlantic Telegraph Company, on the other hand, say they have no disinclination to permit Professor HUGHES to try his skill, yet, strange to say, though both parties are willing, nothing is done. Nevertheless now, however, that the matter is made public, Professor HUGHES may feel bound to press his offer, and the Atlantic Company in fairness and in duty to the shareholders will perhaps see the necessity of at once accepting a liberal proposal; whichever way it results can do them or their cable no manner of injury, but on the other hand may possibly be of immense benefit."

The *Times* then proceeds to explain the Hughes system and its obvious advantages, and says his offer should be decided by actual tests, and the sooner the better.

Parliament had been further prorogued to the 13th of January.

The Prince of Wales started on the 17th instant to visit his sister at the Court of Berlin.

Col. TACHE, Ex-Premier of Canada, had been presented to the Queen and received the honor of Knighthood.

A Commission from the French Ministerial Departments has been named to fix the amount of indemnity from Portugal in the *Charles et Georges* affair. The Paris papers were instructed not to publish any extracts from the King of Portugal's speech on the opening of the Chambers.

Count DE MONTALEMBERT's trial had been postponed until the 24th of November. Mons. BERRYER is the counsel for the defendant.

The official accounts of the hostile proceedings at Tourane had been published, but they merely confirmed the previous statements.

Trade in Paris was more active, but the accounts from the manufacturing districts were less favorable.

The Paris Flour market was without any material change. Wheat was dull, and sales were made with difficulty. Wines had considerably declined, while Brandies had improved in demand, and were rather dearer.

Several Jews had been appointed members of the Council in Algeria, in order to show that France recognises religious equality.

The project started by the British Government in the Ionian Islands, of ceding five of the islands to Greece, had been received with marked disfavor by the French Ministerial journals.

A dispatch dated Paris, Nov. 16, says: "The funds are buoyant and higher to-day. Three per Cents close at 74f. 70c. for money."

The Spanish Government had triumphed in all the second elections.

An earthquake occurred at Seville on the 11th inst. and some buildings were badly damaged.

A Madrid telegraphic dispatch announces that General CONCHA has been nominated President of the Senate.

The Riff pirates had made their submission to the Commandant of the Spanish Possessions on the Coast of Africa.

At the opening of the Portuguese Cortes, the King spoke as follows, on the recent dispute with France:

"Friendly relations have not, since the last session, been interrupted with the nations with whom we are allied. A serious misunderstanding, however, arose between my Government and His Majesty the Emperor of France, in consequence of the capture of the French ship *Charles et Georges*, in the waters of the Mozambique. This question being taken from the field of right in which my Government sought to maintain it, and having exhausted the resources in which the letter of treaties authorized it to have confidence, I was obliged to cede to the preëxaction of the delivery of the vessel and the liberation of her captain. All the documents relating to this deplorable conflict will shortly be laid before you, and, upon their examination, I hope you will approve the proceedings of my Government, and relieve it from the responsibility it was forced to incur."

Earthquakes at St. Ubes and other parts of Portugal had done considerable damage to property.

The Austrian Government had received notification from Russia of its intention to terminate the treaty of commerce made between the two countries in 1846.

The Swiss official paper, the *Budd*, is prohibited from entering the Prussian dominions.

The Bombay mail of the 25th October reached Suez on the 8th inst.

Several scattering encounters with the rebels were reported, but nothing important.

Several actions had been fought near Lucknow, and a large number of the rebels destroyed.

The health of the British troops was very satisfactory.

TANTIA TOPEE had retreated from Esangur, first setting fire to the town, and entered Chindaree on the 9th of October. A portion of his forces was afterwards encountered by General MICHAEL and entirely routed, with the loss of all their guns.

The plan of the campaign which was about to commence shows that Lord CLYDE intended to surround and destroy by a military force the scattered bands of Rebels.

Commercial accounts were favorable. Trade was active at Bombay, and prices had advanced. Exchange, 1s. 11⅛d.

Commercial Intelligence.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

The Liverpool COTTON market had been firm since the departure of the *Africa*. The sales of the three days were 28,000 bales, of which 2,000 were on speculation, and 3,000 for export. Messrs. RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co. say that all qualities had advanced a trifle.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFF MARKET.

Messrs. RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co. quote FLOUR very dull, and nominally unchanged. The quotations are: Western Canal, 20s. 1d.; Philadelphia and Baltimore, 20@21s.; Ohio, 22s.@24s. WHEAT very dull; Red Western, 4s. 6d.@6s. 3d.; White do., 6s.@6s. 3d.; White Southern, 6s. 9d.@7s. CORN very dull, and quotations nominal; Mixed, 28s.; Yellow, 29s.; White, 31s. 6d.@32s. 6d.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.

BEEF was heavy, with a slight decline in all sorts. PORK also heavy at a trifling decline. BACON dull and irregular. LARD heavy, with a slight decline in rates. Sales at 52s. TALLOW firmer.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.

ROSIN steady at 4s.@4s. 2d. for Common. SPIRITS OF TURPENTINE steady at 40s. POT ASHES dull, at 30s.; PEARLS quiet at 32s. 6d. SUGAR quiet. COFFEE and RICE steady.

LONDON MARKETS.

BREADSTUFFS dull but steady. SUGAR quiet but firm. COFFEE steady. TEA firm—Congous 10⅜d.@10¾d. RICE buoyant. TALLOW firm. LINSEED OIL 29s. 3d.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

The money market was dull and the funds flat. CONSOLS closed on Wednesday at 97¾@98 for money, and 98@98⅛ for account. AMERICAN SECURITIES were dull.

LATEST MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, Wednesday, Nov. 17—P. M.

COTTON steady and firm. The sales to-day are estimated at 8,000 bales. BREADSTUFFS are very dull and the sales unimportant. PROVISIONS dull.

There have been no arrivals of vessels from the United States.

LONDON, Wednesday, Nov. 17—P. M.

CONSOLS are at 97⅞@98⅛ for Money and 98⅛ for Account.

BREADSTUFFS steady.

PERSONAL.

A golden wedding anniversary was celebrated at Pawtucket, R. I., a few days since. The host and hostess were Mr. and Mrs. Dexter. An interesting incident of the occasion was the presence of an old printer, Capt. Jones, who "set up" the marriage notice for the couple, fifty years ago, and read it to the guests from the original paper.

Lords Cavendish and Grosvenor, and Mr. Ashley, reported killed by the Sioux Indians on the prairies, have been heard from. Lord Bury writes to the Montreal *Pilot* that the party are safe, pursuing their hunting expedition at the West.

Mr. Albert Smith has returned from China to England, with all the experiences, odds, oddities, and ends, he has been indefatigably engaged in picking up during his short visit.

The library of the late Mr. Dawson Turner, of Great Yarmouth, is to be sold by auction. It is rich in illustrated works, privately printed works, &c.; and the manuscripts include 40,000 autographs.

A telegram received in Paris announces the arrival of the *Euryalus*, with Prince Alfred on board, at Lisbon, on the evening of the 7th November. The Prince was to pay a visit to the King of Portugal.

An effort is being made to restore the monument, erected 16 years ago, in the West Kirkyard at Greenock, over the grave of Burns' Highland Mary, and which is now fast going to decay.

Senator Douglas and wife were in St. Louis last week, on their way to Mississippi and New-Orleans. The Senator will be in Washington about the middle of December.

Mr. Neafie, the tragedian, has been presented with an elaborate guard chain, bearing a figure of Liberty, by his friends in Mobile.

Professor Child, of Harvard, is about to sail for Europe.

Mr. George T. Wood, of Kentucky, has declined the Democratic nomination for Governor.

Mrs. Julia Dean Hayne is playing in Baltimore, after many years' absence.

Bishop Ives is announced to deliver a course of lectures in St. Louis.

[Advertisement.]

MESSRS. CROOK & DUFF'S DINING SALOON.—The Dining Saloon of Messrs. CROOK & DUFF, in the TIMES Buildings, has taken the front rank. It has two entrances, on Park-row and Nassau-street, an unusual advantage, rendering it very convenient of access. The main room is a lofty and spacious apartment, paved with marble and handsomely frescoed in walls and ceiling. The furniture is uniform and elegant, and the accommodations altogether comfortable and inviting. The proprietors bring the results of a long experience to bear upon the conduct of their establishment. They have spared no expense in the fitting up and adornment of their premises, and provide a choice bill of fare for the benefit of their customers. The basement is fitted up with a bar, lunch-room and smoking apartment, furnished with comfortable sofas, and, like the upper saloon, runs through from street to street. The appointments for the toilet occupy a separate apartment, and one arranged upon a liberal scale, with marble basins, costly French mirrors, and all modern conveniences. The culinary department, occupying the whole depth of the building, is arranged upon a plan of extraordinary completeness. Its ranges, bakehouses, washing apparatus, and all the paraphernalia of the *cuisine*, have been constructed upon the most approved principles. The refreshing cleanliness of this part of the establishment, the order which pervades its departments, and the careful oversight which is exercised in its management, are whetters of appetite. It is not every lower region of a dining-saloon that will bear a close inspection. This one courts it. The man who is permitted to examine it, comes away with a vigorous appetite, enjoys his beef-steak with a keen relish, and sips his soup with confidence. CROOK & DUFF are good purveyors, as well as capable managers, and please the palate by a sumptuous array of the "good things of life." They are reaping a deserved reward in the patronage of an excellent class of customers.

[Advertisement.]

TEAS.—The Canton Tea Company have on hand every variety of Teas for Grocers and Tea-dealers and private families. Souchong, Oolong and Young Hyson from 25c. to 40c. Gunpowder and Imperial from 25c. to 60c. All other qualities equally low. Also 3-lb. boxes good Family Tea for $1. Call and examine, at No. 125 Chatham-st., between Pearl and Roosevelt-sts.

[Advertisement.]

PIES THAT ARE PIES.

Among the many wants of this great metropolis nothing is more needed than a reliable pie. Such an article can now be had at No. 90 Third avenue, in all its glory; not one that would make a man howl to look at and blush to look an honest dog in the face, but one that may be eaten with confidence, as thousands are ready to testify. But how can they be sold at so low a price? That's the secret, and nobody's business but the manufacturers. Large sales only for cash. Call or send to Mrs. HOPKINS, No. 90 Third-avenue, and satisfy yourselves.

[Advertisement.]

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT AND PILLS—Are working most wonderful cures. Glandular Swellings that had defied all other treatment are easily softened and removed by the Ointment, while the Pills remove at once the suffocating horrors of Asthma.

[Advertisement.]

FIRST APPEARANCE.—The celebrated Zaristowski Troupe of Juvenile performers, twenty in number, and really distinguished pantomimists and ballet dancers, make their first appearance this afternoon and evening, at Barnum's Museum. They play delightfully.

[Advertisement.]

QUERU'S COD-LIVER OIL JELLY—Approved by the New-York Academy of Medicine—Possesses all the virtues of pure Cod-Liver Oil, and is taken without unpleasant taste. Physicians unacquainted with it, are requested to call at his office and investigate its merits. Office No. 135 Fourth-avenue. PENFOLD, LAY & Co., Wholesale Agents, No. 4 Fletcher-street.

[Advertisement.]

☞ HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-Proof Safes, No. 251 Broadway, corner of Murray-street, opposite City Hall, New-York

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

For Markets see Third Page.

Sales at the Stock Exchange..Nov. 27.

$5,000	United St. 5s,'74	104¼	100	Har. R. R. Pref...	29
2,205	Illinois Int. '60..	91	600	Reading R. R.....	50¼
2,800	Ind. St. 5s.......	92	700	do..........b3	50½
2,000	Virginia 6s.......	97	2400	do..........s30	50
11,000	Missouri State 6s	89⅞	600	do..........	50⅝
5,000	do.........b60	89⅞	200	do..........s10	50⅜
1,000	Min. St. 8 ₩ ct.b.	108¼	200	do..........b60	50⅜
3,000	N. Y. Cen. R. 6s.	90	400	do..........s20	50¼
1,000	E. R. 2d M. bs....	85	175	M. S. & N. I. R. R..	21¼
14,000	Har. R. 2d M. bs..	65	60	do..........	21⅜
4,000	Goshen Branch bs.	74	100	do..........b30	21¼
12,000	La C. & M. L. G. bs.	26⅛	380	M. S. & N. Ia. g. s..	50⅛
5,000	do..........	26	200	do..........s10	50⅛
2,000	Mil. & M. 2d m. bs.	67	25	Panama R. R......	121
3,000	Ha. & St. Jos. R. bs	64¾	150	do..........	120¾
5	Bank of State N. Y.	101½	200	do..........b60	120¾
5	Bank of Commerce.	104⅛	250	Ill. Cen. R. R......	78
50	Am. Exchange Bk.	105	100	do..........s60	77
13	Penn. Coal Ca......	80	300	do..........	77
50	do..........b60	80	650	do..........	76
40	Bank of Repub.....	121	100	do..........	76½
10	Park Bank.........	108¼	5	Clev. C. & Cin. R..	94½
13	Del. & Hud. Ca. Co.	98½	500	Gal. & Chic. R. R. s60	71
100	Pacific M. S. Co....	103	100	do..........	71¼
50	do..........s30.	103	100	do..........	71⅛
100	do..........	103¼	50	do..........b30	71¾
5	Am. Guano Co.....	8½	500	do..........	71¾
2156	N. Y. Cen. R....	82⅝	100	Clev. & Tol. R. R. s10	31
100	do..........s60	82¼	200	do..........	31½
200	do..........s3	82½	200	do..........b60	31½
650	do..........s10	82⅝	550	Chic. & R. Is. R. R.	61½
150	Erie R. R.........	16¾	45	do..........	61⅜
50	do..........s60	16	150	do..........b60	61½
50	Hudson Riv. R. R..	33¼	450	do..........s10	61⅜
60	do..........	33	150	do..........b60	61⅜
100	do..........b60	33	50	do..........s20	61⅛
100	Harlem Railroad.b3	12¼	50	do..........s7	61⅛
150	do..........b3	12			

SECOND BOARD.

$1,000	Tenn. 6s, '90.....	94¼	100	Reading R. R....s30	50½
300,000	Mo. St. 6s...b60	89⅞	300	do..........	50⅜
10,000	La C. & M. l. g. b.	26⅛	300	do..........s10	50½
2,000	Ill. Cent. R. Bds.	91	200	do..........b10	50⅜
27	Ocean Bank........	98	1000	La Crosse & Mil. R.	3¾
20	Commonwealth Bk.	99¼	350	Mich. S. & N. I. R.	21½
50	Cumberland Pref...	50⅞	50	do..........b60	21½
145	N. Y. Cent. R. R....	82⅝	50	do..........s60	21
50	do..........	82⅞	250	Mich. S. & N. I. G. S.	50⅛
5	Erie R. R.........	16¾	200	Panama R. R......	121
100	Hud. Riv. R. R....s60	32⅝	13	Ill. Cent. R. R.....	77
100	do..........s60	32¾	45	Second-av. R. R....	100
100	Har. R. R. P'd.....	29	200	Chi. & R. I. R. R..	61⅛
5	Mich. Cent. R.....	52	200	do..........s30	61⅜
			50	Mil. & Miss. R. R..	12

MONDAY, Nov. 29—A. M.

The Stock Exchange closed steady on Saturday afternoon. As a general remark, the dealings of the week were in favor of the *Bear* account, which profited by the falling off on commission or outside orders at the Board of Brokers. The exceptions were on Tuesday and Wednesday, when the Foreign financial accounts represented an improved state of things on the other side, and our market momentarily responded to the extent of ½@1 ₩ cent. on some of the leading speculative shares. The subsequent accounts by the *Africa*, to the same general tenor, were scarcely noticed, except, perhaps, in the demand for State Stocks. The *short* sales against the market continue to run on New-York Central, Reading and most of the Western roads. In the first-named the sales ahead were quite considerable, and at the close of the week advantage was taken of the temporary suspension of transfers (for the annual election) to add to the contracts in the stock, deliverable after the reopening of the books on the 9th prox. The supply of certificates on the Street, employed for daily settlements between the Brokers, has been running down of late, without any apparent purpose, by the *Bull* account, to render the stock scarce, and the facility for selling ahead is therefore availed of the more freely, now that the transfers are closed. The fluctuations of the week were from 83@84, and back to 82⅞@82½, closing 82⅞ bid for the opening, on 1,000 shares. The dealings in Reading were at lower prices than the closing rate of the previous week, and there was quite a spirited speculation on Saturday at 50 ₩ cent., sellers' option, and 50½@⅝ cash. The Coal commerce of the week over the Road is 42,429 tons, leaving five business days to complete the fiscal year of the Company. The total tonnage of the year will attain about 1,550,000 tons, as against 1,706,000 last season. The deficit through the Summer months threatened a heavier resulting difference at the end of the year, though some friends of the stock then claimed that it might be reduced by the Fall trade to 100,000 or 150,000 tons. The accounts from the Northwest continue unfavorable for the Fall and Winter traffic on most of the Railways, north and west of Chicago, and these have emboldened the speculators against Galena, Rock Island, &c., to press their contracts for lower figures. The Michigan Roads, which are doing a fair trade, have been made to sympathise, and close lower than the previous week. Illinois Central fell 2@3 ₩ cent. on Saturday on the English advices. Most of the Stock being held in that country and the price failing to respond within 10 ₩ cent. of the advance here in October on the resumption of payments by the Company and the dismissal of the assignment, the Stock is pressed on sale here at even lower rates, relatively, than the London quotation. The Construction Bonds also fell off on Saturday, though very few parcels appear on this market. Panama shares continue firm, while Pacific Mail, without being active, (as the disposition of holders is to await the dividend,) receded about ⅞ ₩ cent., but finally closed as on Saturday week, 103½@104; Hudson River shares fluctuated very considerably during the week. At one time the Cash Stock was at 34½, while at the close the *short* sellers made contracts, 60 days, at 32½@⅞; the last bids, 33@33⅛, cash. Harlem Preferred, after bringing 31½, fell off to 29 ₩ cent. Erie rallied on Tuesday to 17⅞ ₩ cent., but returned to 16½@⅝ at the close of the week. In State Stocks there was considerable movement in Missouris at 89⅞ ₩ cent. A contract for $300,000, buyer 60 days, at this price, is registered on the official list of Saturday afternoon. Virginias, Tennessees and Louisianas firm. New York and Ohio scarce and well up in price. Delaware and Hudson closed 98½ ₩ cent.; orders small, as the December dividend is near at hand, and there is some little uncertainty as to the rate. In Railway Bonds the business at the Board is moderate, but prices steady for most descriptions, and firm for Eries and Hudsons. Bank shares firm. The Merchants' half yearly dividend is 3½ ₩ cent. The following is the general

COURSE OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE FOR THE WEEK.

New Loan of U. S.	104¾ int. fm. Jan.
New-York Central	83 @84 @82¾
New-York and Erie	16¾ @17¾ @16⅝
Reading	52⅛ @50⅛ @50⅝
Rock Island	62 @62⅛ @61⅛ @61⅝
Michigan Southern	22⅛ @21⅛ @21¼
Michigan Southern preferred	51⅛ @50⅛ @50⅛
Michigan Central	53⅛ @52⅛ @52⅛
Toledo	32 @31⅛ @31¼
Galena	72 @72⅛ @73 @72
Illinois Central	79⅛ @76 @77
Pacific Mail	103⅛ @103 @103⅛
Panama	120⅝ @121 @121
Missouris	90 @89⅞ @89⅞
Virginias	97⅛ @97⅛
Tennessees	94⅛ @94⅛
La Crosse Bonds	27 @26⅛
Illinois Central Bonds	93 @91
California Sevens	93 @92

The Foreign Trade at this port the past week shows a very moderate movement, both inward and outward. The entries of Foreign Merchandise, including the Dry Goods Table in our last paper, are only $1,433,538, as against $2,751,933 the same week last season. The clearances of Domestic Produce and Miscellaneous Goods, $748,936, against $2,121,551 same week last season. The Specie Export is $209,037. The same week last year (when the English gold received during the panic was being returned,) $1,686,510. The Gold Exchanges with the interior are still in favor of the South, and about $850,000 went to New-Orleans by coast steamer on Saturday, and other sums through the week by express, making up a probable total of a million and a half of dollars. Of this, $676,356 was supplied to Bank from the Sub-Treasury, the balance in that office on Saturday afternoon being $6,786,786, against $7,463,142 at the close of the previous week. The Bank average which stood last Monday, $26,790,815, may therefore show a moderate falling off on the statement to be made up this afternoon, but with another California arrival near at hand, and the English Exchanges still below the point at which it is profitable to export Bullion. The Specie reserve at New-Orleans is up to $13,934,290; being $4,400,000 above the line required for the cash liabilities of the Banks under the Currency Laws of Louisiana. The movement of Cotton during the past week was unusually heavy, and prices have again assumed a very animated and speculative appearance in all the markets, notwithstanding the very heavy receipts to the present date—957,000 bales, against 415,000 last season. The last accounts from Manchester and the wants of our New-England mills, which are nearly all running full time again, have contributed to a movement in prices, which would otherwise seem inconsistent with the Liverpool quotations and the prospects for a crop of full 3,500,000 bales. The advance in this market during the week is equal to ½ cent. ₩ pound. There was no packet for Europe on Saturday, Exchange is therefore quiet; London, 109½@109½ ₩ cent. for bank bills; Paris f.5.18¾@f.5.16¼. The market for Money is quite as easy in supply and moderate in rates as through the previous week. The Brokers, owing to the dullness on the Stock Exchange, are employing less, and the terms made with private lenders for demand loans are 3@3½ ₩ cent.; at Bank, 4 ₩ cent. Prime bills are discounted 4 to 5 ₩ cent., as in date, and fair names 6@7 ₩ cent. Treasury Bills, bearing 4 to 4⅞ ₩ cent. interest, are steadily held by the Banks and Trust Offices, and the New Federal Stock is mostly kept out of market until after the 1st January.

According to the official Custom-house summary, by months, of the Foreign Trade at New-York, which we published early in the month, the import entries for ten months of the calendar year, of foreign dry goods and general merchandise amounted to

amounted to	$126,820,000
Add four weeks in November	9,001,829
Total to date	$135,821,829
Against same time, 1857	208,538,986
Decrease this year to date	$72,717,157

The same tables make the Export of Domestic Produce and Miscellaneous Goods (including foreign articles reexported) for ten months of the

year to Oct. 31	$51,399,000
Add four weeks in November	4,228,081
Total to date	$55,627,081
Against same time, 1857	69,499,478
Decrease this year to date	$13,872,397

The Export of Specie is made by the same

tables, to Oct. 31	$23,631,000
Add four weeks in November	550,236
Total to date	$24,181,236
Against same time, 1857	36,942,092
Decrease this year to date	$12,760,856

The receipts of California Gold and Foreign Specie at this port the 1st November, instant, since Jan. 1, 1858, are:

From California		$31,816,707
Europe, Mexico, &c		2,110,000
Total receipts		$33,926,707
In 1857, to same date:		
From California	$26,726,929	
From abroad	9,183,000	35,909,929
Decrease this season		$1,983,222

The new lights on Bullion and Currency reflected from Clinton Hall have thus far failed to illuminate the public opinion. This should create no disappointment. The field for reform was badly selected. A notion obtains in New-York that our Bank Note currency is well to do in its functions. Our people like it down to its smallest denominations. It creates an interest in the "credit element" of the State, and a pride in the perfect security of its Public Stocks, with the humblest citizen. We do not say that this would be wholly wanting if every man were compelled to carry Gold in his pocket instead, but the belief is unquestionably prevalent that, aside from its occasional office of regulating the exchanges, and its usefulness as a basis of rather than substitute for credit, Gold is intrinsically no better than a great many other good things in the business world. As a commercial agent it is certainly less active, and not half so useful in this State, as the Erie Canal, represented in the Bank Department by our Public Stocks.

We commend our neighbor of the *Journal of Commerce* for appreciating the difficulty of upsetting the popular preference for the Bank Note Currency of New-York through the pamphleteers at Clinton Hall who have undertaken the job. *He* says that it is well known "here and at Albany" that the Country Bankers "control legislation" on the subject. The reformers must, therefore, leave *this* interest out of the programme. It would be sensible, no doubt, to do so; though we are not aware that the Country Bankers have any more control over legislation than they and every other well-regulated business class—all being left by our laws equally free to competition—deserve to have. But it would be quite as well also to let the City Bankers alone. The "Association for the Reform of the Currency," at Clinton Hall, embrace the smallest figment of this interest in their number. A very few worthy Bourbons—fossils of the ancient, close-corporation, *régime*—who can never forget what ALBERT GALLATIN once said, or what GEO. NEWBOLD once was, and will never learn that the first died before our Free System was perfected, or that the other lived to acknowledge its usefulness by reorganizing the Bank of America under it, have joined the conventicle of Bullionists. But aside from these, we are not apprised that a single board of Bank management, out of the fifty-four in this City, desire to trouble the law-making power on the subject. It is no part of their business to do so under existing circumstances, their own dealers being satisfied to lodge $88,000,000 with them, to be banked upon, on the security of their Capital and such proportion of Specie as they deem proper to hold, according to the nature or ordinary run of their deposits and the state of the exchanges.

But it would seem that some busy statistician, drawing his figures from the last quarterly Bank Report, and ciphering on the Clinton-Hall theory that *nothing's good but gold*, has raised the suspicion in our neighbor that the country bankers have a reason to control legislation in their own weakness; in other words, that Brooklyn, Buffalo and Albany have little or no basis; that they and the other country bankers owe the State Treasurer more money than their whole specie reserve, besides owing their dealers $25,000,000 on deposits. This, we confess, would sound alarming if the theory itself were true. But our neighbors across the East River, and at the State capital—some of them esteemed fair sort of bankers, and safe as well as shrewd withal—have only fallen into the "errors" of Sir ROBERT PEEL and the Bank of England. Whether they are to prove "fatal," or not, will depend, we suppose, upon the influence of the new agitation. The complaint of the great London establishment is, that after securing its notes in the Issue Department, as our imitative gentlemen here have done in the Bank Department, it is left, for the rest of its business, to the mere "credit element" of public confidence. Sir ROBERT interposed no limits to its loans, and prescribed no given scale of active employment to its vast deposits. Even the Government is compelled, for the want of a safe place, (like a *Bullion Bank*, for example,) to trust its own deposits to the keeping of the London concern—just as our State officers trust theirs to the Albany banks. The suspicion of weakness, or the implication of a baleful control over all legislation on the Currency, seems to have been left to the discovery of our neighbor and his friends at Clinton Hall.

The following are the Interior Exchange rates and prices for Land Warrants, reported by Messrs. LE HURAY & Co., No. 9 Wall-street, on Saturday:

Banks.	Dis.	Banks.	Dis.
N. Y. State........	¼@ —	Mobile............	par.
New-England.......	¼@ —	Ohio, Ind. and Ky.	⅜@ —
Jersey............	⅛@ —	Indiana Free.....1	@ —
Philadelphia.......	⅛@ —	Missouri..........	⅜@ —
Penn. Country......	⅛@ —	Michigan..........	⅜@ —
Penn. par in Phil.	1⅛@	Illinois and Wis.	¾@ —
Baltimore City.....	⅛@ —	Tennessee Old....1	@ —
Maryland..........	¼@ —	Tennessee Free...1	@ —
Virginia Old.......	⅜@ —	Canada............	⅜@ —
Virginia Free......	⅜@ —	Phila. Checks.....	⅛@ —
North Carolina.....	⅜@ 1	Balt. Checks......1-5	@ —
S. Carolina & Ga.	⅜@ —	Boston Checks.....	⅛@ —
New-Orleans.......	Par		

	Buying	Selling.
160 acres	83	87
120 acres	76	80
80 acres	83	87
40 acres	110	115

The following is the New-Orleans Bank return for Saturday, Nov. 20:

WEEKLY STATEMENT OF THE NEW-ORLEANS BANKS.

BANKS.	LOANS.		SPECIE.	
	Nov. 20.	Nov. 13.	Nov. 20.	Nov. 13.
Citizens' Bank	2,090,226	4,205,710	2,943,189	2,722,101
Canal Bank	1,773,541	1,941,381	992,148	972,723
Louisiana	2,886,509	2,916,693	2,900,895	2,624,788
Louisiana State	3,998,112	4,077,839	3,477,119	3,321,086
Mech. & Trad.	662,007	611,979	563,768	441,218
Bk. of N. Orl'ns	1,397,022	1,373,675	771,399	733,907
Southern Bank	134,829	162,640	510,344	722,475
Union Bank	1,060,778	1,015,634	727,288	590,909
Bank of J. Robb	265,094	260,933	399,180	275,396
Crescent City	910,428	929,329	218,491	301,536
Bank of America	689,736	699,295	430,469	329,458
Total	17,868,282	18,193,911	13,934,290	13,025,597
	Decrease...$325,629		Increase...$908,693	

BANKS.	CIRCULATION.		DEPOSITS.	
	Nov. 20.	Nov. 13.	Nov. 20.	Nov. 13.
Citizens' Bank	2,101,806	2,187,075	5,055,147	4,856,833
Canal Bank	595,435	598,030	1,519,701	1,483,847
Louisiana	696,559	712,509	4,673,089	4,375,323
Louisiana State	1,451,405	1,445,995	5,132,432	4,994,194
Mech. & Traders'	187,220	186,640	975,905	868,116
Bk. of N. Orleans	504,660	431,620	1,239,005	1,225,016
Southern Bank	208,880	214,070	244,396	347,703
Union Bank	552,260	542,145	1,104,611	940,067
Bank of J. Robb	357,640	366,315	540,886	433,492
Crescent City	141,590	136,645	402,191	448,375
Bank of America	193,115	189,840	628,704	555,821
Total	6,990,569	7,010,884	21,516,067	20,528,777
	Increase...$20,315		Increase...$987,290	

BANKS.	EXCHANGE.		DUE DIST BANKS.	
	Nov. 20.	Nov. 13.	Nov. 20.	Nov. 13.
Citizens' Bank	2,099,661	2,052,075	412,508	419,159
Canal Bank	1,839,519	1,645,905	231,005	179,096
Louisiana	1,250,624	1,263,110	804,356	686,686
Louisiana State	947,905	793,288	357,081	434,471
Mech. and Trad.	444,666	510,923	42,331	25,996
B'k of N. Orleans	729,564	743,721	82,484	105,560
Southern Bank	676,411	645,861		
Union Bank	422,970	439,568	185,445	101,756
Bank of J. Robb	305,498	322,810	36,167	27,622
Crescent City	302,640	242,707	21,018	15,615
Bank of America	20,000	15,001		
Total	9,089,458	8,574,969	2,172,335	1,995,961
	Increase...$464,489		Increase...$177,374	

BANKING AND FINANCIAL ADVERTISEMENTS

☞ SIGHT AND TIME BILLS, on all the Southern cities, purchased by DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO. SEPT. 24, 1858.

Real Estate....SATURDAY, Nov. 27.

Mr. LUDLOW reports the sale of the ten lots heretofore noticed on Fifth-avenue, between Eighty-eighth and Eighty-ninth streets, being eight on the avenue and one on each street in the rear, for the sum of $50,000. These lots were bought by ALBERT HORN, last August, of PETER MORRIS for $30,000; resold by him last month to ALMON W. GRISWOLD, Esq., for $35,000; now resold by him to GEO. W. DOUGLASS for $50,000.

Messrs. RAYNOR & BLACKWELL report the sale of six lots on the south side of One Hundred and Twentieth-street, 125 feet east of Ninth-avenue, for $230 per lot; G. W. HELME, seller.

Mr. JOHN McCLAVE reports the sale of three lots on north side of Ninety-ninth-street, about 200 feet west of Eighth-avenue, for $550 each. Sellers, Messrs. HART & WICKER.

We report the sale of the whole front of eight lots on Fifth-avenue, between One Hundred and Second and One Hundred and Third streets, together with eight lots in the rear on One Hundred and Second-street, sixteen in all, for $32,000. Bought by H. H. E.

BUFFALO, Saturday, Nov. 27.

FLOUR in moderate demand, market firm. Sales 700 bbls. at $5 25@$5 50 for good to choice extra Indiana, Michigan, Ohio and Canada; $5 75@$6 for double extras. WHEAT in moderate demand, market firm. Sales 22,000 bushels at 72c.@73c. for Chicago Spring, $1 09 for red Indiana, 85½c. for Milwaukee club, $1 12½ for white Wabash, and $1 20 for prime white Indiana. CORN dull and nominal at 62½c.@63c. BARLEY dull, and held at 60c.@67c. RYE, 67c.@68c. OATS firm at 50c., but only small sales. WHISKY firmer, and held at 21½c.@22c. Dressed HOGS better. Sales at $534 @$6 38. Weather mild, and canal in good order. *Receipts*—7,319 bbls. Flour, 44,544 bushels Wheat, 1,000 bushels Rye, 3,268 bushels Oats, 6,000 bushels Corn.

OSWEGO, Saturday, Nov. 27—6 P. M.

FLOUR market steady, demand moderate for the local and Eastern trade; sales 500 bbls., at $5@$5 75 for good to choice extra Oswego brands, and $6 for double extra Michigan. WHEAT in active milling demand, with sales of 40,000 bushels, at $1 12½@$1 14 for Red Ohio and Indiana; $1 17 for White do.; $1 15 for Red Michigan; 87½c. for Racine Club; 72c.@75c. for Chicago Spring; 80c. for choice do. *Lake Imports*—1,900 bbls. Flour; 3,250 bushels Wheat. *Canal Exports*—4,400 bushels Wheat. Weather milder.

CINCINNATI, Saturday, Nov. 27.

The HOG market was less excited to-day, but closed firm; sales at $6 63@$6 75, for those averaging 200 lbs., and $6 85@$7 for heavy. The receipts of the week add up 71,000, and the receipts, to-day, 15,000. MESS PORK $17 for future delivery,—more buyers than sellers at this price. BACON—Shoulders 6¼c., and Sides 8¼c. LARD firm. WHISKY active at 23c.

NEW-ORLEANS, Saturday, Nov. 27.

COTTON—Sales, to-day, 3,500 bales, at unchanged prices. MESS PORK $17 50. FREIGHTS—Cotton to Liverpool ⅝d., and to Boston ¾c.

CHICAGO, Saturday, Nov. 27—6 P. M.

FLOUR steady. WHEAT—A declining tendency; sales at 58c. CORN dull; sales at 52c. OATS firm. *Shipments to Buffalo*—16,500 bushels Wheat. *Receipts*—600 bbls. Flour; 4,500 bush. Wheat; 4,300 bush. Corn.

MOBILE, Friday, Nov. 26.

COTTON—Sales to-day 3,500 bales, at 11c.@11½c. for Middling. The sales of the week foot up 23,500 bales, and the receipts 23,000 against 17,500 bales. Receipts ahead of last year, 102,600 bales. Stock, 95,000 bales. FREIGHTS—Cotton to Liverpool ⅝d., and to Havre 1¼c. In port nine ships.

CHARLESTON, Friday, Nov. 26.

COTTON—Sales to-day 2,400 bales at an advance of ¼c.@⅜c.; Middling fair, 11⅞c.

SAVANNAH, Friday, Nov. 26.

COTTON—Sales, to-day, 1,150 bales, the market closing firm. The sales of the week foot up 6,100 bales, and the receipts 16,500. Receipts at this port ahead of last year, 100,190; Receipts at all Southern ports, 579,500 bales. Stock, 93,500 bales. Sterling Exchange, 108.

AUGUSTA, Friday, Nov. 26.

COTTON—The market is excited and unsettled—more buyers than sellers. The receipts from the interior towns are rapidly declining.

PHILADELPHIA, Saturday, Nov. 27.

FLOUR depressed. WHEAT dull with a declining tendency. CORN scarce and in demand. WHISKY firm and scarce; Ohio, 25c.

BALTIMORE, Saturday, Nov. 27.

FLOUR firm at $5 12½. GRAIN unchanged. PROVISIONS steady. LARD steady at 10½c.@10¾c. for new. BEEF and PORK unchanged. WHISKY firm at 24½c.@25c.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FOR EUROPE.

NAMES.	LEAVES	FOR	DATE.
Bavaria	New-York	Southampton	Dec. 1
Canada	Boston	Liverpool	Dec. 1
Prince Albert	New-York	Galway	Dec. 2
City of Baltimore	New-York	Liverpool	Dec. 4
Africa	New-York	Liverpool	Dec. 8
Arago	New-York	Havre	Dec. 11
Hammonia	New-York	Southampton	Dec. 15
Europa	Boston	Liverpool	Dec. 15
City of Washing'n	New-York	Liverpool	Dec. 16

FROM EUROPE.

Prince Albert	Galway	New-York	Nov. 11
Arago	Southampton	New-York	Nov. 17
North Briton	Liverpool	Portland	Nov. 17
Hammonia	Southampton	New-York	Nov. 18
Europa	Liverpool	Boston	Nov. 20
Weser	Bremen	New-York	Nov. 20
Edinburg	Glasgow	New York	Nov. 24
City of Washing'n	Liverpool	New-York	Nov. 24
Persia	Liverpool	New-York	Nov. 27

FOR THE PACIFIC COAST.

Washington	New-York	San Juan	Dec. 6
Star of the West	New-York	Aspinwall	Dec. 6
Quaker City	New-Orleans	Minatitlan	Dec. 12

FOR MEXICO.

Tennessee	New-Orleans	Vera Cruz	Dec. 15

FOR HAVANA.

Empire City	New-York	Havana	Dec. 2
Isabel	Charleston	Havana	Dec. 4

Passengers Sailed.

In steamship Augusta, for Savannah—A. Richards, Miss Caruthers, Mr. and Mrs. George Gordon, Henry Fairniss, Miss Ritter, Miss Etherington, Mrs. E. J. Patton and son, W. T. Rockwood, F. Arkwright, W. R. Dodge, Mrs. Chas. Pratt, 2 children and servant, H. Hathaway, Capt. Cook, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Edwards, Miss Jackson, H. J. Castro, Thomas Richardson, D. C. Ambler, D. G. Ambler, Robt. Hutchinson, E. B. Francis, Miss M. C. Smith, Miss Cushing, Mrs. Rollins, Mrs. Wheeler, N. C. Napier, Mr. H. J. Hedges, Mrs. L. Napier, C. J. Moore, S. G. Homan, E. Miller, Chas. H. Storrs, J. R. Snedeker, A. C. Dunham, Jno. Hogan, Mrs. E. Wipple and son, Mrs. S. B. Jeffers, Mrs. Macgregor, R. H. Ludlow and child, Mrs. W. W. Gordon, Miss Gordon, Mrs. Jno. Scudder and son, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Butler, Mrs. S. Robertson, Mr. and Mrs. N. Chapman, daughter and servant, Jos. Ganahl, Mrs. D. K. Dodge, P. Averill, Jno. R. Britton, Peter Van Zile, Henry Stibbs, S. G. Lawton, Mrs. Conklin, Miss A. Ganahl, Miss Tanner, J. A. Weepen, Jas. P. Marden, Mr. and Mrs. F. Brodbacker, Miss F. Barnard, Miss Goodrich, Mrs. Thomas Bond, Miss S. H. Kell, Miss F. M. Barnard, Miss Isabel Oakley, Miss Dummett and servant, Miss Ann Hardee, Miss B. Hardee, Master W. Hardee, R. H. Miller, A. H. Martin, Henry Dater, James Dater, M. Henry, P. Redmond, Mrs. Ells and 2 children, F. A. Hungerford, Mrs. P. Gallagher, Mrs. R. H. Ludlow, Miss E. A. Libby, Miss H. A. Horton, Miss M. E. Scudder, the Rev. Mr. Godfrey, Miss Patton, J. H. Westgate, E. W. Westgate, J. W. Nickerson, Mrs. R. A. Curtis, 2 children and servant, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Rix, 3 children and servant, Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Lockwood, Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Lockwood, J. W. H. Baker, A. R. Gordon, Mr. Sykes, brother and servant, Master R. W. Parker, B. J. Tinkle, Miss M. Jefferson, Miss L. Brown, H. Hansen, W. Korner, and 92 in the steerage.

In steamship Nashville, for Charleston—Miss Read, Mrs. Pritchard and son, Miss Pritchard, Miss E. C. Bernard, Mrs. F. C. Higbey, L. I. Camacho, W. Greene, Mrs. E. C. Corrigan, Miss Butler, Miss E. Phillips, Miss A. Phillips, C. S. Barry and lady, Jas. E. M. Coffin, Fred. G. Gedney, Edw. Howland, Rufus King, U. S. C. S., Miss R. Brickwedel, Miss Mary Walker, Mrs. Ward and 2 children, Mrs. Lowndes, H. W. Phair, B. A. Cot, P. M. Cot, Miss L. Clifford, Mrs. Brown and 2 infants, 2 Misses Ferris, T. H. Leggett and lady, T. A. Coffin and lady, T. Van Pelt, J. D. Smith, Miss Wood, Mrs. Lloyd, G. W. Steffins and lady, Mrs. Mary Dick, A. Curel, Purser Semple, U. S. N., Mrs. T. J. Tobias, 2 children and servant, F. Henricks, Mrs. Ralph Crane, G. Enslie, Mr. Stoddard, Major Warley and lady, Mrs. Megary, Mrs. Dixon, 2 Misses Megary, A. Koller, Robt. Gilmer, Mr. Lapierre, W. M. Evans, W. Cannon, J. Butterworth, Jno. Welch, Robt. Laird, A. Stacey, S. W. Woodland, Jno. Sampson, T. H. Ingraham, W. H. Hedges, G. B. Mitchell, Miss Truman, Miss Gillett, Prof. A. G. Clark, W. C. Forsyth, R. Sill, P. Blush, A. G. Rose and lady, A. Rose, S. V. Kissam, S. R. Henderson, M. H. Corning, Mrs. Guerard and son, Miss E. Rose, Miss L. Rose, Andrew Beers, Mr. Hyman, Mr. Pope, Mrs. Jones, J. F. Stebbins, E. T. Messenger, T. H. Kendrick, B. Burrows, H. A. Leonard, L. M. Williams, A. H. Downing, R. J. Townsend, G. J. Tupper, M. A. Howes, K. S. de Angelis, J. J. Comstock, F. J. Jenkins, F. H. Freeman, Mrs. B. Hopkins, and 191 in the steerage.

In steamship Huntsville, for Savannah—George Wilson and wife, Miss Mary E. Robinson, Miss Lizzie Dudging, Mrs. T. F. Smith and child, J. Saylor, John Schryer, A. T. Thayer, A. Coles, Jos. W. Clift, F. Wyman, B. F. Moses, wife and child, Miss Mary Price, A. M. Sterling, W. H. Holmes and wife, Miss M. J. Howden, Mrs. J. R. Wilder, J. R. Longworthy, wife and 3 children, P. M. Arnett and wife, John Kelley, W. A. Nash, S. W. Raymond, J. R. Hardwick and wife, S. H. Wade, Charles Coulman, J. C. Lay, G. Ranke, Thos. Hilton, A. Thomas, H. Kapps, Frank Ballou, E. K. Martin, Thos. Murphy, Andrew Ten Eyck, Mathew Ten Eyck, L. S. Bradley, and 60 in the steerage.

In steamship Jamestown, for Norfolk, Richmond, &c.—G. Hincken, Edward Cox, J. P. Jones, Lewis Levi, W. A. Wheeler, C. F. McKenzie, Sydney O. Clark, Miss Malone, Jeremiah O'Brien, wife and child, B. Jones, O. H. Jones, E. Sumner, S. E. Ulson, Miss Mordaunt, G. W. White, Miss C. Marsh, Miss Virginia Cutler, Valentine Laman, Miss J. M. Ferris, 4 children and servant, Miss Grimke and servant, Mrs. De Fonteby, 4 children and mother, and 53 in the steerage.

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship Illinois, from Aspinwall—From California—Col. Steptoe, Mrs. Proost, W. B. Comstock, Lieut. H. H. Walker, Major Garnett, Mrs. Nelson, M. L. Kenyon, A. M. Runyon, wife and child, D. S. Turner, C. W. Sherman, F. Kiblin, Volney E. Howard, J. W. Cornwall, E. W. Buell, J. P. Spear, M. Hyneman, S. Hyneman, A. Hanna, Mrs. Swan, P. Malay, Dr. Evans, F. Burmeister and wife, Lieut. Jessup and servant, A. Joann, Lieut. Ihrie, Mrs. R. de Muller, Mrs. F. Dennis, N. T. Templeton, S. Slamper, C. S. Drew, Mrs. McGarrn and 2 children, Miss Boiree, Lieut. J. Mullin, T. Rolemski, S. M. Farmer, M. W. House, J. B. Hale, M. Gore, R. B. Dow and wife, Mrs. Swett, J. M. Easterly, Lieut. Pender, E. Braham and servant, Lieut. Gregg, M. Rogers, S. Burnell and wife, Mrs. A. G. Ball, P. Konski, wife and 2 infants, C. Cornwall, J Kirkpatrick, Mrs. Bookstaver and 2 children, S. Risman, A. M. Church, A. N. Bearse, H. R. Hotchkiss, S. Cook, J. Gridley, Mrs. Campbell, sister and 2 infants, H. Hastings Barry, S. Helmes, J. M. Wilkinson, O. B. Linton, A. Newberger, J. Morrow, J. W. Bush, B. T. Porter, C. W. Hammond, L. W. Alexander, H. Taber, W. Randall, A. G. Bigelow, L. Cohen, J. Frevidick, H. Paradise, Swan, G. Martin, F. Kopp, A. Allen, W. McKinzed, T. S. Chapman, L. Hart, L. Jastrello, J. Sutton, J. L. C. Sherwin, J. T. Hall, F. Wells, T. M. Reed, J. Wilcher, J. Mcgarm, P. Cosgrove, and others in steerage. From Aspinwall—G. B. Slocum, S. Millan, S. Mille, Ran. Runnels, H. Stuckin, M. Ripley, B. Vincent, G. Fernandez, M. Carranya, J. Brant, B. Luce, J. A. Robbins, W. C. Smith, Tom Seabury.

In steamship Marion, from Charleston—Miss J. Pervis, J. B. Carberry, J. B. Ketcham, M. Seckendorf, M. Darcy, E. McMunn, Jas. Purcell.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.... 7 02 | Sun sets..... 4 33 | Moon rises.... 1 09

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook. 2 47 | Gov. Island. 3 36 | Hell Gate..... 4 58

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....SATURDAY, Nov. 27.

Cleared.

Steamships Augusta, Woodhull, Savannah, S. L. Mitchill & Son; Black Warrior, Smith, Havana, Livingston, Crocheron & Co.; Jamestown, Parrish, Norfolk, H. Ludlam; Huntsville, Post, Savannah, H. B. Cromwell & Co.; Nashville, Murray, Charleston, Spofford, Tileston & Co.

Steamers Thos. Swann, Ramsay, Baltimore, H. B. Cromwell & Co.; F. Cadwalader, Colmary, Baltimore.

Ship Far West, Bennett, New Orleans, W. T. Frost.

Barks Roebuck, Simmons, City Point, Reynols & Cushman; Liberty, Shaw, Gibraltar and a market, Draper & Devlin.

Brigs D. Maloney, Steelman, Charleston, Dollner & Potter; Orinoco, Ray, Boston, Yates, Porterfield & Co.

Schooners Hudson, Stocking, Cromwell, J. B. Edwards; Madison, Edds, Salem, master; Rhode Island, Hull, Providence, master; Clotilda, Wright, Lavacca, T. B. Chase; Jas. Jones, Bershire City, C. H. Pierson; F. Burritt, Salyear, Newbern, J. Smith & Co.; J. E. Johnson, Day, Newbern, ——; New-York, Goodsell, Boston, Dayton & Sprague; Ocean Wave, Zeluff, Norfolk, M. Bedell; R. W. Brown, Andrews, Wilmington, McCready, Mott & Co.; H. B. Metcalf, Burton, Havana, H. S. Vining; A. V. Bedell, Ryder, Alexandria, M. Bedell; Arnon, Crosby, Baltimore, Mailler, Lord & Quereau; Lynchburg, Harris, Richmond, C. H. Pierson; C. Keen, Stacy, Attakapas, C. H. Pierson; Statesman, Mott, Alexandria, Safford & Dodge; H. Blackman, Sherman, Georgetown, Carnahan & Goldthwais.

Arrived.

Steamship Marion, Foster, Charleston, with mdse. and passengers to Spofford, Tileston & Co. Thursday, 7:15 P. M., off Body Island, exchanged signals with steamship Alabama, hence for Savannah.

Steamer Pelican, Aldrich, Providence, with mdse. to Isaac Odell.

Steamer Osceola, Smith, Norwich and New-London, with mdse. to E. H. Rockwell.

Bark Mischief, (Br.,) Welch, Turk's Island Nov. 8, with salt to order—vessel to master.

Brig Lady of the Lake, Marshall, Rondout, for Boston.

Brig Financier, Haskell, Rondout, for Boston.

Brig Orinoco, Bray, Rondout, for Boston.

Schr. J. G. Huntington, Lovell, Boston, with mdse. to master.

Schr. Helene, Conklin, Savannah 5 ds., with cotton, &c., to McCready, Mott & Co.

Schr. Wm. Tyson, Weldin, Georgetown, D. C., 4 ds., with flour, &c., to order.

Schr. R. H. Huntley, Hammond, Baltimore 3 ds., coal.

Schr. Mary Elizabeth, Welsh, New-Bedford, in ballast.

Schr. Oregon, Lovell, Boston, for Boston.

WIND—During the day, from N. W.

Arrived....SUNDAY, Nov. 28.

Steamer Boston, Sellew, Philadelphia and Cape May, with mdse. to F. Perkins.

Steamer Petrel, Baker, Providence, with mdse. to Isaac Odell.

Bark Virginia & Estellina, (of Philadelphia,) Wilkins, New-Orleans 19 ds., with sugar and molasses to Cobb, Martin & Co.—vessel to master. 21st inst., lat. 33 26, lon. 76 39, in a heavy gale veering from E. S. E. to W., shipped a heavy sea, which stove part of deck-load, bulwarks, head-rails and knees, and starboard cat-head, bent boystay bolts, and split foresail and foretopsail; she has experienced continued N. W. gales and bad weather for the last 10 days. Sld. in co. with ship St. Peter, of New-York.

Schr. Alexander M., Christie, Jacmel Nov. 7, with coffee and logwood to Brett, Son & Co. Has experienced strong N. W. gales and squally weather since passing Hatteras. 13th inst., off Fortune Island, saw a barkantine ashore to the northward of Fish Cay. 21st inst., lat. 34 10, lon. 75 06, signaled ship "Aquill," stg. E. N. E.; same day, saw a bark stg. E. N. E., showing a red signal, with letter C. in the centre.

Schr. Kate Weston, (of New-Haven,) Ellis, Buenos Ayres Oct. 12, with hides to Reynolds & Cushman. Sld. in co. with bark Vigo for New-York. Oct. 28, lat. 14 50 S., lon. 33 30 W., spoke whaling-bark Clara Bell, Fisher, from Nantucket for N. W. whaling ground, 4 mos. out. The K. W. has experienced very heavy weather—lost sails, &c.

Schr. Gilman D. King, Wooster, Calais 6 ds., with laths to Smith & Boynton.

Schr. Z. A. Paine, Sadler, Eastport 7 ds., with lath and fish to Sturges & Co.

Schr. Decatur Oakes, Thompson, Bridgeport, for Washington, D. C.

Schr. Racer, Bearse, Virginia 3 ds., with wood.

Schr. Brave, Corson, Virginia 3 ds., with wood.

Schr. J. & P. Chase, Kendrick, New-London, ballast.

Schr. J. K. Baker, Baker, Newport, in ballast.

Schr. Shylock, Hawes, Albany, for Boston.

Schr. Mary Farnsworth, Everett, Rockland 3 ds., lime.

Schr. Hickman, Dickinson, Philadelphia, for Norwalk.

Sloop Pointer, Fowler, Providence, with mdse.

WIND—During the day, from E. to N. E., with snow and rain.

Sailed.

Ships Far West, Bennett, New-Orleans; Ocean Monarch, Page, do.; Thornton, Collins, Liverpool; Fanny Forrester, Blish, New-Orleans; Wm. Tapscott, Bell, Mobile; Pomona, Merrihew, do.; Guy Mannering, Dollard, do.; Walter Lord, Perkins, San Francisco, and others.

By Telegraph.

NEWPORT, Nov. 26—Arr. schrs. Benj. Brown, of Warren, Ingraham, Albany, for Providence; Empire, of Egg Harbor, Adams, Dighton, for Philadelphia, (and sld.;) Clive and Virginia, (of Orient,) Racket, Elizabethport, for Pawtucket; Susan Ludwig, Waldron, Elizabethport, of and for Providence; Flying Fish, Estelle, of and from Huntington, to discharge; Exact, Wixon, Providence, of and for Dennis; Sylph, of Brookhaven, Kelley, Elizabethport, for Bristol; Franklin, of Jersey City, Deming, Albany, for Providence; Vestal, of Dennis, ——, Providence, for Harwich; Mary, of New-London, Ferguson, Elizabethport for Fall River. Sloops Addison, Smith, of and from Kingston for Providence. Sld. Brig Northern Belle, Payne, (from Port-au-Prince.) Boston. Schrs. O. K., Raymond, (from Albany,) Providence; Exchange, Halloch, (from Albany,) Somerset; Shade, Linell, (from Norfolk,) Providence; N. B. Borden, Brightman, (from Fall River,) St. Jago, Cuba; Horizon, Hough, (from Albany,) Providence.

In Port—Brig Enoch Pratt, Fall River to New-York; schrs. Leader, Wareham, for New-York; J. M. Baker, of Harwich, from the marine railway; Ninetta, Providence for Saybrook; Hompton Belle, discharged and supposed for Bangor; O. K., from Providence—returned in consequence of head wind. Sloop Reply, discharged and for Southport. And the arrivals of the 25th, except those reported as above. Wind N. W., heavy.

DISASTERS, &c.—Sloop *Henry*, of this port, is ashore in the West Passage, on the Narragansett shore. The vessel had a cargo of about 400 bushels potatoes, loaded, we understand, at Narragansett Pier and destined for Providence. She drifted at her anchors and went ashore in the northeaster of Wednesday morning, 24th, and was in great danger of going to pieces Thursday. The *Henry* is owned by WILLIAM G. CARPENTER and JAMES E. ENNIS, of this City, and commanded by Capt. FRANKLIN THATCHER. Mr. CARPENTER went over yesterday morning to superintend the endeavors to get the vessel off. Schooner *David Mitchell*, (pilot boat,) of New-York, READ, arrived 25th for repairs. On the morning of the 25th, when anchored off Watch Hill, was run into by schooner *Hyderinga*; carried away bulwarks and chain-plates. The schooner's damage was slight.

BOSTON, Nov. 27—Arr. steamer City of New-York, Howes, Philadelphia.

Highland Light, Nov. 27—Passing in, bark Avola, Kendrick, from Charleston, for Boston.

Off Highland Light, Nov. 28—Steamer Albany, from New-York for Boston; R. B. Forbes, with ship Gentoo in tow, from New-York.

NEW-ORLEANS, Nov. 27—Arr. ships Franklin Haven, Boston; Odessa, and New-Hampshire, Havre; Josiah Quincy, Bristol; Armada, Bordeaux.

Miscellaneous.

The following European packet-ships are now lying in the East River, bound to Southern ports to load for Europe, having been drawn from their regular lines in consequence of the low rates of freight—cotton paying but ⅛d.@9-32d., &c.: Ocean Monarch, Page, for New-Orleans; J. L. Begert, Conway, for Savannah; Endymion, Hallett; Pomona, Merrihew; William Tapscott, Bell; and Guy Mannering, Dollard, for Mobile.

MOBILE, Nov. 20.—The steamer Eclipse, from Mobile to Montgomery, struck a snag and sunk on the morning of the 17th a few miles below Cahawba. After stopping the hole, she was raised, and proceeded to Montgomery. The water at one time was about three feet over her deck. Her cargo is badly damaged.

ST. THOMAS, Nov. 5—The Br. brig Arab, of Taliafaro, put in here, having been dismasted in a gale on Oct. 24. The brig War Eagle, of Bangor, fm Philadelphia, will get sail and proceed to Pernambuco.

The ship Atlantic, from Helvoet Sept. 13, and Portsmouth the 20th, was spoken Oct. 2d, in lat. 25, long. 38. She has not been heard from since.

The canal-schr. Mary Elizabeth, from Philadelphia, coal-loaded, lies sunk off Astoria.

Foreign Shipping Intelligence.

[PER NORTH BRITON.]

Arrived from New-York—Sept. 11, Joshua Bates, in the Straits of Sunda; Nov. 1, Lulea, at Vigo; 11th, Dorette, and Union, at Bremen; 13th, Alexandrine, at do.; 14th, C. H. Seaman, at Flushing.

Arrived from Boston—Oct. 4, Mercury, at Calcutta.

Sailed for New-York—Sept. 7, Augustor, from Amoy; 14th, Benefactor, from Foo-chow foo; Leicester, from Batavia; Oct. 1, Champion, from Calcutta; Nov. 15, Henry Clay, from Liverpool.

Sailed for New-Orleans—Nov. 13, Mary & Adelphine, and Eleanor, from Deal; Lady Sale, from Liverpool; 15th, Huntress, from do.; 17th, England, from do.

Sailed for Savannah—Nov. 13, Alexander, and Glencarrig, from Liverpool; 17th, Shandon, from the Clyde.

Sailed for Boston—Oct. 2, Minstrel, from Singapore; 4th, Rose Standish, from do.; 6th, Daniel Sharp, from do.; 7th, Indian, from Calcutta.

Sailed from Gravesend—Nov. 13, Mary Adeline, Watts, New-Orleans.

Moulmein—Put back, Sept. 22, ship Franconia, Nowell, for England, and was disg.

Liverpool—In the river, outward bound, Nov. 17, Star of Peace, Stilphen, for New-Orleans. Sld. 15th; Charles Edward, Wiggin, Cardenas.

Sailed from Penang—Oct. 4, Welkin, Barrett, N. York.

Sailed from Hong Kong—Oct. 24, Young America, Babcock, New-York.

At Bristol—Nov. 14, Venice, Whitmore, for Alexandria, ldg.; W. D. Sewall, Morrison, for Charleston, do.

Entered for loading at Liverpool—Nov. 13, Virginia Ann, Wiley, for Charleston.

Put back to Queenstown—Nov. 12—Brunette, Pinkham, for Barbadoes.

At Rochelle—Nov. 10, Gen. Berry, Davis, and J. C. Nichols, Nichols, for New-York and Boston, ldg.

Sailed from Antwerp—Nov. 13, Lochinvar, Cole, New-Orleans.

Sailed from Texel—Nov. 12, Cairo, Worcester, New-York.

Arrived at Brouwershaven—Nov. 12, Alexandriene, Titcomb, New-York.

Arrived at Venice—Nov. 12, Omega, Morse, and J. J. Palmer, Turner, Richmond, Va.

Sailed—Nov. 12, W. H. Jenkins, from Androssan; 13th, Mary Washington, from Portland.

MEMORANDA.—The Claremont, ashore at Shields, got off Nov. 12. The Krelin was ashore at Hong Kong, Sept. 9.

Foreign Ports.

At Buenos Ayres, Oct. 12, ships Holyoke, Cole, for Calcutta Oct. 14; Peerless, for do. Bark Wilhelmina, Dillingham, from New-York, wtg. Brig Saml. Churchman, for New-York Oct. 31. The barks Z. D., Fairfield, for New-York, and Wm. Schroeder, for Boston, sailed Oct. 3.

At Jacmel, Nov. 7, brig Abbott Lawrence, from and for Boston, disg.; schrs. Lonsdale, Baker, do. do.; Fred. Howell, Larraway, for New-York, to sail 15th; Alma, Snellgrove, do. do. The brig Bird of the Wave, Adams, sld. on the 6th for Boston.

At Turk's Island, Nov. 9, brig ——, for New-York, loading.

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